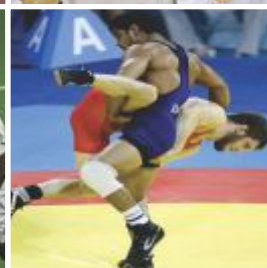


ANNUAL REPORT 2011-12



सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS
NEW DELHI

ANNUAL REPORT 2011-12



**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF YOUTH AFFAIRS & SPORTS
Department of Youth Affairs
Department of Sports**



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ORGANISATION

SECRETARIAT

The Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports is functioning under the overall guidance of Shri Ajay Maken, Minister of State for Youth Affairs & Sports (Independent Charge). The Ministry had been bifurcated into two Departments in April, 2008; Department of Youth Affairs and Department of Sports, each under the independent charge of a Secretary to the Government of India.

There are 3 Joint Secretaries and 2 Joint Secretaries (in-situ) in the Ministry. Joint Secretary (Youth Affairs and Administration) looks after matters concerning Youth development, Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS) and the work relating to General Administration. Joint Secretaries in the Sports Bureau look after the work relating to Sports Authority of India (SAI), Lakshmi Bai National University of Physical Education (LNUPE), various National Sports Federations and Other Sports Schemes like Panchayat Yuva Krida Evam Khel Abhiyan, the Commonwealth Games 2010 etc. The matter relating to Accounts & Audit is under the charge of a Joint Secretary & Financial Adviser who looks after the work of this Ministry, in addition to his duties in the Ministry of Coal.

The Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports has at present a sanctioned strength of 217, comprising 30 Group 'A' posts, 94 Group 'B' posts (37 Gazetted and 57 Non-Gazetted), 93 Group 'C' posts. The Organizational Chart of the Ministry is at **Annex-I**.

FUNCTIONS OF THE MINISTRY

The specific subjects being dealt by the two Departments namely, **Department of Youth Affairs** and **Department of Sports** contained in the Second Schedule of the Order of the Government of India (Allocation of Business) Rules, 1961 are as under: -

A. DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH AFFAIRS

1. Youth Affairs/Youth Policy.
2. Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan.
3. National Reconstruction Corps Scheme
4. Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development.
5. Scheme for assistance to Rural Youth and Sports Clubs.
6. National Commission for Youth
7. National Service Scheme.

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8. Voluntary Youth Organisations including financial assistance to them (Financial Assistance to Youth Organisations for Youth and Adolescents' Development)
 9. National Service Volunteer Scheme
 10. Commonwealth Youth Programme and United Nations Volunteers.
 11. Youth welfare activities, youth festivals, work camp, etc. (National Youth Festival)
 12. Boy-scouts and girl-guides.
 13. Youth Hostels.
 14. National Youth Awards (National Youth Awards and Tenzing Norgay National Adventure Awards).
 15. Residual work of the erstwhile National Discipline Scheme.
 16. Exchange of Youth Delegations with foreign countries.

B. DEPARTMENT OF SPORTS

1. Sports policy.
2. Sports and games.
3. National Welfare Fund for Sportsmen.
4. Netaji Subhas National Institute of Sports.
5. Sports Authority of India.
6. Matters relating to the Indian Olympic Association and national sports federations.
7. Participation of Indian sports teams in tournaments abroad and participation of foreign sports teams in international tournaments in India.
8. National Sports Awards including Arjuna Awards.
9. Sports scholarships.
10. Exchange of sports persons, experts and teams with foreign countries.
11. Sports infrastructure including financial assistance for creation and development of such infrastructure.
12. Financial assistance for coaching, tournaments, equipment, etc.
13. Sports matters relating to union territories.
14. Physical education.

All attached or subordinate offices and autonomous bodies set up by the Ministry concerning any of the subjects specified above.

SUBORDINATE OFFICES/AUTONOMOUS ORGANISATIONS

Department of Youth Affairs

This Department has one subordinate office i.e the National Service Scheme (NSS) and two autonomous organizations viz. Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS), New Delhi; and Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development (RGNIYD)(deemed University since October, 2008) Sriperumbudur, Tamil Nadu.

Department of Sports

This Department comprises:

(A) Sports Division: It looks after the sports activities of the Department except issues relating to Commonwealth Games 2010.

(B) Commonwealth Games-2010 Division: A separate Division was created as per recommendation of Group of Ministers on 25.10.2004 to look after matters relating to preparation of Commonwealth Games 2010.

Following autonomous organizations function under the administrative control of Department of Sports:-

- (i) Sports Authority of India (SAI), New Delhi
- (ii) Lakshmi Bai National University of Physical Education (LNUPE), Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh
- (iii) National Anti-Doping Agency (NADA)
- (iv) National Dope Testing Laboratory (NDTL)

Representation of SC/ST and other Backward Classes

In the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, 50 personnel belong to SC,ST and OBC categories. In Group 'A' posts, 4 officers belong to SC category, 2 officers belong to ST category and 1 officer belong to OBC. In Group 'B' posts, 10 officers belong to SC category, 5 officers to ST category and 3 officials belong to OBC. In Group 'C' posts, 14 officials belong to SC category and 3 officials to SC category and 8 officials to OBC category.

Allocation of Budget

The total budget allocation for the Ministry for 2011-12 was Rs.1121 crore (BE), comprising Rs.1000 crore on the Plan side and Rs.121 crore on the Non-Plan side. RE for 2011-12 is Rs.990 crore comprising of Rs. 884 crore on the Plan side and Rs. 106 crore on Non-Plan side. For the year 2012-13, the total budget estimate is Rs.1152 crore (BE) comprising Rs.1041 crore for Plan and Rs.111 crore for Non-Plan. The details are given at **Annex-II**.

Progressive use of Hindi

The Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports has an Official Language Section comprising sanctioned posts of Dy. Director(O.L.), 01 Sr. Hindi Translator, 03 Junior Hindi Translators and secretarial staff for implementation of the Official Language Act, 1963 and Official Language Rules 1976. An Official Language Implementation Committee (OLIC) has been constituted in the Ministry under the chairmanship of the Joint Secretary (Admn.).

The website of the Ministry has been made bilingual in Hindi and English and it is being updated regularly.

Vigilance Cell

Vigilance Machinery during the period 2011-12 functioned in the Ministry under Joint Secretary (Youth Affairs) designated as the Chief Vigilance Officer, who deals with the vigilance cases. Each autonomous organization and subordinate office in the Ministry has its own independent unit to deal with vigilance cases.

A Vigilance Awareness Week was observed in the Ministry as well as its field organizations from 31st October to 5th November, 2011. A pledge was taken by all the officers and employees of this Ministry. During the week, banners and posters regarding awareness on vigilance were displayed. Competitive Debates and Essay Competition on Ante-Corruption Topics among the officers and employees of this Ministry were organized. At the end of Vigilance Awareness week prizes were distributed to the winners of the Competitive events.

Complaint Committee on Sexual Harassment of Women Employees

In pursuance of the directives of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in their judgment in the case of Vishakha & Others Vs. State of Rajasthan & Others, a Complaint Committee has been constituted under the chairmanship of a lady Director in the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports to look into the complaints of sexual harassment of women employees in the Ministry. No fresh complaint has been received by the Committee during 2010-11.

RIGHT TO INFORMATION AND PUBLIC GRIEVANCES CELL

All applications under Right to Information Act-2005 are received centrally in RTI Cell of this Ministry which is manned by a Section Officer, coordinated by Deputy Secretary. Applications are forwarded to the concerned CPIOs for sending suitable reply to the petitioner within the stipulated time. During this current financial year 532 RTI applications were received and disposed of by the Ministry. Similarly 17 numbers of Appeals received in the Ministry and settled accordingly. In pursuance of the provisions contained in Section 5 (1) of the Right to Information Act, 2005, the Ministry has designated subject wise Public Information Officers at the level of Director/Dy. Secretary and Under Secretary and officer at the level of Directors/Joint Secretaries as Appellate Authorities, under the Act. The details are also posted on the official website of the

Ministry. Similarly all applications on Public Grievances are also received centrally in PG Cell. Deputy Secretary (Admn.) has been nominated as the Public Grievance Officer in the Ministry.

Utilisation Certificate

The details of the year-wise pendency of Utilisation Certificates for the last three years summarized in the statement and a statement showing Grants-in-aid amounting to Rs. One lakh and above released to the NGOs/VOs during 2011-12(up to 16.1.12) under NPYAD Scheme is given at **Annex-III**.

Pending Audit Paras

The details of the pending audit paras/observantions of the CAG of Indian Union Government are given at **Annex-IV**.

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**DEPARTMENT OF
YOUTH AFFAIRS**



YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

Hon'ble Prime Minister of India in his Independence Day speech on 15th August, 2006 called upon all youth to work shoulder to shoulder in bidding a new India of their dreams. He also assured that this country will have great opportunities for full expression of the skills of youth in India.

The population of persons below the age of 35 years in India is about 70 percent of the total population. Within this, the population between the age of 10-19 years is approximately 225 million, the largest ever cohort of young people to make a transition to adulthood. It is this population of young people, which constitutes, for India, a potential demographic dividend, and/or a challenge of mega proportions if not properly addressed and harnessed.



*Hon'ble Minister of State for Youth Affairs & Sports, Independent Charge
addressing the State Ministers' Conference held at New Delhi*



NATIONAL YOUTH POLICY

The National Youth Policy reiterates the commitment of the entire nation to the composite and all-round development of the youth of India so that they are strong of heart and strong of body and mind in successfully accomplishing the challenging tasks of national reconstruction and social changes that lie ahead.

The Department of Youth Affairs is actively reviewing the existing National Youth Policy, 2003. The draft Youth Policy 2011 is built upon ten thrust areas viz., promotion of national values, social harmony and national unity, empowering youth through employment and entrepreneurship opportunities, education – formal and non-formal , health, health-related issues and healthy lifestyle, promoting gender justice and equality, participation in community service, preparing adolescents for facing challenges of life, social justice and action against unhealthy social practices, issues related to environment, its conservation and preservation, and youth and local governance, including support to state-sponsored programmes and schemes. The draft youth policy has been prepared by Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development (RGNIYD) – an apex institution under the Department of Youth Affairs and after extensive consultations with various stake holders. The draft has been circulated by the Department of Youth Affairs to various Ministries/Departments and State Govts. for their comments/suggestions. The draft has also been put on the official website of the Department of Youth Affairs for the public to offer their suggestions.

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NEHRU YUVA KENDRA SANGATHAN (NYKS)

INTRODUCTION

Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS) is an autonomous body of the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports was established in 1972. NYKS has its presence in 501 districts of the country. It has become one of the largest Youth organizations in the world, reaching out to more than 42 lakh non-student rural youth enrolled through over 1.25 lakh village based active youth Clubs.

These Youth Clubs work in the areas like education and training, awareness generation, social harmony development and self-employment, cultural and sports activities, thrift and co-operation, besides development of the body through sports and adventure and mind through sustained exposure to new ideas and development strategies. For implementation of the programmes, every district Nehru Yuva Kendra (NYK) has a trained cadre of District Youth Coordinator, National Youth Corps (NYC) Volunteers and Youth leaders.

THRUST AREAS

The primary thrust is to convert the Youth Clubs to a movement through making this clubs as being the nucleus of youth convergence and empowerment. The district Nehru Yuva Kendras is enrolling the adolescents as members making their presence felt in the executive bodies of the Youth Clubs. The information booklets on schemes of Central Government and State Governments are also being distributed amongst the members of Youth Clubs, Youth Development Centres etc. During 2011-12, 20,000 office bearers of Mentor Youth Clubs in 501 districts are being covered under the Scheme of Mentor Youth Club in order to train and equip them with necessary knowledge and skill to assume the responsibility of the village situation and to act as catalytic agents of socio-economic change and over all development of the village. Moreover, Youth Employability Skills (YES) Project for youths of North East Regions & J & K and Skill up-gradation Training Programme for women in 200 border/tribal/backward districts respectively were also run to enable them to take up self employment activities and through these programmes 23139 youths both male and female were trained through 770 programmes.

NYKS accomplishes its task through two categories of programmes i.e. Regular Programmes and Schemes assigned to it by the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports and in addition to Special programmes undertaken in collaboration with other Ministries and Organizations. Important programmes under these categories are detailed below along with significant achievements during the year 2011-12.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF NEHRU YUVA KENDRA SANGATHAN (NYKS)

During the Year 2011-12 NYKS undertook various important programmes. The Regular programmes along with significant achievements are given in the table below. These programmes include Scheme of Mentor Youth Club, Youth Club Exchange Programme (YCEP), Provision of Sports Materials to Youth Clubs, Work Camps, Skill Up-gradation Training Programme for Women (SUTP), Youth Employability Skill (YES) Project, Skill Development Training Programme under NCVT Scheme, Block & District Folk Cultural Festival, District/State Youth Awards (Individual), Celebration of National and International Days and Weeks, Quarterly Meetings of District Advisory Committee on Youth Programme/State Advisory Committee on Youth Programme (DACYP/SACYP), Documentation, Exhibition for Youth on Handicraft (Yuva Kriti) and State Cultural Festival, Adventure Scheme and Need Based Special Programme.



Launching of Youth Employability Skill Development Project Manipur

I. The details of Regular Programmes / Activities conducted in 501 District NYKs except Skill Up-gradation Training Programme for women during 2011-12 are given below:

Sl. No.	Name of Programme/ Activity	No. of Kendras, States / Projects involved	No. of Participants
1.	Scheme of Mentor Youth Club		
a.	Establishment of Mentor Youth Club	10000 Mentor Youth Clubs are being established in 5000 blocks of 501 district NYKs.	
b.	Capacity Building of Office Bearers of Mentor Youth Clubs	666 Training Programmes	20000 Office Bearers of 10000 Mentor Youth Clubs are being trained.
2.	Youth Club Exchange Programme (YCEP)	251 Programmes	5020 Members of Youth Clubs of participating 250 district NYKs are visiting important places including historical sites, tourist spots, academic, scientific and technological establishments of host 251 district NYKs
3.	Work Camps	981 Camps	29430 youth participated.
4.	Youth Employable Skills (YES) Project	06 Training Programme	164 Youths of Manipur and Meghalaya undergone three months Training in Rural Retail Sales & Marketing. Out of them 118 has got placement till date.
5.	Skill up gradation Training Programme for Women in 100 Border/Tribal/ Backward Districts	In 200 Border/Tribal/ Backward Districts, 1245 Skill Up-gradation training programmes were organized.	38138 women participated.
6.	Skill Development Training Programme under NCVT Scheme	620 training programmes	
7.	Provision of Sports Material for Youth Clubs	To provide basic sports material to youth clubs for undertaking sports activities and to popularize sports.	A total no. of 24695 youth clubs were provided sports material.

8.	Block & District Folk Cultural Festival.	2122 programmes	636600 youth participated.
9.	District/State Youth Awards (Individual).	District Youth Award comprises of a certificate and Rs.5000/-. State Youth Awards also comprise of a certificate and Rs.15, 000/- .	Each NYK confers 2 awards (1 male and 1 female) 1002 Youth Awards were given at District Level and 70 Youth Awards at the State Level.
10.	Celebration of National and International Days and Weeks	3335 programmes	667000 youth participated.
11.	District Youth Convention	268 conventions	107200youth participated.
12.	Quarterly Meetings of District Advisory Committee on Youth Programme (DACYP).	To be in constant touch with district administration, district authorities, eminent social workers and youth leaders, quarterly meetings are organized.	666 meetings of DACYP were organized.
13.	Documentation	For the purpose of compiling all programmes and activities undertaken by NYKS.	An amount of Rs.5000/- was provided to the 501 districts NYKs and Rs.20,000/- to each 28 zones.
14.	Exhibition for Youth on Handicraft (Yuva Kriti) and State Cultural Festival.	Yuva Kriti is a regular feature of National Youth Festival to provide a platform to the young artisans who have been trained through NYKs Skill up gradation Programme.	Zonal Offices are conducting 01 Yuva Kriti and State Cultural Festival in the State Capital.

I. Special Programme under-taken in Collaboration with Ministries and other Organization

In addition to above mentioned Regular Programmes, the NYKS during the year 2011-12 also undertook various Special Programmes in collaboration with other Ministries and organizations. Details of these programmes are as under :

Sl. No	Name of Programme/ Activity	No. of Kendras, States / Projects involved	No. of Participants
1.	National Integration Camps - supported by Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports under NPYAD Scheme	Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports approved 228 National Integration Camps for 228 Districts of the country for the current financial year (2011-12) Out of the total sanctioned NICs, 74 have been organized	11100 Youth Were benefited through these NICs and 23100 will be benefited by the end of this financial year.
2.	National Youth Corps-Scheme of Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports	The Basic objective of NYC scheme is to set a group of disciplined and dedicated youth who have the inclination and spirit to engage in the task of nation building. Scheme is implemented in all 624 District of the country.	11989 NYC were deployed/ extended during the current financial year
3.	Youth Initiative for Publicity of Message of Development and Peace in Manipur supported by North East Development Council (NEDC), Ministry of Home Affairs	The basic objective of the project was to make aware Youth about the various developmental scheme and programmes implemented by Central Government and State Government. Under the project following activities were organized: 1) Workshop 2) 4 days NYC Training 3) District Level Youth Leaders Convention 4) Resource Mapping in 1940 villages 5) 34 Block Level Livelihood Generation Training 6) 70 Cluster Level Training 7) 126 school and collage level programme	34188 Youth of 2748 Villages of 9 Districts of Manipur got benefited through this project
4.	District Level Capacity Building Workshop under Nirmal Bihar Total Sanitation Awareness Campaign 2011	5 District level workshop in Samastipur, Sitamarhi, Jehanabad, Motihari and Jamui of Bihar	275
5.	Organization of various programmes/activities for Population Stabilization with special reference to 7 High Focus States - supported by Jansankhya Sthirata Khosh	One National workshop was organized at Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi on Youth for Population Stabilization on 11 th July, 2011. In addition to above awareness programmes on population Stabilization were also organized in seven focus States i.e. Orissa, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Rajsthan, Madhya Pradesh and Chhattisgarh.	1000 Youth Participated in the national workshop held at Delhi. Youth of 96 blocks of 21 Selected districts of 7 focus States were also benefited through awareness programmes.

6.	Data Base of Youth Clubs	<p>A nation wide Youth Club mapping exercise for Survey of all Youth Clubs was undertaken by NYKS with Help of 12000 NYC volunteers and NYKS officials during the 2010-11 spanning over a period of seven months. The exercise was spread over almost 3 lakh villages. The Updation and Validation of Data of Youth Clubs of 501 districts have been completed during the 2011-12 with certification of validation and updation of Youth Club data by the concern YC and ZD. NYKS and a comprehensive Data Base of 2.51 lakh Youth which includes 1.05 lakh active youth club having a total membership of 42.71 lakh have been established. The Youth Club data is available on web site www.nyks.org</p>	
7.	Awareness and Education for the Prevention of Drug Abuse and Alcoholism in the State of Punjab and Manipur - Supported by Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment	<p>The project is covering 3000 villages under 75 Blocks of 10 Districts in the State of Punjab and 750 villages under 25 Block in 7 District of Manipur</p>	<p>Under the project, training of all project functionaries which included 2 State Project Officers, 17 District Project Officers, 17 District Youth Coordinator, 125 National Youth Corps Volunteers and 38,289 Youth Leaders have been completed. One day district level conventions have also been completed in 17 districts in which 3741 participated. Under Social and mass education activities, personal contact and peer education programme 3,07,966 youth were covered.</p> <p>A total of 116 VIPs which included Hon ble Minister, MP and MLA and Govt. officer attended the programmes of the project.</p>

8.	Capacity Building and Awareness Generation of Workers under MGNREGA by NYKS supported by Ministry of Rural Development	Project is aim to develop the capacity Building of NYKS Youth Club at village and involving them in the implementation of creating awareness among workers/ households about their rights , privileges and provision under MGNREGA. The project covers 10 States 200 districts, 2000 Blocks & 80,000 villages.	Under the project 193 DACYP meeting, 185 District Level Convention, 1715 Block Level Orientation , Training of 170 NYC and survey work of in 46795 villages were organized.
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1. N.E. Youth Festival
2. National Youth Festival
3. J& K Youth Festival
4. Same earth programme
5. Tribal Youth Exchange

I. Scheme being implemented in collaboration with International Bodies

NYKS in collaboration with United Nations Fund for Population Activities implemented the project of “Adolescent Health and Development” in 10 districts of Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa and Rajasthan. A total of 2464 youth/adolescent were benefited through the project activities.

YOUTH EMPLOYABILITY SKILL (YES) PROJECT:

Hon'ble Minister, Youth Affairs and Sports on 4th April, 2011 has launched a new Employability Skill (YES) Project on 4th April, 2011 in Imphal, Manipur pilot basis to impart training in employable skills to unemployed youth.

Keeping in view the fact that more than 70% of our people are below the age of 35 and collating this impressive data with the figures of under and unemployability based on thorough skill gap analysis, the Ministry has in collaboration with the NATIONAL Skill development Council and the National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) started the Youth Employability Skill (YES) Project. The pilot project which was started in two districts of the North East with 200 Youth volunteers was unprecedented success with more than 150 of them getting suitably employed across the country. While 1000 youth volunteers across 58 districts of 8 states in the North East have been trained so far, the aim is to train 8000 youth during the coming year in the North East.

1. National Integration Camps (NICs)

During the current financial year (2011-12) the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports sanctioned 28 State level and 200 District level (228 camps in total) National Integration Camps to as many Nehru Yuva Kendras across the country. The objectives of the NIC are to bring youth from different parts of the country on common platform; give them opportunity to understand cultural heritage of the country; enable them to recognize threads of unity in diversity which bind every Indian together. Efforts are made to instill and develop in youth the feeling of brotherhood and fraternity.

The set objectives are met through a host of activities viz. cultural programmes, work camps, visit to historical places, family placements, all religions discourses and interactions with messages of communal harmony, oneness and brotherhood. Besides these, key issues such as Youth Concern, Democracy, Environment protection, Human rights, Constitutional rights and duties, and Development have been identified for presentation, discussion and sharing during each of the NICs and are integrated into their activities. Out of the total sanctioned NICs, NYKS has organised 222 NICs (28 State level and 194 District level NICs) with participation of 33300 youth from all the Districts of the country.

2. 17th National Youth Festival, 2012, Mangalore, Karnataka

The 17th National Youth Festival 2012 was inaugurated at Mangala Stadium on 12th January 2012 as colourful mega event. During the inaugural function Shri Ajay Maken, Hon'ble Union Minister of State, Independent Charge, Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, Govt. of India stressed that Youth Festival is the best platform for the Youth to learn from others and sharing thoughts. “ Youth are the future leaders, they should know their country well” he said highlighting the benefits of such Youth Festivals.

During the NYF 2012 Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan organised the major activities viz. Food Festival, Yuva Kriti, Young Artist Camp and Adventure which attracted huge crowd at different venues viz Karavali Ustav Crowd, Police Crowd, Kadri Park and Nehru Maidan etc. Prizes and certificates were given to the award winners. As a part of National youth Festival the non competitive events and martial arts organised by Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan drew huge crowds and high applause from the locals. In the cultural evening programmes of the National Youth Festival, Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan organised Cultural performance of Dr. Palash Sen, named EUPHORIA which drew huge crowd and applause.

The Competitive events viz . Folk Dance, Folk Song, one Act Play (English & Hindi), Classical Vocal Solo (Hindustani and Carnatic), Elocution (Extempore), Harmonium (Light), Classical instrumental Solo (Sitar , Flute, Tabla, Veena and Mridangam), Instrumental - Guitar, Classical Dance (Manipuri, Odissi, Bharat Natyam, Kathak and Kuchipudi) were successfully managed with professionalism and with dedication by experienced officers of NYKS.

Besides above, a four page colour newsletter 'Nehru Yuva Sandesh' was brought out daily for 5 days by Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan which covered details of programmes and activities of National Youth Festival, 2012. For wide media coverage and publicity of the festival, Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan displayed banners and cut outs at important places including airport, railway station, and at the venues of the various events of the National Youth Festival, 2012. Big LCD screens were installed and video clippings on every day programmes and activities of National Youth Festival were displayed .

Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan officials also facilitated the process of distribution of prizes and certificates to the winners of competitive events in the concluding function. Colourful cultural performances were given by prize winner teams at the concluding function of the National Youth Festival.

3. Kashmir Youth Festival

Kashmir Youth Festival was yet another effort of NYKS in association with NSS to create conducive environment for the youth of Kashmir for playing a positive role and realize their inherent talents. Kashmir Youth Festival was organized in 18-19 October 2011 for 2 days. Total number of Participants were 500 out of which 150 participants were from NSS & rest 350 were from different NYKS. It provided a platform to these budding youth to exhibit their creativity and talent. A number of competitions and talks were organized by eminent personalities.

Shri Ajay Maken, Union Minister for Youth Affairs & Sports, Jenab Omar Abdullah, Hon'ble Chief Minister, J&K, Er. R S Chib, Minister for Youth Services & Sports, Medical & Technical Education spoke at large to over 600 youth present at the Inauguration Function held at SKICC, Srinagar. Others who interacted with Kashmiri youth were Prof. Radha Kumar, Interlocutor, Ms. Shabana Azmi, Cine Artist eminent Social Worker and other speakers were from the field of Media Education and social work.

4. My Earth My Duty Campaign

In order to observe Dharti Parv/ Earth Festival, in collaboration with Zee News, Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan has launched My Earth My Duty Campaign during 2010-11 and 2011-12. During this Campaign, District Youth Coordinators had made environment building in their districts by briefing to media, contacting youth clubs and motivating them for participate in such a big and important campaign. They organized informal meetings also with youth club members, panchayat leaders for making this campaign successful. The campaign was carried out on voluntary basis and by mobilizing local resources.

In order to inform the people about the festival celebration, the campaign was launched in selected 11 cities in the month of August and September, 2010 & 2011. Shri Ajay Maken, Hon'ble Minister of State (I/C) for Youth Affairs & Sports has inaugurated this festival at Leh (J&K) on 12th of September, 2011. Seminars, Cultural, Exhibitions, Pledge, Rallies, etc. were the main activities during the launching functions.

The objective of the campaign is to sensitize and encourage society to take concrete action towards mitigating the effects of climate change, to bring about behavioural change to fight the hazards of the climate-change and environmental degradation and also to motivate people about simple steps which they can take in their routine life as a duty to save earth.

Under this campaign, NYKS had planted a record number **6795957** (2010-11 : 3889227 & 2011-12: 2906730) of saplings of different species during Sadbhavna celebration across the country through its network of village based youth clubs.

5. North East Youth Festival

2nd North East Youth Festival 2011 was held from 7th to 9th April, 2011 at J.N Sports Complex, Shillong, Meghalaya. Festival was inaugurated by Shri Ajay Maken, Ho'ble Union Minister of State (IC) on 7th April, 2011. Sh. B.M. Lonong, Honourable Deputy Chief Minister of Meghalaya who is also Minister incharge of Youth Affairs and Sports, Meghalaya was the guest of honour.

The festival was three days event and total 695 Youth Participant from eight north Eastern states including NSS volunteers and 132 crafts ment and 78 participants for food stall from rest of the country took part in the mega even of its kind in the North East.



6. Tribal Youth Exchange Programme

The 4th Tribal Youth Exchange Programme funded by Ministry of Home Affairs was held at Two places namely at Bangalore (Karnataka) from 28th February to 5th March 2012 and at Kolkatta from 6th to 12th March 2012. At Bangalore, out of the total number of 370 Tribal Youths participating in the programme from 15 Districts of 7 states, 252 were male and 115 were female. Similarly, at Kolkatta out of the 392 Tribal Youths who participated in the programme, 277 were male and 115 were female belonging to 17 Districts of 08 states. The Tribal Youths were invited from 34 Naxal Affected Districts across 09 states viz. Bihar, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh, U.P., Chhattisgarh, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. During the seven days programme, the participants got the opportunity to meet and interact with several high level dignitaries, social workers and officials along with visit to several important places of tourist and historical interest.

The objective of the programme was to introduce Tribal Youth with the main stream developmental activities undertaken by Central Government for Tribal Development and promotion of values of peace and harmony.

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NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME (NSS)

National Service Scheme & it's Spread.

- 1.1 National Service Scheme, under the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports Govt. of India, popularly known as NSS was launched in Gandhiji's Birth Centenary Year 1969, in 37 Universities involving 40,000 students with primary focus on the development of personality of students through community service. Today, NSS has more than 3.2 million student volunteers on its roll spread over 298 Universities and 42 (+2) Senior Secondary Councils and Directorate of Vocational Education all over the country. From its inception, more than 3.75 crores students from Universities, Colleges and Institutions of higher learning have benefited from the NSS activities, as student volunteers.
- 1.2 Under NSS, 32 lakh volunteers have enrolled themselves in **15,109** Colleges / Technical institutions and **8,174** Sr Secondary Schools to carry out development activities in **26,202** villages/urban slums which have been adopted for this purpose.
- 1.3 The NSS volunteers undertake two types of activities
 - (i) Regular Activities and
 - (ii) Special Camping Programmes.
- 1.3.1 During the Regular activities they devote 120 hours per year for two consecutive years which includes 20 hours of general orientation regarding NSS and the mode of work they have to do in their volunteership. After completion of the tenure the volunteers are given certificates by the universities and +2 councils.
- 1.3.2 To familiarize the student volunteers of NSS to the community, a golden opportunity in the form of Special Camp for 7 days is provided to all the volunteers during their tenure. These camps are residential and organized in the community based on specific themes.
 - 1.3.2.1. Last year the camps were organized on the following themes.
 1. Environment including preservation of natural resources and conservation of cultural/historical heritage;
 2. Health, public sanitation and personal hygiene ;
 3. Rural development including project identification, programme formulation, implementation and evaluation;
 4. Education and literacy including legal awareness; and

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5. Emergency interventions including trauma care, initial counseling and data collection.

In this regard, all the field establishments were advised to choose one of the above five core areas for each university

- 2.1.1 It has been a long journey in programme development for the student youth. NSS is a value based volunteer programme, which has always remained closed to the living issues affecting Indian Society.
- 2.1.2 NSS, over the years has made various constructive endeavours in the field of Mass Literacy, Environment Preservation, Health Education, Community Development, Disaster Management, Adolescent Health Developments HIV/ AIDS Awareness, Drive against Social Evils, etc. NSS volunteers have always come to the forefront to extend voluntary service in natural calamities like Drought, Flood, Cyclone and Earthquake.
- 3.1.1 This programme is jointly funded by Union and State Governments at the ratio of 7:5 in all States except North East Region, Sikkim and hilly terrains where the ratio is 3:1. In J&K and all the Union Territories, the programme is 100% funded by Government of India. Expenses pertaining to administration, training, research, orientation, evaluation and publications regarding the NSS activities are being borne fully by the Union Government. At State level State NSS Cells established by Central Government with full financial support to look after the inter-departmental coordination for smooth implementation of the programme at the State level. The expense for regular activities is Rs. 250/- per volunteer and Rs.450/- per volunteer for Special Camping Programme
- 3.1.2 At National level the policy and programmes are developed by the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports. The National Service Scheme organization, a subordinate office of the Ministry monitors the activities through the National Headquarters named as Programme Adviser's Cell situated at Delhi and 15 Regional Centres situated at Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneswar, Chandigarh, Chennai, Delhi, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kolkata, Lucknow, Patna, Pune and Trivandrum.
- 3.1.3 To train the NSS Programme Officers and equipped them with the modern skills of social development 13 empanelled Training Institutions (ETIs) are identified for imparting training to the NSS Programme Officers across the country at the expense of Govt. of India. These institutes run courses to train the NSS programme officers who are the real field functionaries associated with the volunteers.
- 3.2 In the year 2011-12 **32.25 lakh** volunteers were enrolled all over the country for Regular activities in **27,129** adopted villages / slums, **18,006** Special Camps were organized for overall development of the adopted villages.

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- 3.3 In the last years the NSS volunteers contributed a lot for the community and the social development which reflects their concern towards the national growth and development.
- 3.3.1 More than **37,06,075** saplings were planted through out the Nation by the NSS volunteers under the regular activities for environment conservation project and enrichment. They have undertaken some innovative projects like avenue plantation, plant identification and conducted a large number of plantation camps during the VAN MAHOTSAVA week.
- 3.3.2 Blood is a vital component of human body which can only be replaced by blood at emergencies. Keeping this in mind the NSS volunteers enroll themselves as potential blood donors and donate blood as and when required by the community members. Apart from this regular blood donation camps, the national voluntary blood donation day was observed through out the country. In this regard , last year **23,705** blood donation Camps were organized by NSS Units and **2,27,466** units of blood were donated.
- 3.3.3 The volunteers helped the local administration and health department for implementation of pulse polio immunization programme in which more than **25,53,338** children were administered pulse polio drops.
- 3.3.4 NSS Volunteers extended immediate help to the families of victims of earthquake in Sikkim in the month of September, 2011. Earlier they have also shown their concern towards the victims of Aila cyclone in the Sundarbans in West Bengal. They worked day and night in relief operation and also rehabilitation work.



NSS Contingent participating in the Republic Day Parade, 2012

4. New Initiatives in NSS

4.1 **Mega-Summer Camp** : A Mega-Summer Camp of 400 NSS student volunteers has been introduced, for a 12 days' duration. Two Mega camps were organized in the year 2011-12 from 18 to 29 June, 2011 at Lonavala (Maharashtra) and during the NSS Foundation Day from 13 to 24 November, 2011 at New Delhi respectively.

4.2 **Rajiv Gandhi Adventure Scheme** : With a view to promote adventure activities among student youth, Rajiv Gandhi Adventure Scheme has been introduced by the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports. These activities are to be conducted all over the country from Himalayan Region in the North and to Kunnoor and Thekkadi in South India; on a yearly basis for 2000 NSS Volunteers. This year 2000 NSS Volunteers and 200 NSS Programme Officers participated in the Adventure Training Programme in 100 batches. So far 5000 NSS Volunteers and 500 NSS Programme have been benefited in adventure trainings at various Training Institutes of mountaineering and allied sports. In a separate Special Adventure Programme, the selected **300** NSS volunteers who volunteered during the Commonwealth Games were sent to various adventure training courses at Manali, Dharmshala (Himachal Pradesh) and Desert Safari, Jaisalmer (Rajasthan).

4.3 **Youth to the Edge Scheme**: A new scheme “**Youth to the Edge**” to promote the adventure activities in the north eastern states of India, the Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region (DONER) in collaboration with Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, National Service Scheme was launched at the premises of Indian Mountaineering Foundation (IMF), New Delhi on 30th January, 2012 by Shri Paban Singh Ghatowar, Hon'ble Minister of Development of North Eastern Region. Under the scheme, 2000 NSS volunteers from across the country will visit Assam, Arunachal Pradesh and Nagaland for adventure training Programmes. This will promote the eco-friendly tourism in the unexplored areas of North Eastern region and will also promote the study of fauna and flora.

4.4 Self Financing Units

To bring more students to the fold of NSS, self financing units are started in the institutions. These units work as per the existing guidelines of NSS and their volunteers get all the benefits of other programmes conducted by the Ministry. Till now 1,072 Self Financing Units are established in the country.

4.5 Skill Development Training for NSS Volunteers.

NSS volunteers will be provided Skill development training during their volunteership, so that they are equipped with some type of technical know-how of a skill of their choice, which will help them in getting gainful employment. Initially, the project has been envisaged to be launched on pilot basis in some of the selected universities and institutions.

4.6 Voter-awareness campaign.

With the support of Election Commission of India, Zee News initiated an awareness drive “Aapka Vote Aapki Taquat” involving NSS volunteers to generate awareness and encouraging and educating the citizens to vote intelligently. NSS has initiated an attempt to reach out maximum number of voters to cast their votes in the elections. They are also encouraged to get their voter identity cards prepared. The NSS volunteers will also involved in sensitization of civil society actions including ethical voting and to develop strategies for high turn-out during polling process by using the vast reservoir. This awareness programme by NSS volunteers has shown positive results during recent assembly elections held in various States, where the voting percentage has been enhanced drastically.

5. Republic Day Parade Camp- 2012

5.1 NSS volunteers participate in the Republic Day Parade on Rajpath every year. The first Republic Day Camp of NSS Volunteers in 1988 Right from the beginning, these Republic Day Parade Camps have been proved a boon for the personality development of student youth of the country.

5.2 **How is the process of Selection of volunteers:** The contingent of RD Parade is selected from the Pre Republic Day Parade Camps that are organised at Zonal level. 200 volunteers of each zone take part in these camps for 10 days duration. In these camps the volunteers are imparted training on parade and other youth development programmes. The volunteers are imparted training in leadership development and parade apart from organising various socio-cultural programmes.

5.3 **RD Camp in Delhi** The day in R.D. Camp begins in early morning from 6 AM and extends up to 10 PM. It includes Morning Assembly, Shramdan, Yoga, Physical Training, The participation in Republic Day Parade on 26th January is considered as a matter of great pride for the student youth. It is also treated as recognition of the selfless community service rendered by the NSS volunteers throughout the country. Academic sessions are organised in the R.D. Camp in collaboration with our knowledge partners e.g. TERI, SPICMACY. These sessions comprises of lectures by eminent personalities. It provides an opportunity to the volunteers to think globally.

NSS Contingent participated in the Republic Day Parade, 2012 at Raj Path, New Delhi. The prestigious NSS Republic Day Parade Camp was held at the Sports Hostel, Jawahar Lal Nehru Stadium, New Delhi from 1-31 January, 2012. Selected 200 NSS Volunteers participated in the camp. During the month-long camp, the NSS volunteers were provided opportunities to interact with eminent personalities and also various literary programmes

and competitions were conducted. They were also taken to various places of historical importance in and around Delhi and also to the Taj Mahal.

- 5.4 The R.D.Camp brings a MINI INDIA to the nation's capital from 1st-31st January every year. It provides ample opportunities to the NSS volunteers not only to interact among themselves but also to learn and know the tradition, custom, culture, language of one state to another. These volunteers, after a month long together stay in the camp, become able to present them in the better way and constitute of bond of patriotism, national integration, brotherhood, communal harmony which is the ultimate goal of the camp.

6. YOUTH FESTIVALS

NSS Contingent regularly participates in the National Youth Festivals since the inception the first National Youth Festival in 1999. So far NSS has participated in 17 National Youth Festival at various places in India and two North Eastern Youth Festivals at Kohima (Nagaland), Shillong (Meghalaya) and one National Youth Festival at Srinagar (J&K).

- 6.1 **SUVICHAR & NATIONAL YOUTH CONVENTION FOR NSS** : This year, a contingent of 380 NSS Volunteers and Contingent Leaders took active part in the XVII National Youth Festival from 12-16 January, 2012 at Mangalore (Karnataka) and National Youth Day on 12th Jan 2012 was celebrated in befitting manner in which NSS volunteers. In the rest of the country NSS Units observed National Youth Day by organizing seminars, rallies, quiz, lectures, essay writing and poster writing competitions. National Voters Day was also observed by NSS volunteers all over India in befitting manner.
- 6.2 Workshop on “**Familiarization and Integration with North-East**” was organized during the **2nd North East Youth Festival** held at **Shillong (Meghalaya)** from 7 to 9 April, 2011.
- 6.3 A two day **Kashmir Youth Festival** on the theme “**Together for Peace**” was organized by from 18th & 19th October, 2011 at **Srinagar (J&K)** in which more than 300 NSS Volunteers actively participated.

7. Indira Gandhi National Service Scheme Awards

The prize money for Indira Gandhi NSS Award has been almost doubled for all categories. The University/ +2 Council level award, now carries a cash prize of Rs. 2,00,000/-; Rs. 70,000/- each for ten NSS units; Rs. 20,000/- each for ten Programme Officers and Rs. 15,000/- each for Thirty volunteers. It has also been decided to increase the number of awards. The awards for the year 2010-11 will be presented to 10 NSS Units/Programme Officers instead of six and 30 NSS Volunteers instead of the present number of 16. The procedure for calling nominations has been streamlined and a timeframe fixed to pre-empt delays in selection.

This year, the University level IG NSS Award was bagged by the NSS Cell of the University of Madras (Tamil Nadu) and another Award in recognition of outstanding performance was also given away to the University of Mizoram (Aizwal).



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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

As youth development constitutes a core component of national development in the context of building human resources in a vast country like ours, it was felt that there must be a national organization to identify all the relevant aspects of youth motivation and to develop and design programmes for promoting youth welfare. With this objective, Rajive Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development (RGNIYD) was set up as an autonomous body by the Department of Youth Affairs and Sports, Ministry of Human Resources Development, Government of India and registered under Societies Registration Act, XXVII of 1975 S.No. 67 of 1993.

It has emerged as a professional resources agency, and acts as a think-tank of the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, and assists the Government and Non-government agencies in youth related activities. As the apex Institute at the national level, it works in close cooperation with the NSS, NYK and other youth organization in the implementation of training programmes. The Institute is a nodal agency for training youth and a facilitator of youth development activities in rural as well as in urban areas.

RGNID Bill 2011 for converting the institute into an Institute of national importance has been introduced in Parliament on 21.12.2011.



The Institute is provided with the essential facilities and infrastructure so that it would serve as a Centre of Advanced Study and Applied Research for ensuring availability of professional expertise in youth work and to create a competent cadre of youth workers. As a regular feature of its functional activities, the Institute has launched a number of research projects and extension programmes to unearth the potential in the young people which perhaps remain untapped. It provides a forum for youth to debate and discuss issues that concern them as well as those that infringe on their development.

The Institute has the following five Divisions and Cells besides the Administrative Division, each under a Faculty Head.

- ▶ Training Orientation and Extension Division(TOE)
- ▶ Research, Evaluation and Documentation/Dissemination Division(READ)
- ▶ Panchayati Raj and Youth Affairs Division (PRIYA)
- ▶ International Centre for Excellence in Youth Development Division (ICEYD)
- ▶ Social Harmony and National Unity Division (SHANU)
- ▶ Adolescent Health and Development Cell
- ▶ Gender Studies Cell

Activities and Programs conducted by RGNIYD

- (a) **One Day Orientation Training in Life Skills - 5 January 2012, RGNIYD.**
- (b) **Orientation Training to Trainers of AWTC's - 5 January 2012, State Training Institute, Taramani.**
- (c) **National Integration Camp - 06-12th January, 2012 RGNIYD.**
- (d) **Training-cum-Exposure Visit Programme for Elected members and Official of Panchayati Raj Institutions from Kerala – 9-11 January 2012 RGNIYD.**
- (e) **Career Exhibition and Panel Discussion on Youth Employment – National Youth Day – 12 January 2012, All India Radio, Chennai.**
- (f) **Career Exhibition – National Youth Festival 12-16 January, 2012, Manglore.**
- (g) **International Seminar on Young People and Migration 18-19 January 2012, RGNIYD.**

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- (h) **Training in Life Skills and Personality Development – 20-22 January 2012, RGNIYD.**
 - (i) **Orientation on Youth Development for Students of Shri Padmavathi Mahila Visvavidyala, Tirupati – 23 January 2012, RGNIYD.**
 - (j) **Training of Trainers' in Life Skills – 23-27 January 2012, Jambudvipa Trust, Yerwada, Pune-Mentor Group, RGNIYD Bill to make it Institute of national importance.**

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YOUTH HOSTELS

Youth Hostels are built to promote youth travel and to enable the young people experience the rich cultural heritage of the country. The construction of the Youth Hostels is a joint venture of the Central and State Governments. While the Central Government bears the cost of construction, the State Governments provide fully developed land free of cost with water, electricity and approach roads. Youth Hostels are located in areas of historical and cultural value, educational centre, tourist importance etc. where facilities for youth activities are available. Youth Hostels provide good accommodation for the youth at reasonable rates. The Youth Hostels are looked after by Managers, appointed by the Central Government.

Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports (Department of Youth Affairs), Government of India, have decided to select Managers for the Youth Hostels from retired Defence Personnels preferably from the catchment area of the Youth Hostel and having command over Hindi, English and local languages. Under the new appointment policy, persons retired from Defence Services (The Army/Navy/Airforce) in the rank of Major/Lt.Col./Col.or equivalent are eligible for appointment as Managers in Youth Hostels. Willing retired JCO's can also apply. The age limits for the appointment for the post between 35 years to 55 years will be effected from the date of the contract. The appointment is fully on contract basis for an initial period of 3 years which is extendable on the basis of performance of the Manager but in no case beyond the age of 62 years.

So far 80 Youth Hostels have been constructed across the country and 4 more youth hostels are under various stages of construction. Out of 80 Youth Hostels, 12 Hostels have been transferred to Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS), Sports Authority of India (SAI) and the respective State Governments for optimum use for youth and sports development. At present, 68 Youth Hostel are functioning. A statement indicating details of such constructed/transferred/under construction youth hostels are at **Annex- V, VI & VII**.

Four Youth Hostels located at Kadapa (Andhra Pradesh), Roing (Arunachal Pradesh), Churachandpur & Thoubal (Manipur) are at advanced stages of construction. Out of these four Youth Hostels, two Youth Hostels at Churachandpur and Thoubal (Manipur) are likely to be completed during the end of the current financial year.

The Ministry is also working towards giving the existing youth hostels new look and work system to meet the expectation of today's youth. Out of 68 functioning Youth Hostels, 39 Youth Hostels have already been provided financial assistance for facelifting work during the last two years.

An amount of Rs.1,05,00,000/- (Rupees One crore five lakh only) @Rs.5.00 lakh each Youth Hostel have been released during the current financial year, 2011-12 for undertaking immediate

facelifting of 21 Youth Hostels located at Nagarjuna Sagar, Warrangal, (both in Andhra Pradesh), Bhiwani, Kurukshetra, Panchkula, Rewari, Sirsa, Yamuna Nagar (all six in Haryana), Patnitop (J&K), Sogalu (Karnataka), Khajuraho (Madhya Pradesh), Jashipur, Koraput (both in Orissa), Patiala, Ropar, Sangrur (all three in Punjab), Udaipur (Rajasthan), Chennai (Tamil Nadu), Uttarkashi (Uttarakhand), Aizawl (Mizoram) and Dimapur (Nagaland).



Youth Hostel Udaipur (Rajasthan),



Youth Hostel Badrinath

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NATIONAL PROGRAMME FOR YOUTH AND ADOLESCENT DEVELOPMENT (NPYAD)

The scheme titled National Programme for Youth and Adolescent Development (NPYAD) has been formulated by merger of four 100% Central Sector grants-in-aid schemes of the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports during 10th Plan namely, Promotion of Youth Activities & Training, Promotion of National Integration, Promotion of Adventure and Development and Empowerment of Adolescents, with a view to reduce multiplicity of schemes with similar objectives, ensuring uniformity in funding pattern and implementation mechanism, avoiding delays in availability of funds to the field level Organisations and institutionalizing participation of State Governments in project formulation and its implementation. While there will be synergy and convergence in operational mechanism and programme delivery, there will be clear distinction with regard to the financial parameters of each of the components under the scheme.

The Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports will receive proposals from All India Organisations directly, except for Panchayati Raj Institutions and Urban Local Bodies and Educational Institutions, including Polytechnics who will route their proposals through the Department of Youth Affairs of the Concerned State Government / UT Administration.

The scheme is being implemented in the project mode through Project Implementing Agencies (PIAs). The PIA may submit project proposal involving one or more programme area or components under the scheme but the key factor for consideration of the project will be the past experience and resource (infrastructure and technical manpower) available with the PIA. The proposals are placed before a duly constituted Project Appraisal Committee (PAC) in the Department of Youth Affairs under the Chairmanship of Secretary (Youth Affairs) for taking a decision on the proposals.

The targeted beneficiaries of the programmes are youth and adolescents under a youth network recognized by the State or Central Government. They include members of youth clubs affiliated to Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan or State Governments, NSS Units, or student youth in Schools, Colleges and Universities. Adolescents and Youth from other established youth organizations, which have branches in different parts of the country, are also eligible. Preference is given to the youth with special abilities and youth belonging to scheduled caste, scheduled tribes and other weaker sections.

National Youth Festival, Tenzing Norgay National Adventure Award and National Youth Award are also the part of the NPYAD Scheme. National Youth Festival is organized in a state, which is willing to hold it and which has infrastructure facilities also to do so. The Department provides a financial assistance not exceeding Rs.200 lakhs to the State willing to hold the programme. Till date 17 National Youth Festivals have already been held.

Tenzing Norgay National Adventure Award recognizes the achievement of persons in the field of adventure and encourages young people to develop the spirit of endurance, risk taking, cooperative teamwork and quick, ready and effective reflexes in challenging situations. Normally, one award each in the field of air adventure, water adventure and land adventure is given. A lifetime achievement award is also given annually. The award consists among other things an amount of Rs.5.00 lakhs each.

National Youth Award has been introduced to motivate young persons to take up challenges to achieve excellence in the field of National or social service. It also recognizes the outstanding work done by young persons for national development and or social service. It may, however, vary at the discretion of the sanctioning authority in deserving case. One youth award is also given to a voluntary organization engaged in involvement of youth in various programmes of national development. The award consists of an amount of Rs.40,000/- to the individual and Rs.2.00 lakh to a voluntary organization. The number of awards given each year would ordinarily not exceed 25.

National Youth Award

Department of Youth Affairs, Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports presents National Youth Awards every year to motivate young persons to achieve excellence in the field of national service and to encourage them to develop a sense of responsibility to their community and to improve their own potential as good citizens and young leaders. These awards are given away 'normally' on the opening day of the five-day National Youth Festival by the Hon'ble Chief Guest. The Award consists of a silver medal, a certificate, a shawl and a cash prize of Rs.40,000/- to the individual award winners and Rs.2.00 lakhs to the voluntary organization.

National Youth Awards for 2010-11 were given by Shri Ajay Maken, Hon'ble Minister of State for Youth Affairs and Sports (Independent Charge) to 28 individuals and 2 voluntary organizations during the 17th National Youth Festival held at Mangalore, Karnataka from 12th to 16th January, 2012. The list of awardees is given in **Annex-VIII**.



NATIONAL YOUTH FESTIVAL

Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports in collaboration with the State Govt. of Karnataka organized the 17th National Youth Festival at Mangalore, Karnataka during 12-16 January, 2012. The theme of the Festival was 'Celebrating Diversity in Unity'. About 5000 youth from all over the country including all North Eastern States participated in the 5 day Festival. Hon'able Chief Minister of Karnataka, Shri D.V. Sadananda Gowda, Hon'ble Minister of State for Youth Affairs and Sports (I/C), Government of India, Shri Ajay Maken and the Hon'ble Minister of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, Shri M. Veerappa Moily added prestige to the Festival.

Several attractive programmes such as “Yuva Kriti – Handicrafts and Social Development Fair”, “Food Festival – Cuisines of India”, “Air Adventure”, Musical Nights-Hariharan and Leslie Lewis, Euphoria, Sivamani & Troupe and Vasundhara Das and interactive programmes like “Suvichar” and “Youth Convention” held during the Festival were highly appreciated by the people at large. 18 delegates from SAARC Countries joined the Youth Festival this year and had wide range of interaction with the Indian Youth.



TENZING NORGAY NATIONAL ADVENTURE AWARD

The Tenzing Norgay National Adventure Award is the highest national recognition for outstanding achievements in the field of adventure on land, sea and air. A cash Award of Rs.5,00,000/-, a statue and a certificate of honour is given to each awardee. This award is at par with the Arjuna Award for sporting excellence.

Tenzing Norgay National Adventure Awards are given away by the President of India alongwith Arjuna Awards, in a function held at Rashtrapati Bhavan on the 29th August every year. Awards for the year 2010 were conferred posthumously on Late Col.(Retd.) Balwant Singh Sandhu(Life Time Achievement), Ms. Reena Kaushal Dharmshaktu, Ms. Mamta Sodha(Land Adventure) and Commander Dilip Donde(Water Adventure) by H.E. Smt. Pratibha Devi Singh Patil, the Hon'ble President of India, at Rashtrapati Bhavan on 29.8.2011.



UNFPA assisted Scheme:

The UNFPA has also separately extended support to the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sport in the form of a project which is part of the large programme funding of UNFPA for the Ministry of Health's RCH Project. The main aim of this programme is to enable capacity building for rationalizing the Adolescents Development Scheme of the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports including the setting up of an Adolescents Cell in the Ministry. The assistance was provided under the 6th Country Programme of UNFPA which was for the period 2004-2007. The main activities and key action areas taken up/proposed under the project are: Capacity Building for NSS, NYKS, RGNIYD; Institutional Strengthening of the implementing agencies; perspective building / orientation and training of nodal officers / field functionaries. Formation of Teen Clubs through NYKS in 64 Districts; Developing MIS and database formats for NSS and NYKS; Development of facilities Manual for training of peer Educators and Setting up of a National Adolescent Resource Centre at RGNIYD during the 10th Five Year Plan and an expenditure of Rs. 13.40 Crores (beginning 2005-06) was incurred under the Project.

It is proposed to continue the UNFPA supported project under the 7th Country Programme (CP 7) of UNFPA, which will be for the period 2008-2012. In the next programme being drawn up for 2008-2012, besides continuing the strengthening of the ongoing activities, the project will be expanded to more blocks in the existing districts and additional districts will also be covered.

The National Discipline Scheme

The National Discipline Scheme was originally started in 1954 by the Ministry of Rehabilitation, which was transferred to Ministry of Education and Social Welfare in 1958. Consequent upon the recommendations of Dr. Kunzru Committee in 1963, introducing discipline programme at school stage, the integrated scheme called National Fitness Corps (NFC) was evolved. The Scheme was transferred to the Department of Youth Affairs and Sports (now Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports) in eighties when a separate Department was formed.

On the basis of the recommendations of the Dr. Kunzru Committee, the decision to transfer NDS Instructors to various State Governments was taken in consultation with the State Education Secretaries. In the year 1969, the Central Cabinet took a decision that the services of the employees under the NFC would be transferred to the State Governments and so eventually in 1972, the National Discipline Scheme was decentralized and the employees under the National Discipline Scheme were transferred and absorbed in the services of the State Governments on the condition that the Central Government would reimburse their pay and allowances so long as they remained on the strength of the State Governments.

About 6145 NDS Instructors were transferred to various State Governments after decentralization of the NDS Scheme.

This is a non-plan Scheme under which pay and allowances of NDS Instructors are reimbursed to concerned State Governments.

Para on activities and achievements in the North East Region and Sikkim

The 2nd North East Youth Festival was organized by the State Government of Meghalaya from 7-9 April, 2011 at Shillong in collaboration with the Union Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports who extended the financial assistance of Rs.1.00 crore to the Government of Meghalaya for organizing the festival. The Festival was inaugurated by Shri Ajay Maken, Hon'ble Union Minister of State (I/C) for Youth Affairs and Sports on 7.4.2011. The Festival was celebrated with the theme of "Youth for Change".

The opening ceremony was followed by a beautiful rendering of theme song “Love can change the world” by the youths of Mawlai. About 1100 delegates comprising participants from the North East States, Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan(NYKS) and National Service Scheme(NSS) also participated in the 3-days festival. The festival showed the rich cultural traditions and colors of North East which included folk dances, folk songs, one act play and rock band etc. The festival also featured Food Festival and Yuva Kriti by the NYKS and Youth Convention by NSS. The festival also presented programme on adventure on 8.4.2011 and a special ensemble of fashion and rock on the closing day of the festival.

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International Cooperation (Commonwealth Youth Programme & Exchange of Youth Delegations) :

COMMONWEALTH YOUTH PROGRAMMES (CYP)

This programme came into being in 1974 with the overall purpose of promoting the development of youth in the Commonwealth. This programme encourages and supports the youth in the process of national development and provides opportunities for increasing international understanding. Its mandate orients it to work towards a society where young women and men are empowered; to develop their potential, creativity and skills as productive and dynamic members of their societies; to participate fully at every level of decision making development, both individually and collectively, successfully promoting Commonwealth values of international co-operation, social justice, democracy and human rights.

The CYP vision is anchored in a mission that seeks:

- to support the efforts of member Governments in the formation of policies and development programmes which effectively address the issues and concerns of young women and men;
- to assist member Governments in establishing and strengthening youth ministries and independent youth networks to support policy and programme development based on the active participation of both young women and men;
- to support the efforts of NGOs and collaborate with international organizations in the promotion of youth development activities;
- to enable young women and men to participate effectively in the planning and decision making processes of their own countries and in regional and international levels.
- to support and recognize incentives by young women and men for the social and economic development of their countries;
- to promote greater awareness amongst young people of the role of the Commonwealth in international relations;

CYP Asia Centre at Chandigarh, is one of the four CYP Regional establishments along with the Centres in Lusaka (Zambia) for the Africa region, Georgetown (Guyana) for the Caribbean region and Solomon Islands for the South Pacific region. The overall responsibility for CYP lies with the Commonwealth Secretariat at London. The activities of the CYP including the Asia Centre are directed by Youth Affairs Unit of the Commonwealth Secretariat. The Asia Centre meets the specific needs of eight Commonwealth Countries of the region, namely, Brunei Darussalam, Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, Malaysia, Maldives, Singapore and Sri Lanka.

At present, there are three major strategic areas on which Commonwealth Youth Programme is concentrating:

- National Youth Policy;
- Human Resource Development, and
- Youth Empowerment.

The programmes are financed by member countries and India. During the year 2011-2012 the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, Govt. of India provided the financial assistance to Commonwealth Youth Programme, Asia Centre, Chandigarh for organizing the following programmes :-

- (i) Seminar on IYV held at New Delhi from 9-12 August, 2011 –
- (ii) Regional Workshop on 'Sports for Development and Peace' from October 17-20, 2011 at New Delhi.

CENTRES OF EXCELLENCE

The Commonwealth Secretariat, London has identified, in consultation with Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, CYP Asia Centre, Chandigarh alongwith Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development, located at Sriperumbudur (Tamil Nadu) as Centres of Excellence.

A CoE provides an important learning and development resource in its specialized field(s). CYP envisages a CoE for youth development as the engine room for creating and gathering evidence that will be used to chart out the interventions, reforms and strategies that are needed to achieve improved outcomes for young people. The Centre's role would be to collect, analyze and synthesize current and evolving knowledge about the best available evidence based practice in managing, supporting and delivering youth programmes and to generate new research in this area.

These Centres enable the development of evidence-based practice, the application of critical methods of learning, enquiry and practice development in order to enhance the capacity, knowledge and skills in each specialized field.

The CoE would focus on effective strategies for engaging youth in meaningful participation in decision-making. One of the key principles of a CoE would be to commit and to engage youth directly in planning, designing and implementing the Centre's activities in partnership with a number of other stakeholders.

Young people would be trained and supported to find, describe and build models of effective strategies for engaging youth as well as to help communities implement strategies at the local level. Not only would the CoE develop tools to evaluate, measure and demonstrate effective youth

engagement, it would also create an accessible clearinghouse for information on the issue. In order to do so, it would demonstrate that it is a working model of youth engagement.

EXCHANGE OF DELEGATIONS OF YOUTH AT INTERNATIONAL LEVEL

The Department endeavors to create an international perspective in collaboration with other countries and international agencies/organizations on various youth issues. The Department also collaborates with the Commonwealth Youth Programme Asia Centre, Chandigarh, in organizing a number of events concerning youth in Commonwealth countries in the Asia-Pacific Region.

2. Against the backdrop of the National Youth Policy objectives, inter-alia, to create an International perspective in the youth and to involve them in promoting peace and understanding, the International Exchange of Youth Delegations has been conceived as an effective instrument.

3. Under this programme, exchange of Youth Delegations with friendly countries is taken up on reciprocal basis for promoting exchange of ideas, values and culture amongst the youth of different countries and also to develop International understanding. Exchange of Youth Delegations and International training programmes were organized as under :-

1.	Visit of Director (IC) and Director, Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development, an autonomous organization under Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, Sriperumbudur (TN) to participate in the Regional Consultation on National Youth Policy and Youth Mainstreaming from 6-11 April, 2011 in Kuala Lumpur (Malaysia).
2.	Visit of Secretary (Youth Affairs), Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports to Manila (Phillippines) to attend IYV + 10 Regional Consultation Meeting for Asia Pacific from 3-4 May, 2011.
3.	Visit of Director (Youth Affairs) to Japan to attend the meeting from 15-18 June, 2011 in connection with 24 th Ship for World Youth Programme, 2011.
4.	Visit of 20-member Korean Youth Delegation to India from 19-28 July, 2011.
5.	Visit of 6-member delegation led by Shri Ajay Maken, Minister of Youth Affairs & Sport to New York to attend High Level Meeting at United Nations on Youth : Dialogue and Mutual Understanding from 25-26 July, 2011.
6.	Visit of 20-member Indian Youth Delegation to South Korea from 15-26 August, 2011.
7.	Visit of 500-member Indian Youth Delegation to China from 20-29 September, 2011 as a special case to mark the year 2011 as the India-China Youth Exchange Year.
8.	Visit of 16-member Indian Youth Delegation to attend training course on Administrative Management under "The Training Programme for Young Leaders for FY 2010 from 16 th October to 1 st November, 2011.
9.	Visit of SAARC youth delegation from Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Afghanistan to participate in the 17 th National Youth Festival held in Mangalore from 12-16 January, 2012.

10. A 500-member Chinese Youth Delegation led by Ms. LUO MEI, Secretary, Secretariat, Central Committee, Communist Youth League of China visited India from 25th February to 4th March, 2012. The Chinese Youth Delegation divided in six groups visited Delhi, Agra, Mumbai, Aurangabad, Trivandrum, Jodhpur, Jaipur, Bodh Gaya, Patna, Bhopal and Kolkata. On 27th February, 2012, Chinese delegates met Hon'ble President of India and President delivered a speech on Indo-China relationship and importance of youth in both the countries' development. The delegation also had meaningful discussions with the Minister, Governor, Vidhan Sabha Speaker, MLAs and officials on various aspects of Youth Development as well as interactions with various Youth Organizations in their respective states visited. In addition, they had also discussed various issues with NYKS, NSS, SAI and educational institutions etc. during their visit to India.



Ms. LUO MEI, Secretary Secretariat Central Committee, Communist Youth League of China call on her Excellency Smt. Pratibha Devi Singh Patil on 27th February, 2012

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NATIONAL YOUTH CORPS SCHEME (NYC)

The Government has launched a new Scheme “National Youth Corps” during the financial year 2010-11 to tap the potential of the youth and channeling their energy towards nation building. This is in pursuance of the President's Address to both Houses of Parliament in June 2009 and also the Prime Minister's announcement in October 2009 for Jammu & Kashmir. The Scheme envisages enrollment of 20,000 volunteers, of which 8,000 are to be deployed in Jammu and Kashmir and 12,000 volunteers in other States.

The Ministry had been implementing two youth volunteer schemes simultaneously, viz., National Service Volunteer Scheme (NSV) and Rashtriya Sadbhawana Yojana (RSY), in which young boys and girls were enrolled as volunteers on fulltime basis for participating in youth development activities. The job assignments under the schemes experienced duplication at times, resulting in functional overlapping. A new scheme, called “National Youth Corps” (NYC) has been launched, amalgamating the existing two volunteer schemes namely National Service Volunteer (NSV) and Rashtriya Sadbhawana Yojana (RSY).

Objectives

- To set up a group of disciplined and dedicated youth who have the inclination and spirit to engage in the task of nation building.
- To facilitate the realization of inclusive growth (both social and economic).
- To act as points for dissemination of information, basic knowledge in the community.
- To act as group modulators and peer group educators.
- To act as role models for the younger people specially towards enhancement of public ethics, probity and dignity of labour.

The NYC Scheme enables young men and women in the age group of 18-25 years to serve up to two years on a full time basis for which they receive an honorarium of Rs 2500/- per month. Representation from the weaker sections of the society and gender balance is encouraged.

During the year 2010-11, and 2011-12, 18808 volunteers including 7347 volunteers in the State of J&K, have been selected, trained and deployed by the Ministry and the State Government of J&K in different districts across the country.

JAMMU & KASHMIR YOUTH FESTIVAL

As a part of ongoing peace process in Jammu & Kashmir, a Youth Festival exclusively for the youth of the Valley was organized from 18th to 20th October, 2011. More than 600 youth drawn from all the districts of the Valley participated in the Festival. The Festival was inaugurated jointly by Shri Omar Abdullah, Chief Minister of Jammu & Kashmir and Shri Ajay Maken, Minister of State (I/C) for Youth Affairs & Sports.

The festival, inter alia, included discussions on issues relevant to the Valley e.g. Responsible Press, Environment Concerns, possibilities of Adventure activities and cultural heritage of the region. The Festival ended with a friendly football match which created a lot of positive energy among the youth in the Valley.

MY EARTH MY DUTY CAMPAIGN

Shri Ajay Maken, Hon'ble Minister of State (I/C) for Youth Affairs & Sports inaugurated a national wide tree Plantation drive to observe the Earth Festival under My Earth My Duty Campaign at Leh (J&K) on 12th September, 2011. The campaign was launched in select 11 cities in the month of August and September, 2011. The campaign was carried out on voluntary basis and by mobilizing local resources. Seminars, Cultural, Exhibitions, Pledge, Rallies etc. were the main activities during the campaign.

The objective of the campaign was to sensitize and encourage society to take concrete action towards mitigating the effects of climate change, to bring about behavioral changes to fight the hazards of the climate-change and environment degradation and also to motivate people about simple steps which they can take in their routine life as a duty to save earth.

Under this campaign, 2876212 saplings of different species were planted across the country through a network of village based youth clubs associated with NYKS.



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SCOUTING AND GUIDING

The scheme of Scouting and Guiding, a Central Scheme, was launched in the early 1980s, to promote the scouts and Guides movement in the country. This is an international movement aimed at building character, confidence, idealism and spirit of patriotism and service among young boys and girls. In the process Scouting and Guiding also seeks to promote balanced physical mental development among the people.

Under the scheme, financial assistance is provided for various activities such as organization of training camps, skill development programmes, and holding of jamborees etc., to Bharat Scouts and Guides. These activities, inter alia, include programmes related to adult literacy, environment conservation, community service, health awareness and promotion of hygiene and sanitation.

The Bharat Scouts and Guides is the largest voluntary, non political, educational, movement in the country open to all without distinction of origin, race or creed, in accordance with the purposes, principles and methods conceived by the founder, Lord Baden Powell, in 1907. The Bharat Scouts & Guides organization has a network of branches covering all the States of India. Besides the territorial States (i.e., states of the Indian Union and the union Territories) there are functional Units, like the Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan, Navodaya Vidyalaya Samiti and the Indian Railways.

The Bharat Scouts and Guides, New Delhi has been financially assisted by the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports for conducting various Scouts & Guides activities. During the financial year 2011-12, 160 programmes have been conducted by them and a sum of Rs. 92.00 lakhs have been sanctioned.





**DEPARTMENT
OF SPORTS**



SPORTS

Sports and games have always been seen as an integral component in the all round development of the human personality. Apart from being a means of entertainment and physical fitness, sports have also played a great role in generation of the spirit of healthy competition and bonding within the community. Needless to mention that achievements in sports at the international level have always been a source of national pride and prestige.

With modern sports being highly competitive, the use of modern infrastructure, equipment and advanced scientific support has changed the scenario of sports at the international level. Keeping in line with the growing demands for advanced infrastructure, equipment and scientific support, Government of India has taken several initiatives and is providing the necessary assistance to the sportspersons by way of training and exposure in international competitions backed up with scientific and equipment support.

NATIONAL SPORTS POLICY INITIATIVES

Physical education, games and sports have been receiving attention over successive Plans. However, it was only after India hosted the IX Asian Games in 1982 that “Sports” as a subject of policy started receiving attention. National Sports Policy, 1984 was the first move towards developing an organized and systematic framework for the development and promotion of sports in the country, and the precursor of the present National Sports Policy, 2001.

NATIONAL SPORTS POLICY 2001

The twin planks of the National Sports Policy 2001 are “Broad-basing” of Sports and “Achieving Excellence in Sports” at the national and international levels.

The salient features of the Policy are as under:

1. Broad basing of sports and achievement of excellence;
2. Up-gradation and development of infrastructure;
3. Support to National Sports Federations and other sports bodies;
4. Strengthening of scientific and coaching support to sports
5. Special incentives to promote sports
6. Enhanced participation of women, scheduled tribes and rural youth;
7. Involvement of corporate sector in sports promotion; and
8. Promote sports mindedness among the public at large.



MAJOR SPORTS ACHIEVEMENTS OF INDIAN TEAMS IN INTERNATIONAL EVENTS

- 1. Badminton Hong Kong Open Super Series:** Ms. Saina Nehwal won the Women's Singles title in Badminton Hong Kong Open Super Series held in Hong Kong from 6-12 December 2010.
- 2. 12th Asian Shooting Championship 2012 Doha:** Indian Shooters won 14 medals (7 Gold, 3 Silver and 4 Bronze) in the senior category and 12 medals (1 Gold, 4 Silver and 7 Bronze) in junior category at 12th Asian Shooting Championship 2012 held at Doha from 10th-22nd January 2012.
- 3. 1st Asian Hockey Championship 2011:** Indian Hockey team (Men) won Gold medal in 1st Asian Hockey Championship held in China in September, 2011 by defeating Pakistan.
- 4. 4th Commonwealth Youth Games Games 2011:** Indian contingent comprising of 20 sportspersons and 4 coaches participated in 4th Commonwealth Youth Games 2011 held at Isle of Man (UK) from 7-13 September, 2011. Team won 9 medals (3 Gold, 3 Silver and 3 Bronze).
- 5. Commonwealth Youth (Boy's & Girls) Weightlifting Championship:** Boys team won 2 gold medals and 1 bronze medal. Girls Team won 2 gold medals and 1 silver medal in Commonwealth Youth (Boy's & Girls) Weightlifting Championship held at Penang (Malaysia) from 11-16 December 2010.
- 6. Commonwealth Junior (Men & Women) Weightlifting Championship:** Men team won 7 medals (4 Gold, 2 silver and 1 bronze). Women team also won 7 medals (3 Gold and 4 silver) in Commonwealth Junior (Men & Women) Championship held at Penang (Malaysia) from 11-16 December 2010.
- 7. Asian Senior Weightlifting Championship:** Indian National weightlifting team won three bronze medals in 42nd Men and 23rd Women Asian Senior Weightlifting Championship held at Tongling, China from 9-18 April, 2011.
- 8. 5th Commonwealth Taekwondo Championship:** Members of Indian team won 7 medals (4 gold, 1 silver and 2 bronze) in 5th Commonwealth Taekwondo Championship held at Chennai from 28th to 31st January 2011.
- 9. World Women Boxing Youth and Junior Boxing Championship:** Indian National boxing team won 4 Gold, 1 Silver and 2 Bronze medals in World Women Boxing Youth Boxing Championship held at Antalya (Turkey) from 21st April-1st May 2011.

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10. **Asian Cup Women's Boxing Tournament:** Indian National boxing team won 1 Gold, 1 Silver and 4 Bronze medals in Asian Cup Women's Boxing Tournament held at Haiku (China) from 5-9 May 2011.
 11. **16th International Boxing Tournament:** Indian National boxing team won 2 Bronze medals in 16th International Boxing Tournament held at Almaty (Kazakhstan) from 9-15 May 2011.
 12. **9th President Heydar Aliyev Cup Boxing Tournament:** Indian National boxing team won 1 Gold and 2 Bronze medals in 9th President Heydar Aliyev Cup Boxing Tournament held at Baku (Azerbaijan) from 9-15 May 2011.
 13. **Arafura Games:** Indian National boxing team won 1 Gold, 2 Silver and 2 Bronze medals in Arafura Games held at Darwin (Australia) from 7-14 May 2011.
 14. **South Asian Judo Championship:** Indian National Judo team won 4 Gold medals in South Asian Championship held at Islamabad (India) from 9-12 May 2011.
 15. **Asian Youth & Junior Judo Championship 2011:** Indian Youth and Junior teams won 1 Gold, 4 Silver and 2 Bronze medals in the Asian Youth and Junior Judo Championships, 2011, held in Lebanon.
 16. **18th Asian Junior Squash Individual Championship:** Indian National squash team won 1 Gold, 2 Silver and 5 Bronze medals in 18th Asian Junior Squash Individual Championship held at Amman (Jordan) from 21-26 June 2011.
 17. **Asian Wrestling Championship:** Indian National wrestling team won 1 Bronze medal in Asian Championship held at Taskent.
 18. **11th International Volleyball Tournament:** Indian National Volleyball (Junior Men) won the gold medal in 11th International Volleyball Tournament held at Tunisia from 11-17 July 2011.
 19. **Asian Billiards Championship:** Indian National billiards team won 1 Gold medal in Asian Billiards Championship held at Kish Island, Iran from 9-14, April, 2011.

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SPORTS AUTHORITY OF INDIA

INTRODUCTION

The Sports Authority of India is an Autonomous Body set up by the Government of India in the year 1984 as a Society registered under the Societies' Registration Act, 1860. The erstwhile Society for National Institutes of Physical Education & Sports (SNIPES) consisting of NSNIS, Patiala at its Centres and the two Lakshmi Bai National Colleges of Physical Education (LNCPE) located at Gwalior and Thiruvananthapuram, were amalgamated with SAI w.e.f. 1st May, 1987. The LNCPE, Gwalior was, however, delinked from SAI in September, 1995 on attaining the status of a “Deemed University”.

GENERAL BODY & MEMBERS OF SOCIETY OF INDIA

The General Body (Society) of Sports Authority of India and Governing Body of SAI were re-constituted by Department of Sports, Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports in 2010. The General Body of SAI is now headed by Union Minister of Youth Affairs & Sports as its President and the Governing Body of SAI is headed by Union Minister of Youth Affairs & Sports as its Chairman. The last meeting of Governing Body was held on 6th August 2010.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- To promote and broad-base sports in the country
- Talent identification and development
- To implement schemes/programmes for achieving excellence in sports in different disciplines at international level in order to establish India as a major sporting power
- To manage the Stadia in Delhi, which were constructed /renovated for the IXth Asian Games held in 1982.
- To act as an interface between the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports and other agencies concerned with the promotion/development of sports in the country
- To establish, run, manage and administer the institutions to produce high caliber coaches, sports scientists and physical education teachers
- To plan, construct, acquire, develop, take over, manage, maintain and utilize sports infrastructure and facilities in the country
- To initiate, undertake, sponsor, stimulate and encourage research projects related to various sports sciences for up gradation of sports, sportspersons and coaches
- Other incidental issues concerning promotion, development and excellence in sports

ORGANIZATIONAL SET-UP

Director General is the Principal Executive Officer of SAI assisted by Secretary, Executive Directors and Heads of the Academic Institutions/ Regional Centres/Sub-Centres.

The activities of Sports Authority of India fall under the following functional Divisions:-

S. No.	Name of the Division	Functioning of the Division
I	Physical Education	SAI Lakshmibai National College of Physical Education, Thiruvananthapuram
ii	Operations	Implementation of different Sports Promotional Schemes of SAI
iii	Teams	Training of Elite Athletes and Management Support (TEAMS), in collaboration with National Sports Federations concerned, on behalf of MYAS.
iv	Equipment Supports	Sports equipment support to SAI Centres, Indigenous as well as Imported
v	Stadia	Maintenance & utilization of stadia including Coaching
vi	Infrastructure	To create and develop sports infrastructure at SAI Centres
vii	Personnel	Service Matters of employees
viii	Coaching	Service Matters of coaches
ix	Finance	Budget and Financial planning
x	Coordination	Liaison with Ministry and other outside agencies/ Institutions / SAI Regional/Sub Centres, nodal Division for RTI applications
Xi	International Cooperation Cell	Liaison with Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports for Cultural Exchange Programme/ bilateral relation in the field of Sports with various countries
xii	General Admn	Procurement of Stores, computerization and House-keeping
xiii	Legal	Legal matters related to all categories of SAI employees
xiv	Vigilance	Vigilance matters related to all categories of SAI employees
xv	Media	Liaison with Print & electronic media/release of NIT/advertisements and press briefings
xvi	Hindi	Implementation of official language policy of Govt. in SAI

SCHEMES OF SAI

The Sports Promotional Schemes of SAI were conceived and formulated during 7th Five Year Plan for development and promotion of sports at grass-root level in the country and to achieve excellence at the national/international level by grooming the talented children. The following Sports Promotional Schemes are being implemented by the Operations Division through the Regional Centres/ Sub Centres/ Academic Institutions:-

- 1) National Sports Talent Contest (NSTC) Scheme
- 2) Army Boys Sports Companies (ABSC) Scheme
- 3) SAI Training Centre (STC) Scheme
- 4) Special Area Games (SAG) Scheme
- 5) Centre of Excellence Scheme

The salient features of the aforesaid Schemes being implemented by the SAI are enumerated below:

National Sports Talent Contest (NSTC) Scheme

Introduction

The National Sports Talent Contest Scheme was launched during 1985 under which the talented young children between the age group of 8-14 years are spotted and nurtured by providing scientific training.

Objective

The main concept of the scheme is to PLAY & STUDY in the same school. The scheme envisages scientific scouting of talent at optimum age essential for converting the genetically and physiologically gifted children into future medal hopes in various competitions at National and International level.

Adoption of Schools

Under the scheme, the schools having good sports infrastructure are adopted. Each adopted school in addition to getting the services of coaches for imparting training to the trainees will get financial assistance for purchase of consumable sports equipment.

Selection criteria

The selection of trainees under the above scheme is done on potential/ performance basis.

- 1) Medal winners in State/National Level Competitions are automatically admitted into the Scheme subject to their being found medically fit.
- 2) Medal winners at District Level Competitions or have participation in State Level Competitions are admitted subject to their being found fit medically and physically and also have the required potential which is assessed by battery of tests.

- 3) Selection from remote, tribal & coastal areas is done by organizing competitions.
- 4) The selection for team games as well as individual events is done by a Selection Committee consisting of representatives of SAI, School/Akhara, SAI coaches, Sports Scientists etc.
- 5) The sports persons identified on this basis are offered admission after age verification, medical examination and finding suitable by applying battery of tests.

Disciplines covered

Archery, Athletics, Badminton, Basketball, Football, Gymnastics, Hockey, Kabaddi, Kho-kho, Swimming, Table Tennis, Volleyball, Wrestling & Indigenous Games & Martial Arts.

Facilities provided

Under the Scheme, selected trainees are admitted on non-residential basis. However, in exceptional cases, the trainees are admitted on residential basis and they are provided boarding & lodging facilities.

Sl.No.	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
1	Boarding & Lodging per head per day for 300 days (2 Schools only)	75.00
2	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	2000.00
3	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00
4	Competition exposure (per head per annum)	2000.00
5	Stipend for 10 months (per head per month)	3000.00
6	Annual grant to the school for purchase of sports equipment (per unit per annum)	20000.00

Status position

At present, there are 22 Regular Adopted schools, in which 736 trainees (569 Boys & 167 Girls) are being trained.

(a) Extension of NSTC Scheme to Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalayas (JNVs)

Keeping in view the need to promote sports in remote and rural areas & to provide greater balance for village children, the Governing Body in its 27th meeting held on 9th July, 2001 approved the proposal for extension of NSTC Scheme to Navodaya Vidyalayas having the requisite infrastructure. These Centres are established in association with Navodaya Vidyalaya Samiti. These schools also act as feeder centres to SAI Training Centres and SAG Centres.

Facilities provided

Sl.No.	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
1	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	1500.00
2	Stipend for 10 months (per head per month)	3000.00
3	Competition exposure (per head per annum)	1500.00
4	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00
5	Annual grant to the school for purchase of equipment (per unit per annum)	20000.00

Status Position

At present, there are 15 Navodaya Vidyalayas, in which 62 trainees (35 Boys & 27 Girls) are being trained.

b) Extension of NSTC Scheme to Schools having tradition of Indigenous Games & Martial Arts (IGMA)

With a view to promote indigenous Games & Martial Arts in the schools in rural and semi-urban areas and scouting of talent in these games for nurturing in modern sports, the Governing Body of SAI in its 28th meeting held on 12th November, 2001 approved the proposal for adoption of schools runs by Educational Institutions for promotion of indigenous games & martial arts as part of the existing NSTC scheme.

Facilities provided

Sl. No	Particulars	Amount
1	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	1500.00
2	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00
3	Stipend for 10 months (per head per month)	3000.00
4	Annual grant to the school for purchase of equipment (per unit per annum)	20000.00
5	Annual grant to the schools for organizing competitions for scouting talent (per annum)	25000.00

At present, there are 24 schools adopted to Promote Indigenous Games & Martial Arts, in which 246 trainees (201 Boys & 45 Girls) are being trained.

(c) Extension of NSTC Scheme to Akharas

In order to create a broader base for modern Wrestling and to supplement the efforts made by various akharas, SAI has adopted many Akharas under NSTC Scheme.

Facilities provided

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
1	Stipend (per head per month)	1000.00
2	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-)	150.00

Status Position

At present, there are 40 Akharas adopted to promote wrestling, in which 468 trainees (450 Boys & 18 Girls) are being trained.

(d) Extension of NSTC scheme to Sports Centres adopted on the pattern of akharas

Similarly, the Governing Body of SAI in its 31st meeting held on 20th September'2006 approved adoption of Sports Centres on the pattern of Akharas. Under the scheme, high performance Sports Centres being run, specially in the Priority disciplines, such as Athletics, Judo, Wrestling, Boxing, Swimming and other recognized martial arts akin to modern sports, are provided with the support as is being provided to the Akharas.

Facilities provided

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
1	The trainees of the adopted Akharas are provided with stipend (per head per month)	1000.00
2	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/- being paid per head per annum)	150.00

Status position

At present, there are 04 Sports Centres adopted on the pattern of akharas, in which 67 trainees (55 Boys & 12 Girls) are being trained.

In total, there are 22 Regular Adopted schools, 24 schools adopted to Promote Indigenous Games & martial arts, 15 Navodaya Vidyalayas, 40 Akharas and 04 Sports Centres on the pattern of akharas, in which total of 1579 trainees (1310 Boys & 269 Girls) are being trained.

Army Boys Sports Companies (ABSC) Scheme

The scheme is a joint venture of the Army Authorities and Sports Authority of India with a view to leveraging the excellent infrastructure, efficient administration and disciplined environment for sports training available in the various Army Regimental Centres. Boys in the age group of 8-16 years of age are inducted under the scheme. After attaining the required age, the trainees are also offered job in the Army.

Selection criteria

The selection of trainees under the above scheme is done on potential and performance basis as applicable under the NSTC Scheme.

Disciplines covered

Archery, Athletics, Basketball, Boxing, Diving, Equestrian, Football, Fencing, Gymnastics, Handball, Hockey, Kayaking & Canoeing, Swimming, Shooting, Rowing, Volleyball, Wrestling & Weightlifting.

Facilities provided

Under the Scheme, the trainees are provided Boarding & lodging, Educational Expenses, Sports kit, Insurance, Medical cover, Competition exposure & scientific coaching from experienced coaches.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount
1.	Boarding/lodging for 300 days (per head per day)	125.00
2.	Educational expenses (per head per annum)	1000.00
3.	Sports Equipment (per unit per annum)	27500.00
4.	Maintenance of Playfields and	20000.00
	Magazines/Periodicals (per unit per annum)	2500.00
5.	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	2000.00
6.	Competition Exposure (per head per annum)	2000.00
7.	Medical (per head per annum)	300.00
8.	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00
9.	One-time grant of linen and Blankets etc. (per annum)	2000.00

Status Position

At present, there are 15 Centres in which 984 Boys are being trained.

SAI Training Centres (STC) Scheme

The main objective of the scheme is to train meritorious sports persons in the age group of 14-21 years. Relaxation in age is given in meritorious cases and also in disciplines of Gymnastics and Swimming. Under the scheme, the Centres are set up in joint collaboration with State Govt./UT Administration. The following facilities are provided by the State Government and Sports Authority of India:

a) *Facilities to be provided by the State Govt.:*

- i) A suitable building for hostel with facilities for catering, library, recreation and family accommodation for In-charge of the Hostel and the coaches.
- ii) Playfields/ Indoor Hall/ Swimming Pool depending on the disciplines identified.
- iii) Maintenance of playfields for day to day training.
- iv) Annual maintenance of the hostel building.

b) *Facilities to be provided by SAI:*

- i) Furniture for hostel and catering equipment.
- ii) Nutritious and balanced diet.
- iii) Sports kit.
- iv) Coaches.
- v) Sports equipment.
- vi) Medical assistance and insurance.
- vii) Administrative and catering staff.
- viii) Electricity, water and administrative staff.

Selection criteria

- Medal winners in State/National Level Competitions in Individual events and Team games are automatically admitted into the Scheme subject to their being found medically fit.
- Medal winners at District Level Competition or having participation in State Level Competitions are admitted subject to their being found fit medically/physically and also having the required potential which is assessed by battery of tests.

Disciplines covered

Archery, Athletics, Badminton, Basketball, Boxing, Cycling, Diving, Football, Fencing, Gymnastics, Handball, Hockey, Judo, Kabaddi, Kho-Kho, Karate, Lawn Tennis, Swimming, Sepak-Takraw, Shooting, Softball, Table Tennis, Taekwando, Volleyball, Water Sports, Weightlifting, Wrestling, & Wushu

Facilities provided

The details of financial assistance provided to residential and non-residential trainees under the scheme is given below :-

Residential Trainees:

S.N.	Particulars	Amount(Rs.)
1	Boarding Expenses (per day per head) Non- Hilly Areas for 330 days	125.00
	Hilly Areas for 330 Days (Per day per head)	140.00
2	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	4000.00
3	Competition Exposure (per head per annum)	3000.00
4	Education Expenses(per head per annum)	1000.00
5	Medical Expenses(per head per annum)	300.00
6	Insurance(per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/- being paid per head per annum)	150.00
	Other Expenses(per head per annum)	100.00

Non-Residential Trainees:

S.N.	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
1	Sports Kit (per trainee per annum)	4000.00
2	Competition exposure (per head per annum)	3000.00
3	Stipend (per head per annum)	6000.00
4	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/- being paid per head per annum)	150.00

- (i) The Annual Maintenance Grant for SAI Training Centres/Special Area Games Centres is revised as concurred by the Finance Committee and approved by the Governing Body in the meeting held on 6th August 2010 from the existing Rs. 7.5 lacs to:-
- Upto 50 trainees - 7.50 lacs
 - 50-75 trainees - 10.00 lacs
 - 75-100 trainees - 12.50 lacs
 - 100-150 trainees - 15.00 lacs
 - Above 150 trainees – 20.00 lacs
- (ii) Scientific training is imparted to inducted trainees by the experienced coaches, besides Boarding & lodging, Sports kit, Competition exposure, insurance & medical cover, educational expenses. The management, maintenance and upkeep of the centres are looked after by the SAI.

Status Position

At present, there are **61** Centres in which **7459 (5194 Boys & 2265 Girls)** are being trained.

Special Area Games (SAG) Scheme

The main objective of the scheme is to scout natural talent for modern competitive games and sports from tribal, rural, coastal and hilly areas of the country and also from regions having genetic/geographic advantage and nurture them scientifically for achieving excellence in modern competitive games and sports. The trainees are adopted in the age group of 14-21 years.

The Special Area Games Centres are started in consultation with the State Govts./UT Administration. The State Govt. has to provide requisite land with infrastructure. However, in case of non-availability of infrastructure, the State Govt. has to provide developed land on long-term lease basis to SAI enabling it to create the required facilities. Before the start of the Centre, an Agreement has to be signed between SAI and the State/UT Govt.

Selection criteria

- (a) Medal winners in State/National Level Competitions are automatically admitted into the Scheme subject to their being found medically fit.
- (b) Medal winners at District Level Competition or having participation in State Level Competitions are admitted subject to their being found fit medically/physically and also having the required potential, which is assessed by battery of tests.

Facilities provided

- (i) The details of financial assistance provided to residential and non-residential trainees under the scheme is given below :-

Residential Trainees :

S.N.	Particulars	Amount
1	Boarding Expenses (per head per annum) Non- Hilly Areas for 330 days	125.00
	Hilly Areas for 330 Days(per head per annum)	140.00
2	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	4000.00
3	Competition Exposure (per head per annum)	3000.00
4	Education Expenses(per head per annum)	1000.00
	Medical Expenses(per head per annum)	300.00
5	Insurance(per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	30.00
	Other Expenses(per head per annum)	100.00

Non-Residential Trainees:

SN	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
1	Sports Kit (per trainee per year)	4000.00
2	Competition exposure (per trainee per year)	3000.00
3	Stipend (per trainee per year)	6000.00
4	Insurance (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00

Disciplines covered

Archery, Athletics, Badminton, Boxing, Basketball, Canoeing & Kayaking, Cycling, Fencing, Football, Gymnastics, Handball, Hockey, Judo, Karate Kabaddi, Rowing, Shooting, Swimming, Taekwando, Volleyball, Weightlifting, Wrestling & Wushu.

Status position

At present, there are **21** Centres in which **1929** trainees (**1116** Boys & **813** Girls) are being trained.

Extension Centres of STC/SAG Centres to cover schools/colleges for wider coverage

The basic concept of the scheme is to develop sports standard in schools and colleges who organize specific sports and have shown commendable results. The trainees in the age group of 14-21 years are adopted under the scheme.

Selection of the Institution

Schools and colleges actively involved in sports and having adequate infrastructure are eligible under this scheme. The institution should have a past history of producing national and international sports persons. The Schools and Colleges should also agreeable to the norms laid down by the Sports Authority of India from time to time.

Selection of trainees & age group:

There will not be more than 20 trainees in a School/College between the age group of 14 to 21. The students of nearby schools/colleges can also be admitted. The selection of trainees is done by a duly constituted committee consisting of (1) Regional Director or his representative (2) The Head of the College/Institute or his representative (3) Experts/Coaches from the school/college of the concerned discipline (4) Outstanding sports persons of the area. The recommendation of the Committee send to Head Office for final approval. Age can be relaxed in exceptional cases only with the recommendation of above committee and approval of the Head Office.

Monitoring:

These Extension Centres are monitored by the nearest STC/SAG and the Regional Centre Head under which it falls. The power to sanction such centres would rest with the Director General.

Facilities provided:

- (i) Annual Maintenance grant upto Rs.1.00 lacs per centre per annum for 20 players
- (ii) Facilities to the trainees are provided as under:-

S.N.	Particulars	Amount
1	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	4000.00
2	Competition exposure(per head per annum)	2000.00
3	Stipend (per head for 10 months in a year)	6000.00
4	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00
5	To support infrastructure and equipment in the identified institutions, financial support per trainee per year(per head per annum)	5000.00

The services of coaches are provided to these Schools/Colleges on requirement basis.

Status position

At present, there are **94** Extension Centres in which **1760** non residential trainees (**1081** Boys & **679** Girls) are being trained.

Centre of Excellence (COE) Scheme

The scheme envisages advance training of elite sports persons in particular disciplines and also to provide competition exposure. The trainees in the age group of 17-25 years are selected under the scheme who have shown promising performance in the senior national competitions.

These Centres of Excellence operate as regular coaching camps for the best available talent in India and provide two or possibly three concurrent layers of highly skilled sports persons giving a wider choice of talent and continuity for later selection to National Teams and provide alternative second and third options for the National Teams.

Selection criteria

i) For Individual Events

Sportspersons who are ranked best 6 in Sr National Competitions (Open National meets, Inter-State Competitions (Sr Group), Inter University (Sr Group), Circuit Meets, Permit Meet, Federation Cup etc.) are eligible, for admission.

ii) For Team Games

Players who reach semi finals in any Open National Competition or Sr National Competitions (including, Nehru Hockey Gold Cup Tournament, Subroto Cup Football Tournament, KD Singh Babu Hockey Tournament, Indira Gandhi Memorial gold Cup tournament, Brighton Cup etc.) are eligible for admission to the Scheme.

In Lawn Tennis, players who are ranked best 10 on All India basis is eligible for admission.

Disciplines covered

Archery, Athletics, Badminton, Boxing, Cycling, Fencing, Football, Gymnastics, Hockey, Judo, Kayaking & Canoeing, Karate Kabaddi, Swimming, Table Tennis, Taekwando, Volleyball, Weightlifting, Wrestling & Wushu.

Facilities provided

Under the Scheme, the trainees are admitted both on residential and non-residential basis where they are provided scientific training from experienced coaches and AC 2nd Class to and fro train fare for Home town twice a year, besides the following facilities:

Residential Trainees:

S. N.	Particulars	Amount (Rs)
1	Boarding Expenses for 330 days (per day per head)	175.00
2.	Sports Kit(per head per annum)	6000.00
3.	Competition Exposure(per head per annum)	3000.00
5.	Medical Expenses(per head per annum)	500.00
6.	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00
7.	Other Expenses(per head per annum)	100.00

Non - Residential Trainees:

S. N.	Particulars	Amount (Rs)
1	Sports Kit (per head per annum)	6000.00
2	Competition exposure(per head per annum)	3000.00
3	Stipend (per head per annum)	9000.00
4	Insurance (per head per annum) (Presently Rs.32/-being paid per head per annum)	150.00

Status position

At present, there are **12** Centers in which **323** trainees (**163** Boys & **160** Girls) are being trained.

Regional centres/sub-centres of SAI

The different Sports Promotional Schemes and the academic programmes of SAI are being implemented through the Regional Centres/Sub-Centres and Academic Institutions spread across the country.

Netaji Subhas Eastern Centre, Kolkata

The SAI Eastern Centre established was on 23rd Jan., 1983 at Salt Lake City, Kolkata on an area of 42 acres and covers the States of Bihar, Jharkhand, Orissa, West Bengal, Tripura and Andaman & Nicobar Islands.

SAI Netaji Subhas Southern Centre, Bangalore

The Southern Centre was established on 13th April, 1974 at Sree Kanteerava Stadium, Bangalore and later on shifted to its present location at Jnanabharathi Campus, Bangalore University, Mysore Road, Bangalore on 29th July, 1985. The Centre is spread over 101.2 acres of land and covers the States of Karnataka, Kerala, Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Puducherry and Lakshadweep.

SAI Netaji Subhas Western Centre, Gandhinagar

The Western Centre, Gandhinagar was established on 29th August, 1987 on 64 acres of land and covers the States of Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Rajasthan and UT of Daman & Diu and Dadar & Nagar Haveli. However, in the month of July 7.5 Acres of Land of SAI Western Centre were handed back to the State Government of Gujarat for the development of Mahatma Gandhi Mandir Project.

SAI Udhav Das Mehta (Bhai ji) Central Centre, Bhopal

The SAI Central Centre was established at Delhi in April, 1988. Subsequently, the Centre was shifted to Bhopal in 2001 and renamed as Udhav Das Mehta (Bhai ji) Central Regional Centre. The Centre has an area of 97 acres of land provided by the Govt. of Madhya Pradesh which is located at Gram Gora, Bishen Kheri, Bhopal and covers the States of Madhya Pradesh and Chhattisgarh.

SAI Ch. Devi Lal Northern Regional Centre, Sonapat

The Northern Centre of SAI was set up on 15th October, 1991 at Chandigarh to implement the schemes of SAI as well as of the MYAS in the States of Northern region. Govt. of Haryana allotted 83 acres of land at Sonapat for establishment of Regional Centre and creation of sports infrastructure/playing facilities. The Governing Body of SAI at its meeting held on 12th Nov. 2001 approved the shifting of Regional centre from Chandigarh to Sonapat and to rename it after late Chaudhary Devi Lal, Former Deputy Prime Minister of India. The Centre now covers the States of Haryana and Delhi.

SAI Centre at Chandigarh

In pursuance to the decision taken by the Governing Body in its 36th meeting held on 23rd Feb. '09, one SAI Centre has been established at Chandigarh w.e.f. 25th Feb. '09 which covers the States of Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Himachal Pradesh and U.T. of Chandigarh.

SAI Netaji Subhas North-East Regional Centre, Imphal

The North-Eastern Regional Centre was established at Takyel, Imphal on 15th September, 1986 on 64 acres of land and covers the States of Manipur, Mizoram and Nagaland.

SAI Netaji Subhas Sub-Centre, Lucknow:

SAI Netaji Subhas Sub-Centre, Lucknow was inaugurated on 23rd Feb., 2004 has an area of 52 acres of land and covers the States of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand.

SAI Netaji Subhas North-East Sub-Centre, Guwahati

SAI North-Eastern Regional Sub-Centre established at Guwahati in the year 1987, has an area of 7.5 acres of land and it covers the States of Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh and Sikkim.

OTHER IMPORTANT CENTRES

SAI Rajiv Gandhi High Altitude Training Centre, Shillaroo (H.P.)

The SAI Rajiv Gandhi High Altitude Training Centre, Shillaroo (H.P.), functioning under SAI NSNIS, Patiala, has an area of 39 acres of land.

ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS

Netaji Subhas National Institute of Sports (NSNIS) Patiala and the Lakshmbai National College of Physical Education (LNCPE), Thiruvananthapuram are the two academic institutions under SAI.

Netaji Subhas National Institute of Sports, Patiala



NSNIS- PATIALA

The National Institute of Sports set up by the Govt. of India on 7th May 1961 to herald an era of systematic and scientific sports coaching in country in the year 1973 to the memory of Netaji Subhas Chander Bose, became Academic Division of Sports Authority of India w.e.f. 1st May 1987. It is considered as a premier sports Institute in Asia and is located at Moti Bagh Palace, Patiala (Punjab) with a total area of 268 Acres.

Aims & Objectives of the Institute

- To conduct short & long term academic courses in sports coaching, sports sciences and other related fields.
- To raise the competence of the coaches through organization of Refresher Courses for Coaches.
- To provide assistance to the National Sports Federations for conducting the National Coaching Camps to international competition.
- To provide scientific back-up to the elite sportspersons for achievement of high level performance.
- To organize conferences, seminars and workshops, on sports related subjects.
- To serve as a source of information and counseling on sports infrastructure, through experts.
- To implement Sports Promotional Schemes of SAI.
- To identify sports talent in identified disciplines and to groom them through scientific sports coaching for achievement of excellence in sports.
- To implement the sports promotions schemes of the MYA&S.

ACADEMIC PROGRAMMES

(i) DIPLOMA COURSE IN SPORTS COACHING

- a) The 10 ½ months diploma course is being conducted by the institute, at three different academic centres at Patiala, Bangalore, and Kolkata.

At **Patiala** the training is being imparted in sixteen disciplines of Athletics, Basketball, Boxing, Cricket, Cycling, Fencing, Football, Gymnastics, Handball, Hockey, Judo, Table Tennis, Volleyball, Weightlifting, Wrestling and Wuhu. In all 267 students were admitted in these disciplines.

At **Bangalore**, the training is being imparted in ten disciplines of Athletic, Badminton, Hockey, Kabaddi, Kho-Kho, Lawn Tennis, Softball, Swimming, Taekwondo and Volleyball. In all, 144 students were admitted for this training course at Bangalore.

At **Kolkata** the training is being imparted in four disciplines of archery, athletics, boxing and football. In all, 43 students are undergoing training at this centre.

Overall 454 students are undergoing training for the diploma course in 22 sports disciplines at these three centres.

ii. M.Sc. in Sports Coaching

The Master's Course in Sports Coaching was started in the year 1979 in nine sports discipline. This Course affiliated with Punjabi University, Patiala is conducted by the Institute at its Patiala Centre only.

iii. Certificate Course in Sports Coaching

The 6-weeks Certificate Course in Sports Coaching under Mass Education Programme was conducted by the institute at various SAI Centres: Patiala, NS Western Centre, LNCPE, Thiruvananthapuram, SAI NS Southern Centre, Bangalore, SAI Eastern Centre, Kolkata and SAI STC, Training Centre Kandivali(East), Mumbai, and Bikaner(Rajasthan) from 17th May to 25th June, 2010.

In all 371 students attended the course in 23 sports disciplines: Archery-05 Athletics-60, Badminton-11, Basketball-34, Boxing-08, Cricket-26, Football-34, Handball-15, Hockey-23, Health Fitness & management-27, Judo-03, Kabaddi-25, Kho-Kho-11, Netball-06, Tennis-03, Swimming-17, Table Tennis-06, Taekwondo-06, Volleyball-17, Wrestling-14, Wushu-10 and Yoga-10.

iv. Refresher Course

Besides Refresher Course/Workshops for coaches were conducted during the year.

Lakshmibai National College of Physical Education LNCPE), Thiruvananthapuram

The Lakshmibai National College of Physical Education (LNCPE), Kariavattom, Thiruvananthapuram, was set up on 17th August, 1985 under by the then Deptt. of Youth Affairs & Sports, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Govt. of India. Subsequently, the college became an academic division of the Sports Authority of India at par with National Institute of Physical & Sports (SNIPES) Board with SAI w.e.f. 1st May 1987. The College is affiliated to University of Kerala.

The college aims to provide excellent facilities for the upliftment of physical education & sports in the country and to serve as the model institute for teachers' training by offering under-graduate, Post-graduate and research courses.

Aims & Objectives:

- To prepare highly competent and skilled leaders in the field of physical education, sports and games.
- To serve as a Centre of Excellence for research in physical education , Sports Sciences and allied areas
- To provide technical, professional and academic leadership to other institutions of physical education.
- To develop and promote programmes of mass physical education activity
- To develop model health and fitness programmes for the general population and sports in specific.

b) Academic Programmes

Under the Academic programme, the college offered following courses during the academic year:-

- (i) Bachelor of Physical Education (3 years)
- (ii) Master of Physical Education (2 years)
- (iii) Regular and Part-time Ph.D. Programme

Students Strength:

Class	Total Seats	Boys	Girls	Total Strength
BPE-I	50	34	14	48
BPE-II	50	19	22	41
BPE-III	50	21	18	39
MPE-I	25	15	10	25
MPE-II	25	13	09	22
	200	102	73	175

One year M.Phil course in Physical Education has started at LNCPE Thiruvananthapuram from academic session 2010-11 and there are 6 students undergoing the course.

5 students undergoing Ph (D) full time and 15 students part time in Physical Education.

c) Certificate Courses:

Certificate Courses were organized in 04 disciplines, i.e., Basketball, Cricket, Volleyball and Health & Fitness Management from 17th May to 25th June 2010 in which 33 students completed the course.

National Coaching Scheme

The National Coaching Scheme caters to the objectives of broad-basing sports throughout the country and provides scientific training to achieve excellence in sports. As on 31st Dec, 2010, 1222 Coaches were deployed in 19 sports disciplines to impart training to young sportspersons under different Operational Schemes of SAI and 151 coaches are working on contract basis. Coaches were also provided earlier to the State Govts./UT Admn. for their State Coaching Centres for promotion of sports. In addition to this, the coaches are also engaged in the training of National Teams and in the Academic Wing for conducting Diploma/Master Degree Courses in different sports disciplines. The coaches are also provided to Universities/Navodaya and Kendriya Vidyalayas for imparting coaching/training. Monitoring System has been introduced in SAI for effective utilization of services of above coaches.

STADIA DIVISION

The Stadia Division is responsible for formulating policy guidelines for utilization of different facilities created in the stadia at Delhi with the twin objective of broad-basing sports and to achieve excellence in sports.

Objectives:

To provide facilities and venues for

- ❖ National/International competitions
- ❖ National Coaching Camps
- ❖ Regular Coaching for local talent
- ❖ Pay & Play activities
- ❖ Educational Institutions/Federations/other organizations to conduct their sports tournament(s) at different levels.

The following stadia which were constructed/renovated for the IXth Asian Games held in New Delhi in 1982 are being maintained and utilized by SAI on behalf of MYA&S. Name of the Stadiums are as under:

S.No.	Name of the Stadium
1.	Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium Complex
2.	Indira Gandhi Stadium Complex
3.	Major Dhyan Chand National Stadium
4.	Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherji Swimming Pool Complex
5.	Dr. Karni Singh Shooting Ranges

SAI was one of the stakeholders in preparation for the XIX Commonwealth Games which was held in Delhi from 03rd to 14th October, 2010. The above stadia were also venues for these Games and handed over to CPWD for creation/upgradation of requisite facilities.

TEAMS DIVISION

TEAMS (Training of Elite Athletes & Management Support) Division is entrusted with the responsible of preparing the National Teams in the different disciplines for various national & International Sports events in coordination with the national Sports Federations concerned, on behalf of the Ministry of YA & Sports. In other words, it provides necessary facilities to elite sportsperson preparing for international sports events like Olympic Games, Asian Games, Commonwealth Games and various other international competitions in India and abroad. It implements the plans prepared by various National Sports Federations vide their LTDPs and approved by the Committee for preparation of National Teams for National and International Tournaments by organizing coaching camps, engagement of foreign coaches, sending athletes/teams for participation in international sports events abroad.

Sports Science back-up

SAI provides scientific back-up in the form of doctors in Sports Medicine, Scientists, Physiotherapists and Masseurs etc. to the Sportspersons during national coaching camps for enhancing their fitness, recovery from injury and recovery from medical deficiency.

Equipment Support

SAI provides necessary equipment support, both imported as well as indigenous, to the national campers.

Come and Play Scheme:

For optimum utilization of its 5 stadia which were renovated at substantial cost for CWG 2010, Sports Authority of India (SAI) has introduced 'Come and Play Scheme' in May 2011. The designated areas in the SAI Stadia viz., Jawahar Lal Nehru Stadium, Dr. Karni Singh Shooting Ranges, Dr. SPM Swimming Pool Complex, Major Dhyan Chand Hockey Stadium, Indira Gandhi Indoor Stadium (Gymnastics, Wrestling and Cycling Velodrome) were thrown open in May 2011 for both imparting professional training to established sportspersons and also to beginners with the objective to encourage participation in sports and for optimum utilization of stadia. 'Come and Play Scheme' received a very enthusiastic response and more than 10000 trainees enrolled for using the sports facilities for practice and training in disciplines such as Badminton, Boxing, Basketball, Cricket, Cycling, Football, Hockey, Gymnastics, Judo Shooting, Swimming, Table Tennis, Volleyball, Weightlifting and Wrestling.

After Scheme's successful launch in Delhi, SAI launched 'Come & Play Scheme' in all centres of Sports Authority of India (SAI) spread across the country from 1st October 2011 with the objective of encouraging the youth in the local area to use the sports facilities available at these centres and to impart coaching, primarily to the beginners, to encourage participation in sports. This would result in optimal utilization of the sports facilities. 'Come and Play' Scheme would also lead to talent scouting. Meritorious talent emerging from this Scheme will also form a pool and entry link for induction into regular residential sports promotional schemes of STC and SAG. Talent emerging from this Scheme can also be financed under various other Schemes of the Ministry and SAI.

De-merger of National Institute (NIS), Patiala from Sports Authority of India (SAI) for setting up of National Institute of Coaching Education: The availability of well qualified coaches is a critical area for the promotion of sports excellence, and requires focused attention in the Indian context. There is need for producing quality coaches of international standards within the country and develop a holistic system for imparting coaching. Keeping this objective in view, the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports has decided to de-merge National Institute of Sports (NIS), Patiala from Sports Authority of India (SAI) for forming a new society for creating an institute for coaching of national importance. Governing Body of SAI at its meeting held on 2.11.2011 approved de-merger of NIS, Patiala from SAI. This decision of the Government is aimed at restoring the position of NIS Patiala as a premier national institute for coaching education.

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LAKSHMIBAI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION, GWALIOR

1. Introduction:

The Lakshmibai National University of Physical Education was established initially as a College on 17th August in 1957 i.e. the centenary year of the war of India's Independence. The Institute is located at Gwalior, where Rani Lakshmibai of Jhansi had laid down her life for the country's freedom struggle. In recognition of the services rendered by the Institute in the field of physical education and sports, Deemed University status has been conferred upon it by the Government of India on recommendations of University Grants Commission under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956 in the year 1995. The Institute is an autonomous organization under administrative control of Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, Government of India and it is registered under the M.P. societies Registration Act, 1973.

2. Objectives:

The objectives of the Institute are as under:-

- To prepare highly qualified teachers and leaders in the field of Physical Education and Sports.
- To serve as a Center of Excellence and Innovation in Physical Education and to undertake, promote and disseminate research in this field.
- To provide professional and academic leadership to other institutes in the field of Physical Education,
- To provide vocational guidance and placement services to the professionals in this field.
- To promote mass-participation in Physical Education and Sports.
- To develop and promote programmes of Physical Education and Sports in the country.
- To encourage and produce scientific contemporary literature in the field of Physical Education and Sports.
- To provide community services in the field of Physical Education and Sports.

3. Departments:

The Institute has the following eight functional Departments:-

- Department of Teacher Education Pedagogy
- Department of Exercise Physiology

- Department of Psychology
- Department of Sports Biomechanics
- Department of Sports Management and Mass Communication
- Department of Sports Coaching
- Department of Health Sciences & Yoga
- Department of Research Development and Advanced Studies

4. Courses offered:

The Institute presently offers the following Courses:-

1.	Bachelor of Physical Education (B.P.Ed.)	4 years Integrated Degree Course
2.	Master of Physical Education (M.P.Ed.)	4 Semester Degree Course
3.	Master of Philosophy in Physical Edu. (M.Phil.)	18 month Degree Course
4.	Doctor in Physical Education (Ph. D. -Full Time)	
5.	P.G. Diploma in Sports Management	1 Year
6.	P.G. Diploma in Sports Coaching	1 Year
7.	P.G. Diploma in Sports Coaching (For in-service Defence Personnel only)	1 Year
8.	P.G. Diploma in Yoga with Alternate Therapy	1 Year
9.	P.G. Diploma in Fitness Management	1 Year

In addition to the above courses a large number of short duration Certificate Courses in different subjects are being run from time to time.

5. Board of Management

The Union Minister for Youth Affairs and Sports is the President of the Institute. The apex body of the Institute is the Board of Management and the Secretary (Sports) is its Chairperson (Ex-officio). The composition of the Board of Management is as under :-

- Secretary (Sports), Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, Government of India-
Chairperson (ex-officio).
- Vice Chancellor of the Institute- Member.
- Dean of faculty (if any) not exceeding three by rotation and on seniority - Member.
- Three nominees of the President of Institute - Member.
- One nominee of the Chairman, UGC- Member.
- One nominee of the Government of India- Member.
- Two nominees of the funding agency/agencies - Member.
- Three teachers of the Institute (Professor, Reader and Lecturer)
(by rotation according to seniority) - Member.
- One nominee of the sponsoring Society - Member.

6. Grants-in-aids

The Institute is fully funded by the Grants-in-Aids from the Government of India, Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports and allocation of Grants during the year 2011-10 till 31.12.11 is as under :-

i.	Plan	Rs. 10.00 Crores
ii.	Non-Plan	Rs. 07.22 Crores
iii.	Income generated by the Institute up to December, 2011	Rs. 02.75 Crores
iv.	NERC grant	Rs. 03.75 Crores

7. North East Regional Centre:

The North East Regional Centre at Guwahati commenced physical functioning from current academic year (2011-12). The Institute has been running 1st year, 2nd year and 3rd year during the current academic session. Recognizing the need of regular man-power for the NERC, Guwahati, the Government of India sanctioned a total of 11 posts during the reporting year.

The Vice Chancellor had a visit to NERC, Guwahati in August-September, 2011, and had a meeting with the Hon'ble Chief Minister and Sports Minister, Government of Assam for expediting the finalization of MoU for permanent transfer of Tepasia Sports Complex to the Institute.

8. Academic details

Class-wise strength, 2011-12 :

S.No.	Class	Boys	Girls	Total
1.	BPEd-I (Gwalior)	99	42	141
	(Guwahati)	35	12	47
2.	BPEd-II (Gwalior)	90	38	128
	(Guwahati)	33	13	46
3.	BPEd-III (Gwalior)	86	37	123
	(Guwahati)	21	07	28
4.	BPEd-IV	90	35	125
5.	MPed (I Semester)	55	23	78
6.	MPed (III Semester)	40	18	58
7.	M.Phil	00	01	01
8.	Ph.D. (Regular)	07	02	09
	Ph.D. (Part Time)	29	09	38
	Total:	585	237	822

9. Infrastructural facilities

The Institute is co-educational and fully residential ever since its inception, it is well equipped with the infrastructural facilities including play-fields, buildings etc. The following major facilities have been added during the year 2011-12:-

a) Administrative Building:

The Administrative Building has been constructed through N.B.C.C. at an estimated cost of Rs. 911.94 lakhs. This was inaugurated by Shri Ajay Maken, Hon'ble MOS (IC), YAS on 27th April, 2011.

b) Squash Court Complex:

The Squash Court has been constructed through C.P.W.D. at an estimated cost of Rs. 268.797 lakhs. This was inaugurated by Lt. Gen. D.S. Chauhan, AVSM, Director General DIA & DCIDS (Intelligence) on 15.11.2011.

In addition to the above completed projects, the Institute has the following on-going constructions:-

- a) Extension of Yoga Building.
- b) Construction of seating step at both side of Tennis Court.

The Institute has also planned the following construction at NERC, Guwahati, at Tepasia Sports Complex:

- a) 400 meter Cinder Track
- b) Boys Hostel for 150 capacity
- c) Girls Hostel for 100 capacity
- d) Type-V accommodation
- e) Swimming Pool

10. Activities

Major activities carried out during the year 2011-2012:-

- a) Shri Ajay Maken, Hon'ble MOS (IC), Youth Affairs and Sports visited the Institute on 27th April, 2011 to inaugurate newly constructed Administrative Building. He also had an interaction and discussion with senior faculty and administrative staff and also visited various facilities of the Institute.



Shri Ajay Maken garlanding the bust of Rani Lakshmi Bai of Jhansi

- b) The LNUPE, Gwalior is having PYKKA Resource Centre, which conducted various Master Trainer Programs during the reporting year.
- c) The Institute in collaboration with Udbhav Society organized 'MARATHAN' on 15th May, 2011, which was inaugurated by Shri Jyotiradiya Scindia, Hon'ble Minister of State for Commerce and Industries.
- d) The appointments for various vacant posts in Gwalior as well as NERC, Guwahati have been made through the meetings of Selection Committees.
- e) A total of 7 Research Projects of faculty members of the Institute have been approved by the University Grants Commission during the reporting year.
- f) The Institute organized Summer Coaching Camps in as much as 18 games during the summer vacations for the public of greater Gwalior which was participated 2118 students. This is an earning source for the Institute.

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- g) The admission of students in various courses was finalized during the months of July and August, 2011 by All India Test at various centres in India.
 - h) The Institute organized various activities during Raj Bhasha Week from 14th to 20th September, 2011 including competitions for the staff members.
 - i) Online applications for sanction of additional intake of 200 seats in BPEd and 120 seats in MPed for LNUPE, Gwalior and 200 seats in MPed at NERC, Guwahati have been submitted in the month of September, 2011.
 - j) Shri R.S. Chib, Hon'ble Minister for Medical Education, Technical Education, Youth Services and Sports, Government of J&K visited the Institute on 30.11.2011. He was apprised of the activities of the Institute, visited various facilities and was impressed with the same. He also offered to conduct Leadership Training Camp in any part of the J&K in the coming summer vacations.

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PANCHYAT YUVA KRIDA AUR KHEL ABHIYAN (PYKKA)

Introduction:

Sport plays a crucial role in the physical fitness and well being of people, apart from contributing to social inclusiveness, gender equality and youth development. India, to become a leading country in the world of sports, needs a strong network of sports infrastructure up to the grassroots level; organized competitions at all levels; integration of sports and physical education with the formal educational system; and development of a sporting culture. Towards this endeavor, Government of India introduced a nation-wide rural sports programme called 'Panchayat Yuva Krida Aur Khel Abhiyan' (PYKKA) in the year 2008-09. It is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS), being implemented through State Governments/ UT administrators.

Aims of PYKKA:

- creation of basic sports infrastructure in 2.50 lakh village panchayats and 6,400 block panchayats (and its equivalent units in the country), in a phased manner, over a period of 10 years, with annual coverage of 10% for normal states, and 20% for border districts touching international borders, special category states and in North- Eastern states;
- providing 100% central assistance to States/UTs for holding annual rural sports competitions at block, district, state and national level; and
- extending financial support for conducting National Women Championship, and North East Games.

Objectives of PYKKA:

- To create a network of basic sports infrastructure throughout the country;
- To provide universal access to sports in rural areas and promote a sports culture,
- To harness available and potential sporting talent among rural youth, through a well designed competition structure starting from the block level;

Funding pattern:

Infrastructure grant: Development of basic sports infrastructure in village/block panchayats:

S.No.	Component	Village Panchayat	Block Panchayat
1.	One-time Capital Grant for levelling of playfields, etc. (in the ratio of 75:25 between centre and states; and 90:10 in the case of special category states / North- Eastern states.	Rs.1 lakh	Rs.5 lakh
	(100% central grant)		
2.	Annual Acquisition Grant for 5 (five) years, for sports kit/ equipment.	Rs.10,000/-	Rs.20,000/-
3.	Annual Operational Grant for 5 (five) years, for maintenance expenses, including honorarium to kridashrees.	Rs.12,000/-	Rs.24,000/-

Annual Competitions (100% central grant): Quantum of grant-in-aid for holding competitions at various levels is tabulated below:-

	Competitions	Funding pattern
	PYKKA Rural Competitions:	
1	Block Level Competitions	Rs.50,000/- @ Rs. 10,000/- per discipline for 5 disciplines + Rs. 45,000/- prize money for the first three winning village panchayat.
2	District Level Competitions	Rs. 2 lakh @ Rs. 20,000/- per discipline for 10 disciplines + Rs. 90,000/- prize money for the first three winning block panchayat.
3	State Level Competitions	(i) Rs.10 lakh for state@ Rs. 1 lakh per discipline for 10 disciplines; (ii) Rs. 5 lakh for UT @ Rs. 50,000/- per discipline, for 10 disciplines. Note: 20% of total amount will be utilized for award of prizes.
4	National Level Competitions	Rs.70 lakh (Rs. 3.50 lakh per discipline for 20 disciplines) to host state. Note: Rs.50,000/- out of Rs.3.50 lakh per discipline is earmarked for award of prizes, medals, trophies etc.

North East Games: These games are for encouraging/promoting traditional and tribal sports. Funding norms for conduct of district, state and national level games, limited to NE states had been enhanced with effect from 3rd February, 2010.

Competitions		Funding pattern
North East Games:		
(i)	District Level	Rs. 50,000/-
(ii)	State Level	Rs. 6 lakh @ Rs. 75,000/- per discipline for 8 disciplines.
(iii)	National Level	Rs. 55.90 lakh

National Sports Festival for Women: National Championship for women has been brought under PYKKA scheme from 2010-12 with the following enhanced funding norms:

Competitions		Funding pattern
Women Competitions:		
(i)	District level	Rs. 1.20 lakh @ Rs. 10,000/- per discipline for 12 disciplines.
(ii)	State Level	Rs. 6 lakh for State @ Rs. 50,000/- per discipline for 12 disciplines; Rs. 3 lakh for UT @ Rs. 25,000/- per discipline for 12 disciplines.
(iii)	National Level	Rs. 42 lakh @ Rs. 3.50 lakh per discipline for 12 disciplines.

Administrative Structure:

A. National Level:

- The General Council of PYKKA, headed by the Union Sports Minister is the highest policy making body. The Executive Committee of the PYKKA scheme chaired by Secretary (Sports) is empowered to approve the PYKKA Mission Plan, detailed Annual Action Plans of States/UTs etc.;
- Mission Directorate, headed by Joint Secretary (Sports) in the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports executes the programme at national level in association with the Sports Authority of India (SAI) Lakshmibai National University of Physical Education, Gwalior and Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan (NYKS). Agencies like UNICEF, Magic Bus and Isha Foundation are also associated as knowledge partners for the scheme.

B. State Level:

- According to the PYKKA guidelines, each State/UT has to set up PYKKA cell in the Sports Department or Sports Authority/Council to implement/monitor the scheme. Rs. 30,000/- p.m. is provided to each State for engaging technical consultant or supporting staff in lieu thereof.
- State level Executive Committees are headed by the Chief Secretaries of States. District and Block level Executive Committees are headed by the Presidents of the respective Zila Parishads and Block panchayats; and
- States/UTs have been asked to associate the Members of Parliament (M.Ps) with the District level Executive Committees.

Plan outlay, Budget allocation and utilization:

A plan outlay of Rs.1,500 crore has been earmarked in the Eleventh Five Year Plan for the PYKKA scheme. A statement showing budget allocation and utilization for development of basic sports infrastructure facilities in village/block panchayats and holding annual competitions at block, district, state and national level including North East Games, since inception of the Scheme and up to 31st December, 2011 of the current financial year is tabulated below:-

(Rs. in crore)

Sl. No.	Year	Budget allocation	Budget utilization		
			Infrastructure component	Competitions	Total
(i)	2008-09	92.00	83.85	8.15	92.00
(ii)	2009-10	135.00	105.00	30.00	135.00
(iii)	2010-11	350.00	260.15	84.85	350.00
(iv)	2011-12*	165.20	105.68*	29.85*	135.53*
	Total	740.20	554.68	152.85	712.53

*Figures up to 31st December, 2011

Utilization of budget has been 100% since introduction of the Scheme.

Fund is released to States and UTs on submission of proposals fulfilling the terms and conditions of the scheme.

Development of basic Sports Infrastructure facilities: Summary of village/block panchayats approved and financial assistance released so far, to States/UTs is given below in a tabular form:-

(Rs. in crore)

Sl. No.	Year	Number of proposals (of states) approved	Number of Village Panchayats approved	Number of Block Panchayats approved	Admissible grant approved	Amount released
(i)	2008-09	24	22,385	601	246.22	83.85@
(ii)	2009-10	9	2,225	135	28.66	105.00
(iii)	2010-11	20	22,448	681	285.40	260.84^
(iv)	2011-12*	3	2738	44	31.39	105.68
	Total	56	49,796	1,461	591.67	555.37

@ Figure is less vis-à-vis approved figure, due to less budget allocation in 2008-09.

inclusive of Rs. 0.69 crore released to Puduchery by SAI out of unspent grant.

* upto 31st December, 2011.

The PYKKA scheme has been adopted in 28 States and 3 UTs in respect of basic sports infrastructure development, out of a total of 35 States/UTs. Four UTs namely Daman and Diu, Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Chandigarh and Delhi have not yet adopted the PYKKA scheme. So far (upto to 31st December, 2011), 49,796 village panchayats and 1,461 block panchayats have been approved with grant-in-aid of Rs. 591.67 crore. Rs. 555.37 crore has so far been released to States/UTs up to 31st December, 2010.

Physical progress achieved (Sports infrastructure): Most of the states have set up PYKKA Cells, Executive Committees at state, district and block level; identified PYKKA implementing agencies; and engaged Kridashrees (community coaches) for managing the PYKKA centres;

Annual Rural Sports Competitions: Number of States availing themselves of grants for conducting PYKKA competitions has increased to 26 in 2010-11 from 18 in 2009-10. The total number of participants in these competitions for 2010-11 was 43.15 lakh (24.21 lakh men and 18.94 lakh women).

Convergence of PYKKA scheme with other Central and State schemes: PYKKA scheme encourages convergence with different Central and State schemes for meeting its objectives. The scheme recommends convergence approach in terms of resource mobilization by village/block panchayats through own resources or from other sources like State Government contribution, MLALAD scheme, MPLAD scheme, Backward Region Grant Fund, MGNREGA assistance, private contributions, etc.

The scheme specifically envisages that funding from Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) should be tapped for undertaking labour intensive work such as leveling of playing fields, etc. States/UTs have been, accordingly, advised to avail the benefits under MGNREGA scheme for development of playfields.

Some States have already been utilizing the sources of funds from MGNREGA, MLALAD scheme and MPLAD scheme for leveling and fencing of playfields. Ministry of Rural development has agreed to provide assistance for construction of 'Mini Stadium' for every 100 villages.

PYKKA-MIS:

It was formally launched in November, 2009. The computerized MIS enables online submission of proposals by States/UTs, tracking of proposals and conveying of approvals. It also seeks to achieve online monitoring of financial and physical progress; and preparation of comprehensive data base on playing fields, competitions and participants at all levels of PYKKA rural competitions, including Women and Inter-School competitions.

National Informatics Centre (NIC) conducted workshops on PYKKA-MIS for state officials engaged in implementation of PYKKA to familiarize them with working knowledge of submitting online proposals, besides two days practical training at NIC headquarters, New Delhi, to feed data/ online submission of proposals. Kerala is the first state to submit online proposals seeking financial assistance under PYKKA scheme.

The website (www.pykka.gov.in) inter-alia provides citizens participation by enlisting their suggestions, sharing their success stories in the sports domain, etc. Public domain of PYKKA website is now fully functional.

PYKKA Resource Centre (PRC) was set up at LNUPE, Gwalior (M.P) in November, 2009 for achieving the following components connected with the implementation of PYKKA Scheme:

- Capacity building;
- Standardization;
- Monitoring and evaluation;
- Documentation;
- International Cooperation; and
- Sharing of best practices.

Training/capacity building of Master Trainers and Kridashrees:

Kridashree is an honorary community coach/sports volunteer at village and block panchayat who will manage the sports facilities. He/she will also act as a sport trainer, motivator and counsellor for encouraging the rural community to adopt sports and games as a way of life. It is one of the targets under PYKKA scheme to train 2 lakh community coaches (kridashrees) besides 6,000 State officials/persons as master trainers over a period of 10 years across the country.

Training of Master Trainers: Comprehensive 'Manuals for training of Master Trainers' was prepared and circulated to all concerned; two weeks training programme is organized for 600 state officials/persons in each financial year at Laxmibai National University of Physical Education (LNUPE), Gwalior (M.P). Special training materials have been prepared in 20 different games and sports identified under PYKKA scheme. Rs. 35.25 lakh was utilized for training of 577 officials in 2009-10. During 2010-11, Rs. 47.00 lakh was released to LNUPE,

Gwalior (M.P) for training of 600 officials. During 2011-12, an amount of Rs. 75 lakh has been released to LNUPE, Gwalior for training of 600 master trainers. So far, 1369 Master Trainers have been trained at PYKKA Resource Centre from 2009-10 till 31st December 2011. State officials/persons trained at LNUPE would in turn train 20,000 kridashrees in a year in States//UTs;

Training of Kridashrees: One week training programme for kridashrees is organized in States/UTs with full financial support from the Mission Directorate. Rs. 2.92 crore was provided to 22 States for training of 20,336 Kridashrees in 2009-10. Till December, 2010, 14,614 Kridashrees were trained. The remaining Kridashrees would be trained by March, 2011.

Knowledge Partners of PYKKA:

UNICEF is associated with the PYKKA Resource Centre (PRC) in the areas of training, monitoring, and advocacy besides co-opting with the states in the implementation of the scheme. It has done pioneering work in the states of Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Chattisgarh, Maharashtra and West Bengal for setting up model PYKKA centres.

Magic Bus (a registered NGO) is also developing two pilot PYKKA centres in the Sangli district of Maharashtra and Medak district of Andhra Pradesh. Financial assistance of Rs. 8 lakh has been provided to Magic Bus for the purpose.

14.3 Isha Foundation, Coimbatore, Tamilnadu is conducting yoga classes for Master Trainers and community coaches (kridashrees) as part of their training programme. This would motivate and mobilize the rural youth to participate actively in the implementation of PYKKA scheme.

Monitoring: Mission Directorate officials make regular visits to States/UTs and oversee the development of playfields and setting up of PYKKA centres at village and block panchayats. Mission Directorate is in the process of engaging interested Arjuna awardees (of retired sportspersons) as honorary PYKKA Observers, for monitoring the implementation of PYKKA scheme including training of kridashrees in States/UTs.

New initiatives under PYKKA scheme:

States/UTs have been allowed to:

- avail admissible infrastructure grant for the un-availed year(s) from 2008-09;
- avail infrastructure grant on pro-rata basis for the previous(s) year(s) from 2008-09 onwards for village/block panchayats, having population exceeding national average;
- **utilize Rs. 2,000/- and Rs. 4,000/-** respectively for **administrative expenses** from the annual operational grant admissible for village/block panchayats; and
- **avail 100% grant (for UTs) having no legislature** and getting full budgetary support from the Centre.
- Hitherto, admissible grant was provided to States/UTs in two installments. From now onwards, the same is provided in one installment to speed up the implementation of the scheme;

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- Hitherto, annual acquisition, operational and competitions grants for block, district and state level competitions were released to the States/UTs through Sports Authority of India (SAI). From 2010-11 onwards, these grants are released to States/UTs directly by the Mission Directorate to avoid unnecessary delay;
 - From 2010-11, age limit for participation in district, state and national level competitions has been reduced to 16 years from 18 years. Block level competitions will be open to all with separate events for those with less than 16 years of age.
 - Award of merit certificate in the block & district level competitions has been introduced for the first time; Like-wise, award of participation and merit certificates for participants in the state and national level competitions has also been introduced;
 - Hitherto, national level PYKKA competitions for twenty sports disciplines was held in four groups. From this year onwards, the same will be held in six groups. This will facilitate smaller States and UTs also to host national level PYKKA competitions;
 - Funding norms for national level North East Games has been standardized at a higher level (Rs. 55.90 lakh).
 - States have been asked to associate Members of Parliament (M.Ps) in the District level PYKKA Executive Committees for effective monitoring of PYKKA Scheme.

Outcomes envisaged:

- All village and block panchayats (and their equivalent units) would have earmarked/protected playing fields;
- Preference given to schools would help in realizing the long standing objective of integrating physical education and sports with formal education;
- Four million plus youth, expected to participate in the annual rural sports competitions, will provide a huge base to identify and nurture young talent;
- The scheme provides for linking talent identification schemes of SAI's and States' to spot and nurture young sporting talent.
- The scheme is expected to help in producing over 2 lakh community sports instructors over a period of 10 years, who will help in promoting a strong sports culture in the country;
- Finally, mass participation in sports would contribute significantly to youth development (leadership qualities, health and fitness), community development (social inclusiveness; reduction in crime), national pride, international cooperation and in furthering economic development in the area of sports activities.

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SCHEME OF ASSISTANCE FOR THE CREATION OF URBAN SPORTS INFRASTRUCTURE

When the erstwhile Schemes for Sports Infrastructure were transferred to the State sector in 2005, a large number of sports facilities were created, but remained under-utilised for want of proper maintenance, coaches, equipment, etc. In addition, sizeable infrastructure created specially, for National Games also remain under-utilized or unutilized. Hence, need to have an effective mechanism available in the Centre or in the State to encourage their productive utilization was felt.

This issue was discussed at the Conference of State Sports Ministers held in 2009 and 2010, and it was unanimously resolved to introduce a comprehensive scheme for supporting the creation of urban sports infrastructure. Thereafter, this matter was taken up with the Planning Commission during the Mid-term Review of the XIth Plan as well as the Annual Plan discussions. The Planning Commission agreed in principle for the introduction of a comprehensive Central scheme for promotion of Urban Sports Infrastructure on a pilot scale i.e., on the basis of feasibility and viability and not on a uniform basis.

Accordingly, the Government approved introduction of a central scheme titled 'Scheme of Assistance for the creation of Urban Sports Infrastructure' on pilot basis in 2010-11 with a view to addressing the entire 'sports eco-system' holistically i.e., players' training and development, coaching and infrastructure. The Scheme envisages development of playfields by the State Governments through Playfield Associations, coach development programme through Central and State Governments, setting up of players academies where SAI centres will provide the nucleus of a hub and spoke model for such academies catering to premier sports in each State. The Scheme will focus on promoting and supporting a mechanism at national and state level to encourage, assist and preserve community playfields, incentivizing utilization of infrastructure already available in the State at all levels by filling up critical gaps, creating need-based infrastructure and creating capacity building among coaches, including community coaches. Under the Scheme, State Governments, local civic bodies, schools, colleges, universities and sports control boards are eligible for assistance.

Salient features of the Scheme are as under:

- (i) annual assistance @ Rs. 50 lakh to each State and Rs. 25 lakh to each Union Territory for a period of 2 years to set up and operate a State-Level Playing Field Association. The association must be modeled on the lines of the National Playing Fields Association of India (NPF AI). The annual assistance is to be utilized to further the objectives of the Association, including meeting establishment and administrative expenses, maintaining a comprehensive database of registered playing fields, providing legal assistance to endangered playing fields, conducting seminars/ workshops, and providing assistance to support pilot projects at the state level.
- (ii) At the national level, NPF AI will receive an annual grant of 2.5 crore per annum for carrying out similar activities, including supporting pilot projects for States to emulate. All projects assisted by NPF AI have to get them also registered with NPF AI and enter into Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs) with it as community playing facility as per a model MoU.
- (iii) The development of sports training infrastructure on partnership mode with State Governments/ local bodies/ colleges/ universities/ sports control boards on the one hand, and SAI on the other. Under the scheme, the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports (MYAS) will provide assistance through SAI, or directly, for the creation of need-based sporting infrastructure in States/ UTs, which will function as SAI extension centres, but the entire responsibility of maintenance of the infrastructure will that of the State Government/ UT/ beneficiary entity.
- (iv) With a view to maintaining focus on mother sports and popular sports, especially those in which the country has good medal prospects, the following types of sports infrastructure will get preference over others:
 - (a) Synthetic playing surface (for hockey, football and athletics)
 - (b) Multipurpose indoor halls.
- (iv) CPWD, State PWD, or any Central or State PSU can be engaged for construction of the projects. The CPWD/ State PWD schedule of rates will be adopted for preparing the estimates. The grant as per approved estimates will be released to SAI directly for taking up the project on partnership mode.

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- (v) State Governments, Local Civic bodies, schools, colleges and universities under Central/ State Governments, Sports Control Boards will be eligible to receive assistance for creation of sports infrastructure.
 - (vi) The applicants will be required to furnish information about ownership of land, present performance of the entity in sports promotion, discipline-wise infrastructure owned, managed and operated by it, impact of proposed sports infrastructure / additionality in terms of growth in participation, retention of existing participation level, identification and development of new talent, a business plan for establishing sustainability of the project, including meeting of operation and maintenance cost, details of existing partnerships, if any, management structure for sports development and operation of the existing and proposed facilities, delivery capability, broad plan, estimates and time schedule for execution, budgetary support from State Government, if any, free public access to informal play spaces, affordable pay and play schemes for other facilities, availability of coaching facilities, cross subsidizing model through PPP, linkages with local clubs, sports clubs and leagues, sports associations, business partnerships to enhance viability etc.
 - (vii) No State shall get more than one project in a year. States that have properly utilized facilities created under the erstwhile sports infrastructure schemes will get preference. The grant for creation of sports infrastructure will be released to SAI.
 - (viii) States/ UTs will be assisted to depute 20/ 10 coaches per year to undergo 1 month refresher course in National Institute of Sports, Patiala. The maximum admissible assistance per coach shall be Rs 50, 000 towards training, training material and boarding and lodging. The travel expenses and other allowances will be the responsibility of the State/ UT Government. The State Governments/ UTs will obtain a Bond from the nominated coaches that they will not leave service till 2 years after receiving the training.

During 2010-11, the Department released funds for the 4 projects viz., Synthetic Hockey field at Indira Stadium, Una (Himachal Pradesh), Multipurpose Indoor Hall at Taran Taran (Punjab), Renovation/modification and modernization of Indoor Sports Complex (Khudiram Anushilan) Eden Gardens, Kolkata (West Bengal) and Astro Turf for Hockey at Aizwal (Mizoram).

During 2012-13, the Department has till 31.12.2011 released funds for 5 projects viz., Synthetic Hockey Surface, Kalinga Stadium, Bhubaneswar (Odisha), Synthetic Track, Indira Gandhi Stadium, Kohima (Nagaland), Multipurpose Indoor Hall, Mualpui, Aizwal (Mizoram), Multi purpose Hall, Ummed Stadium, Jodhpur(Rajsthan) and Synthetic Hockey Field, Ranital Sports Complex, Jabalpur (Madhya Pradesh).

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SCHEMES RELATING TO PROMOTION OF EXCELLENCE IN SPORTS

1. SCHEME OF ASSISTANCE TO NATIONAL SPORTS FEDERATIONS:

Under this scheme, the Government of India provides assistance to National Sports Federations (NSFs) for conducting National Championships and International Tournaments in India, participation in International tournaments abroad, organizing coaching camps, procuring sports equipment, engagement of foreign coaches and disbursement of salaries of the paid Joint/Assistant Secretaries engaged by NSFs.

During the year 2011-12 till 31.12.2011, Government has already incurred an expenditure of Rs. 95 crore under Plan on account of proposals received from NSFs for foreign exposure and for holding International Tournaments/National Championships. The expenditure also includes funds released for Coaching camps, providing equipment, engaging foreign coaches and salaries of Joint/Assistant Secretaries of the NSFs.

Apart from this, many proposals have also been approved at No Cost to the Government for foreign exposure and for holding International Tournaments in India.

The details of financial assistance released during the last 3 years i.e., 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11 to various recognized NSFs from the Scheme of Assistance to NSFs and the Scheme of Preparation of Teams for CWG 2010 are given at **Annex-IX**.

The details of foreign Coaches engaged during the year 2011-12 on contract basis have been given in the statement at **Annex-X**.

2. SCHEME RELATING TO TALENT SEARCH & TRAINING:

Under this scheme, assistance is provided to promising sportspersons for training and training-cum-competitions in India and abroad, for purchase of equipment and for scientific support. Supporting personnel such as coaches, sports scientists, doctors masseurs etc. are also assisted for undergoing specialized training and for attending seminars/conferences and major international sports events and for appearing in qualifying examinations. This scheme is implemented through Sports Authority of India (SAI).

3. NATIONAL SPORTS DEVELOPMENT FUND

National Sports Development Fund was established by the Central Government in 1998, under Charitable Endowments Act 1890, with a view to mobilizing resources from the Government as well as non-governmental sources, including the private/corporate sector and non-resident

Indians, for promotion of sports and games in the country. In order to make contributions to the Fund attractive, 100% exemption from income tax is available on all contributions to the Fund. To begin with, the Government of India made a contribution of Rs. 2.00 crore to the Fund as seed money during the year 1998-99. Further Government contribution is on matching basis to the contributions received from other sources. The total money available in the Fund, as on 31.12.2011, is Rs 92.21 crore.

The Fund is managed by a Council constituted by the Central Government with Union Minister for Youth Affairs and Sports as Chairperson. The day to day working of the Fund is managed by an Executive Committee of ten members headed by Secretary, Department of Sports.

Financial Assistance from NSDF:

NSDF has given financial assistance to outstanding Sports persons, Sports Federations and other organizations. Top level sports persons, who are medal winning prospects in Olympics, Commonwealth Games, Asian Games and other international competitions, are selected for financial assistance from NSDF. The assistance is given for their customized training, both in India and abroad, to prepare them for winning medals at international events. Elite athletes preparing for London Olympics 2012 are being given financial assistance from NSDF under the OPEX project.

Reputed Organizations/Institutes, engaged in promotion of sports and games, can also get financial assistance for specific projects like creation of infrastructure, procurement of state of the art equipments etc provided a large population of the area/region get the benefits derived out of such projects.

The details of beneficiaries assisted from National Sports Development Fund till date is given in **Annexure-XI**

During 2011-12, Jaypee Sports International and Government of Maharashtra contributed Rs. 10 crore and Rs. 1 crore respectively to NSDF. Details of contributions, including Government of India contributions, to the Fund, since its inception, are at **Annexure-XII**.

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SCHEMES RELATING TO INCENTIVES TO SPORTSPERSONS

The Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports implements various schemes for giving incentives to sports persons to take up sports:

1. RAJIV GANDHI KHEL RATNA AWARD



The scheme was launched in the year 1991-92 to honour outstanding sportspersons. Awardees are given a medal and award money of Rs. 7.5 lakh. During the year 2011, Shri Gagan Narang (Shooting) was conferred with Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award by Her Excellency the President of India on National Sports Day i.e., 29th August 2011. 24 sportspersons have been given this award since the inception of the scheme.

2. ARJUNA AWARDS



The Arjuna Awards were instituted in 1961. To be eligible for the Award, a sportsperson should have had not only good performance consistently for the previous three years at the international level with excellence for the year for which Award is recommended, but also shown qualities of leadership, sportsmanship and a sense of discipline. The awardees are given a statuette, a scroll of honour, ceremonial dress and award money of Rs. 5.00 lakh.

As per the provisions of the Scheme, normally not more than 15 awards should be given in any calendar year. However, keeping in view that Asian Games and Commonwealth Games were held in the year 2010, wherein the performance of Indian sportspersons was exceptional, the number of Awards for 2011 was increased to 19.

Following sportspersons were conferred with Arjuna Awards for the Year 2011 by Her Excellency the President of India on National Sports Day i.e., 29th August 2011:

Sl. No.	Name	Discipline
1.	Shri Rahul Banerjee	Archery
2.	Ms. Preeja Sreedharan	Athletics
3.	Shri Vikas Gowda	Athletics
4.	Ms. Jwala Gutta	Badminton
5.	Shri M. Suranjoy Singh	Boxing
6.	Shri Zaheer Khan	Cricket
7.	Shri Sunil Chhetri	Football
8.	Shri Ashish Kumar	Gymnastics
9.	Shri Rajpal Singh	Hockey (Men)
10.	Shri Rakesh Kumar	Kabaddi (Men)
11.	Ms. Tejeswini Bai V.	Kabaddi (Women)
12.	Ms. Tejaswini Ravindra Sawant	Shooting
13.	Shri Veerdhawal Vikram Khade	Swimming
14.	Shri Somdev Kishore Devvarman	Tennis
15.	Shri Sanjay Kumar	Volleyball
16.	Shri Ravinder Singh	Wrestling
17.	Naib Subedar Katulu Ravikumar	Weightlifting
18.	Ms. Wangkhem Sandhyarani Devi	Wushu
19.	Shri Prasantha Karamakar	Swimming - Paralympics

728 outstanding sportspersons from various discipline have been conferred Arjuna Awards so far.

3. DHYAN CHAND AWARD FOR LIFE TIME ACHIEVEMENTS IN SPORTS & GAMES



Dhyanchand Award for Lifetime Achievements in Sports and Games was instituted in the year 2002. This award is given to honour those sportspersons who have contributed to sports by their performance and continue to contribute to the promotion of sports even after their retirement from active sporting career. The awardees are given a statuette, a scroll of honour, ceremonial dress and award money of Rs. 5.00 lakh. The awards for the year 2011 were conferred on the following by Her Excellency the President of India on National Sports Day i.e., 29th August 2011:

Sl. No.	Name	Discipline
1.	Shri Shabir Ali	Football
2.	Shri Sushil Kohli	Swimming
3.	Shri Rajkumar	Wrestling

31 sportspersons have been given this award since the inception of the Award.

4. DRONACHARYA AWARDS



The Dronacharya Award, instituted in 1985, honours eminent Coaches who have successfully trained sportspersons or teams and enabled them to achieve outstanding results in international competitions. The awardees are given a statuette, a scroll of honour, ceremonial dress and award money of Rs. 5.00 lakh.

The awards for the year 2011 were conferred on the following five coaches by Her Excellency the President of India on National Sports Day i.e., 29th August 2011:

Sl. No.	Name	Discipline
1.	Shri Inukurthi Venkateshwara Rao	Boxing
2.	Shri Devender Kumar Rathore	Gymnastics
3.	Shri Ramphal	Wrestling
4.	Dr. Kuntal Roy	Athletics *
5.	Shri Rajinder Singh	Hockey *

* For Lifetime contribution in Coaching

65 coaches have been given this award since its institution.

5. MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD (MAKA) TROPHY



The Maulana Abul Kalam Azad (MAKA) Trophy was instituted in 1956-57. The top overall performing university in the Inter-University Tournaments is given the Maulana Abul Kalam Azad (MAKA) Trophy, which is a rolling trophy. A small replica of the MAKA Trophy is also awarded for retention by the University. Winner University gets the Rolling Trophy and award money of Rs. 10 lakh, 2nd and 3rd position universities get award money of Rs. 5 lakh and Rs. 3 lakh respectively.

For 2010-11, Punjabi University, Patiala has been declared as the overall winner university for being awarded MAKA, Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar as the first runner-up university and Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, as the second runner-up university.

6. Rashtriya Khel Protsahan Puruskar



With a view to recognizing the contribution made to sports development by entities other than sportspersons and coaches, Government has instituted from 2009 a new award entitled Rashtriya Khel Protsahan Puruskar, which has four categories, namely, community sports development, promotion of sports academies of excellence, support to elite sportspersons and employment to sportspersons.

Following entities were conferred the Rashtriya Khel Protasahan Puruskar for the year 2011 by Her Excellency the President of India on National Sports Day i.e., 29th August 2011:

S. No.	Category	Entity
1.	Community Sports Identification and nurturing of budding and young talent	None qualified
2.	Financial Support for Sports Excellence	Petroleum Sports Promotion Board
3.	Establishment and Management of Sports Academies of Excellence	Shri N. Ramachandran, Patron, Squash Academy, Chennai
4.	Employment of sportsperson and sports welfare measures	None qualified

7. SPECIAL AWARDS TO WINNERS IN INTERNATIONAL SPORTS EVENTS AND THEIR COACHES

Scheme of Special Awards to Winners in International sports events and their Coaches was introduced in the year 1986 to encourage and motivate outstanding sportspersons for higher achievements and to attract the younger generation to take sports as a career. Under the scheme, special awards are given to sportspersons and their coaches for winning medals in recognized international sports events as per table below:

Name of The Games/ Championship	Gold Medal/First Position	Amount Silver Medal/Second Position	Bronze Medal/Third Position
For Winning			
(i) Olympics Games	Rs.50 lakhs	Rs.30 lakhs	Rs.20 lakhs
(ii) Asian Games/ Commonwealth Games	Rs.20 lakhs	Rs. 10 lakhs	Rs. 6 lakhs
(iii)World Championships	Rs.10 lakhs	Rs. 5 lakhs	Rs.3 lakhs
(iii) Asian and Commonwealth Championships	Rs.3 lakhs	Rs.2 lakhs	Rs.1.5 lakhs

Cash award is also given to coaches who have trained the medal winners for at least 240 days immediately preceding the tournament. Award money to a coach is 50% of the award money given to the sportsperson coached. In case, there is more than one coach the award money is distributed among them equally.

An amount of Rs. 9 crore was released during the financial year 2011-12 upto January 2011 towards special cash awards to sportspersons and coaches for winning medals in various international sports.

8. SCHEME OF SPORTS FUND FOR PENSION TO MERITORIOUS SPORTS PERSONS

This scheme was launched in the year 1994. Under this scheme, those sportspersons who are Indian citizens and have won gold, silver and bronze medals in Olympic Games, World Cup/World Championships, Asian Games, Commonwealth Games and Paralympic games and have attained the age of 30 years and have retired from active sports career are eligible for life pension under this Scheme.

Pension to eligible sportspersons is paid at the following rates:

S. No.	Category of meritorious sportspersons	Rates of Pension (Rs./PM)
1	Medallists at the Olympic Games	Rs. 10000
2	Gold medallists at the World Cup/World Championships in Olympic and Asian Games disciplines	Rs. 8000
3	Silver and Bronze medallists at the World Cup/World Championships in Olympic and Asian Games disciplines	Rs. 7000
4	Gold medallists of the Asian/Commonwealth Games	Rs. 7000
5	Silver and Bronze medallists of the Asian/Commonwealth Games	Rs. 6000
6	Gold Medallists of Para-Olympic Games	Rs. 5000
7	Silver medallists of Para-Olympic Games	Rs. 4000
8	Bronze Medallists of Para-Olympic Games	Rs. 3000

At present, 600 sportspersons are receiving pension under this scheme.

9. NATIONAL WELFARE FUND FOR SPORTS PERSONS

The National Welfare Fund for sports persons was set up in March, 1982 with a view to assisting outstanding sportspersons of yesteryears, living in indigent circumstances who had brought glory for the country in sports. Scheme has been reviewed in July 2009 to provide for lump sum ex-gratia assistance to outstanding sportspersons of yesteryears. Provision of pension has been done way with as there is already a Scheme of Pension for Meritorious Sportspersons. Now, lump sum ex-gratia assistance will be given to the sportspersons or their families for medical treatment etc.

During the current financial year, apart from disbursement of pension to existing 24 beneficiaries, lump sum assistance from the Fund was provided provided to the following:

- (i) Rs. 2.09 lakh to Ms. Arunima Sinha, a national level player, who met with an accident on 13th April 2011 and her left leg got amputated.
- (ii) Shri P K Banerjee, Shri Tulsidas Balaram, Shri S. Narayanan, Shri O. Chandrashekhar, Shri Fortunata A. Franco, Shri Chunni Goswami, Shri S.S. Hakim, Shri S.S.H. Hamid, Shri Arun Lal Ghosh, Shri Simon Sunder Raj, Smt Alphoncia Raj widow of Shri P. Thanga Raj, Smt Kannan Kamalabai widow of Late Shri D. Kannan, members of the Indian football team that participated in 1960 Rome Olympics were felicitated by the Minister of State (Independent Charge) for Youth Affairs & Sports and given Rs. 1.5 lakh each from the National Welfare Fund for Sportspersons.
- (iii) Rs. 2 lakh to Smt Barbara j. Francis, Ex-Hockey Player (72 years old) suffering from cardiac problems, for her medical treatment.
- (iv) Rs. 2 lakh to Shri Kaushalender Singh, a physically handicapped player, now living in indigent conditions.
- (v) Rs. 2 lakh to Shri Joginder Singh Bedi, physically handicapped player and Arjuna Awardee, given for his medical treatment.
- (vi) Rs. 5 lakh to Smt Farzana Khan, former Football player (women team), now living in indigent conditions.
- (vii) Rs. 3.45 lakh to Shri Desh Prem Azad, cricket coach of Shri Kapil Dev, former Indian Captain, for his medical treatment.
- (viii) Mathew, an orthopedically handicapped arm wrestling player

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SCHEME RELATING TO PARTICIPATIVE SPORTS

(i) Sports Competitions under Panchayat Yuva Krida aur Khel Abhiyan

A number of Sports competitions are organized annually under PYKKA Scheme. Following types of sports competitions are organized under PYKKA Scheme:

- (i) Rural sports competitions at block, district, state and national level
- (ii) North-East Games at district, state and national level
- (iii) Women championships at district, state and national level.

Details about these sports competitions are given in the chapter relating to PYKKA.

(ii) The promotion of sports among person with disabilities:

The Ministry has formulated a scheme for promotion of sports and games among disabled during 2009. The objective of the Scheme is broad-basing participative sports among the disabled. The Scheme of Sports & Games for the Disabled has the following components:-

- (a) Grant for sports coaching and purchase of consumables & non-consumable sports equipment for Schools
- (b) Grant for Training of Coaches
- (c) Grant for holding District, State & National level competitions for the disabled.

During 2011-12, grants to 78 schools were provided under the Scheme till 31.12.2011. Further, funds to the tune of Rs. 3 crore were provided to Special Olympics Bharat, designated as the Nodal Agency for conduct of training of community coaches and sports competitions at district, state and national level. 22500 persons with disabilities participated in competitions conducted at district and state levels till 31.12.2011 under the Scheme. 4500 community coaches were given training till 31.12.2011.

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ANTI-DOPING MEASURES

Objective:

Anti-Doping programmes seek to preserve intrinsic value about sport which is often referred to as 'the spirit of sports'. Doping is fundamentally contrary to this spirit of sport. Government of India is fully committed to the idea of doping free sport environment in the country.

For anti-doping programmes, financial assistance is extended to the National Anti-Doping Agency and National Dope Testing Laboratory to carry out their respective activities.

National Anti Doping Agency (NADA)

NADA is the national organisation responsible for promoting, coordinating and monitoring the Dope Control Programme in Sports in all its forms in the country. The Anti Doping Rules of NADA, which are compliant with the Anti Doping Code of World Anti Doping Agency (WADA) came into effect from 1st January, 2009, have been modified in the light of the revised WADA Code of 2009 and the modified rules are called Anti Doping Rules, 2010. Under these Rules, the following three panels have been constituted:

- (i) Anti Doping Disciplinary Panel
- (ii) Anti Doping Appeal Panel and
- (iii) Therapeutic Use Exemption Committee

The Anti Doping Disciplinary Panel is headed by retired District and Session Judge and the members are eminent persons from legal, medical and sports field. During the year 2010-11 till 31.12.2011, the Panel had held 50 sittings and heard 86 cases referred to them. Out of these cases heard, 76 cases were decided and the sanctions were issued against athletes. The other cases are at various states of hearing.

The Anti Doping Appeal Panel is headed by a retired High Court Judge and the members are eminent persons from legal, medical and sports field. During the year 2010-11 till 31.12.2011, the Appeal Panel during 09 sittings heard 7 cases and decided 03 cases.

The Therapeutic Use Exemption Committee consists of eminent and highly qualified medical practitioners who have expertise in the field of General Medicine, Pharmacology and chest Disease. The main function of the Committee is to consider applications of sportspersons who are seeking therapeutic use exemption on the grounds of medical condition requiring use of a

prohibited method. During the year 2011-12 till 31.12.2011, the Committee has examined 16 cases for exemption and recommended exemption in 12 cases.

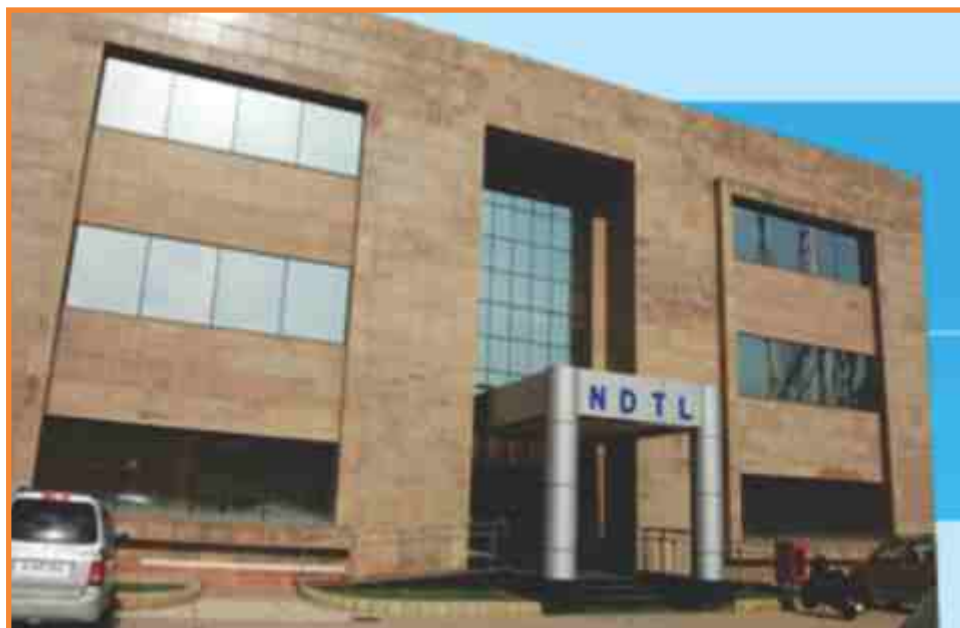
The prime function of NADA is to collect the urine/blood samples of the athletes and their result management. During the year 2010-11, the target is to collect 3500 samples of urine/blood and we have collected 2508 samples (2458 Urine/50 blood) till December, 2011.

Towards Education Programme, NADA printed material on doping i.e., Doping Control Handbook and Pamphlets to apprise athletes against doping and for giving basic knowledge to athletes regarding doping and how to be beware of it. The prohibited list of substances is also printed and circulated by NADA every year. NADA officers deliver lectures on doping, in various camps/tournaments and the workshop/seminar conducted by other bodies. Education Programme of athletes and coaches have been conducted in camps about the ill effects of doping and nature of banned substances as well as implications involved for anti doping violations in the light of the NADA Anti Doping Rules.

Director General, NADA represented India in May, 2011 in the 8th Asia/Oceania Regional Intergovernmental Ministerial Meeting on Anti Doping in sport held in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia during 21-22 May, 2011. During the Conference on the Parties to the International Convention against Doping in Sports held in UNESCO Headquarters in Oct., 2009, India was elected from the Asia Pacific Regional as Member of the Approval Committee for Projects to be approved under the Fund for Elimination of Doping in Sports. In this connection, DG, NADA represented the country in the meetings of WADA Foundation Board and Adhoc Committee on Contribution to WADA from 2011 and beyond held on 20-21 November, 2011 at Montreal, Canada.

National Dope Testing Laboratory (NDTL):

The National Dope Testing Laboratory (NDTL) is an autonomous body under Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, Govt. of India. It is accredited by National Accreditation Board for Testing &



Calibration Laboratories (NABL) for ISO/IEC 17025 (2003) and World Anti Doping Agency (September, 2008) for testing of urine & blood samples from human sports. NDTL is one of the 33 WADA accredited laboratories in the world and 6th in Asia. NDTL has state of the art facilities for research and is engaged in conducting research on various projects. NDTL is responsible for analytical testing of samples and research in the field of dope analysis and was registered in 2008 under Registration of Society Act, 1860. With the inclusion of new test methods in its scope, NDTL has attained the status of first ten WADA accredited labs which is doing complete test protocol as desired by WADA.

Objectives of NDTL:

The main objectives of the NDTL are:-

- a) To establish and maintain WADA accredited Dope Control Laboratory in India.
- b) To cooperate with related national/international organizations.
- c) To encourage reciprocal testing between National Anti-Doping Organizations.
- d) To have analytical testing of sample as per WADA approved International Standards and promote anti-doping research, in the country.
- e) To maintain quality control system as per latest version of ISO/IEC 17025:2005 and International Standards of Laboratories (ISL), version 7.0
- f) To have international cooperation with other anti-doping lab organization in items of research, training and sharing of knowledge.
- g) To collaborate with other WADA accredited Labs in order to know the latest development in the field of anti-doping.
- h) To perform all things as are incidental or conducive to the attachment of the objectives or any of them which may be conveniently done along with or as subsidiary to the objects.
- i) To frame rules and develop procedures as per the WADA guidelines.



*Hon'ble Minister (I/C) YAS & Secretary (YAS & CEO, NDTL)
General Body meeting (April 13, 2011)*

Drug testing

The number of samples tested during April to Dec' 2011 is 3785. Out of the total number of samples, 2282 national and 1503 international samples have been tested till Dec' 2011.

The major national and international events for which testing has been done are:

- 2nd World Cup Kabaddi Nov 1-20, 2011 (220 urine samples)
- Testing of approx 1283 samples from other countries (Malaysia, Srilanka, Bhutan, Nepal, Laos, ITDM, Sweden, Singapore, Kuwait, Oman, Saudi Arabia) have been done during April to Dec' 2011.

Proficiency Testing: Apart from routine sample testing, NDTL participated in various proficiency testing rounds which further ensures its credibility in the testing of dope samples.

NDTL participates in external quality assessment scheme conducted by following:

For urine samples (Quarterly)

- WORLD ANTI DOPING AGENCY (WADA)
- WORLD ASSOCIATION OF ANTI-DOPING SCIENTISTS (WAADS)
- COLLEGE OF AMERICAN PATHOLOGISTS (CAP)

For blood samples (Monthly)

- SWISS CENTER FOR QUALITY CONTROL (CSCQ)

NDTL has earned revenue of approx Rs. 52.08 lakh from international and national testing during April to Dec' 2011. The approx revenue expected from Jan' to March 2012 is Rs. 75.00 lakh.

Grant of WADA accreditation for 2012: On the basis of its performance in proficiency testing rounds for 2011, WADA accreditation for NDTL is extended till December 31st 2012.

Award of contract for sample analysis services by Singapore Sports Council

NDTL filled up a tender document for testing of samples from Singapore for tenure of one year (April 2011-March 2012) with an option to extend for further two months, which was duly awarded.

Contract with WADA for sample testing from Regional Anti-doping organizations (RADOs)

NDTL has signed a contract with WADA for testing samples from Regional Anti-doping organizations (RADO), as a part of WADA's Program Development activities to facilitate and promote the development of testing programs within these regions.

Quality Management System

National Dope Testing Laboratory has developed and implemented its Management System to ensure quality of sample testing meeting the regulatory requirements and its customer's expectations. The quality manual has been developed in accordance with the ISO/IEC17025:2005 Standard and International Standard for Laboratories (Version 6.0) January 2009. The sample testing methodology is adopted as per WADA guidelines and the testing methods are upgraded as per the need.

External and internal audits are carried out on regular basis as per National Accreditation Board of Laboratories (NABL) requirements for the continuation of ISO/IEC17025:2005 accreditation.

ISO Surveillance audit (External Audit)

The ISO Surveillance audit of Biological activities and Desktop audit of Chemical activities was held on 21-22nd September 2011. The two member audit team recommended for the continuation of accreditation, which was later approved by NABL accreditation committee.

Internal audit

In order to review the functional status and quality system of NDTL, internal audits were conducted by trained internal assessors as per the approved annual schedule.

WADA-Indian Pharmaceutical Companies Cooperation

WADA-Indian Pharmaceutical Companies Cooperation was done to explore the possibility of cooperation between WADA and Indian Pharmaceutical companies on voluntary basis to share information which would show India's further commitment to be in the forefront of its mission to fight against doping. In this regard, Dr. Olivier Rabin, WADA Director, Science visited NDTL India on 31st October-1st November, 2011 to have a meeting with Pharmaceutical Companies in India (Ranbaxy Pharmaceuticals, Cipla, Dr. Reddy's Lab), renowned pharmacologists from All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS), Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), Indian Pharmacopoeial Commission, and officials of NADA.

Bilateral Cooperation

A. International

NDTL has entered in bilateral cooperation with two premier labs in the world which are Drug Control Centre, Kings College, and London and Anti doping lab, Rome, Italy.

In addition, the possibility of cooperation with other WADA accredited anti-doping laboratory in South Africa is being explored. Areas of cooperation would include sharing of knowledge for improvement in testing protocol, exchange of staff between institutes and to work on research projects.

B. National

NDTL has entered in bilateral cooperation with various reputed national institutes such as All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS), New Delhi, Jiwaji University, Gwalior Guru Nanak Dev University (GNDU), Amritsar, University of Delhi, Christian Medical College (CMC), Vellore.

Area of cooperation would include working on collaborative research projects, sending blood samples for establishment of reference ranges.

Visit of foreign experts



Dr. Olivier Rabin, Science Director, WADA visit NDTL (Oct 31, 2011)

- * **Dr. Olivier Rabin**, WADA Director, Science visited NDTL India to have a meeting with Pharmaceutical Companies in India
- * **Prof. F.T. Delbeke**, Ghent Anti-doping Laboratory, Belgium visited NDTL on 8th June 2011 to share his experience in anti-doping research.
- * **Dr F. Botre, Scientific Director**, Rome lab visited NDTL regarding the joint project submitted to WADA in cooperation with Rome laboratory and Christian Medical College, Vellore.

Research activities

A. PhD Registration

The Lab has further expanded during the year 2011 its work on various research projects. At present, NDTL has five researchers doing their Ph.D. Apart from them, seven additional research fellows have got themselves registered for their PhD in collaboration with various national institutes.

B. Research projects

The following two research projects were applied for funding to foreign agencies:

- “Detection of synthetic glucocorticoids in Indian herbal drugs”: Submitted to PCC.
- “Improving the blood transfusion test: A multicentre study on the phenotypic expression of human blood groups in populations worldwide”: Submitted to WADA.

Both the projects have come for revision and the decision regarding the funding would be taken in the next 6 months.

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INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE OF SPORTS AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION TEAMS/EXPERTS

International cooperation in the field of Sports and Physical Education has been given importance for providing the much-needed opportunities to the Indian teams/experts for foreign exposure and for coaching/training abroad and for obtaining the services of coaches/experts from abroad.

During the year, a four member official delegation led by Shri Ajay Maken, Minister of State (Independent Charge) for Youth Affairs & Sports visited Indonesia from 3rd – 6th May 2011 to explore areas of mutual cooperation and exchange in sports as well as youth exchange programmes between India and Indonesia. A six member official delegation led by Shri Ajay Maken, Minister of State (Independent Charge) for Youth Affairs & Sports visited Cuba from 13th to 14th February 2012 to explore areas of mutual cooperation and exchange in sports and signing Agreement on cooperation in the field of sports between India and Cuba.

An Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on cooperation in the field of sports and youth affairs between India and Mauritius was signed on 7th February 2012 during the state visit of Mr. Navinchandra Ramgoolam, Prime Minister of Mauritius to India from 6-11 February, 2012.

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NATIONAL PLAYING FIELDS ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

The National Playing Fields Association of India (NPFAI) was established in February 2009 as a Society under the Societies Registration Act 1860. Concerned at the shortage of open spaces and playing fields in the country and diversion of some existing fields to other activities, it was considered necessary to evolve an institutional arrangement to protect open spaces and playing fields. Accordingly, the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports took the initiative in setting up the NPFAI.

Union Minister for Youth Affairs and Sports is the chairperson of the NPFAI and the members include senior officers in the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, representatives of State Governments etc. Eminent persons such as Shri F S Nariman, Shri Bishen Singh Bedi, Smt P T Usha, Smt Indu puri and Cdr Nandy Singh, among others, are founder members of the Society. The NPFAI was formally launched on 26th February, 2009.

The main objectives of NPFAI are:

- To protect, preserve, promote, develop and improve playing fields and open spaces and other facilities for sports and games; and
- To evolve a national policy on playing fields, playgrounds, play pitches, parks and open spaces.

The main focus of the NPFAI would be on protecting and preserving existing playfields and promoting new ones, apart from developing standards and norms process, for making available playing fields and open spaces.

The NPFAI received Rs 50.00 lacs as seed money from the National Sport Development Fund in July 2009.

While the NPFAI will be the apex body, all State Governments would be encouraged to set up similar societies at the state level, which would be affiliated with the national society. This initiative is expected to create a national awareness of the social benefits that flow out of playing fields, playgrounds and open green spaces in terms of quality of life and social inclusiveness. All

the State Governments/UTs were requested to set up State level Playing Fields Associations on priority. The concept of NPFAI and its objectives were discussed in detail in the Sports Ministers' Conferences in 2009 and 2010 where all State Sports Ministers assured that State level Playing Fields Associations would be formed on priority. So far, 10 States have formed State level Associations. These States are:

(i) Himachal Pradesh, (ii) Orissa, (iii) Haryana, (iv) Andhra Pradesh, (v) Mizoram, (vi) West Bengal, (vii) Manipur, (viii) Rajasthan, (ix) Madhya Pradesh, and (x) Karnataka.

Of the 10 State Associations, five Associations (S. No (i) to (v)) have been affiliated to the NPFAI. A sum of Rs 50.00 lacs each, out of the Urban Sports Infrastructure Scheme, has been sanctioned to the five State Associations, affiliated to the NPFAI and the grant already disbursed to four Associations; the grant to Mizoram will be released shortly. This grant is for the purpose of creation of a Fund for furtherance of the overall objectives to protect, promote, preserve, develop and improve playing fields, playgrounds etc.

Kerala has approved the formation of an Association, but this is yet to be registered.

New Delhi Municipal Council (NDMC) has also formed a playfields association.

The NPFAI had signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the National playing Fields Association of the UK (its operational name is 'Fields in Trust') on 18th August 2009. The objective of the MoU is 'to establish a strategic partnership that involves collaborative arrangements and cooperation between the parties'.

Consequent upon signing the MoU, a two member delegation headed by the Chief Executive of the Fields in Trust (FIT) visited Delhi in September 2009. The purpose of the visit was to make site visit to various playfields across the city to make on the spot assessment and identify 2-3 sites to develop them as model playgrounds. The team visited some sports complexes and playgrounds in the city maintained by various agencies like DDA, MCD, NDMC, Civil Services sports control Board and Kendriya Vidyalayas. Based on the factors like need of the area, locality/accessibility of the field, shape of the site, sustainability etc. the delegation shortlisted some sites in Delhi.

Subsequently the NPFAI, in consultation with the local authorities, had identified some grounds for developing them as model play fields as pilot project. Out of them, the NDMC has already developed four locations as model playfields.

Separately, NPFAI has developed basic playfields models of different sizes providing minimum facilities which include leveled ground, kids play area with swings/slides etc., play facility for one or two sports disciplines, toilet facility etc. General guidelines for development of playfields are being finalized for circulation to State Governments and other stake holders. States are expected to adopt NPFAI guidelines with suitable modifications according to the local requirements.

Playfields/facilities have been developed in two Welfare Organizations for Government employees, thirteen Colleges and five schools in Delhi under the Commonwealth Legacy Plan with Central Government assistance. The facilities created include construction of synthetic courts for basketball, table tennis, shooting range, fitness centre etc.

The NPFAI has sanctioned Rs 192.00 lacs to the NDMC for development of 78 playfields in the NDMC area. This project is expected to be completed by 31st March 2012.

NPFAI has developed a website (<http://www.playfields.nic.in>)



RECENT INITIATIVES AT A GLANCE

National Sports Legislation: With the objective of formulating a suitable legal framework for national sports development including good governance among sports bodies, the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports proposes to enact national sports legislation. Draft National Sports (Development) Bill, 2011 has been prepared after extensive consultations with all concerned stakeholders.

Following are the salient features of the proposed National Sports (Development) Bill, 2011:-

- (i) Central Government support for development and promotion of sports including financial and other support for preparation of National Teams, athletes' Welfare measures and promoting ethical practices in sports including elimination of doping practices, fraud in age and sexual harassment in Sports, Rights and obligations of the Indian Olympic Association and National Sports Federation (including adoption of basic universal principles of good governance and professional management of Sports);
- (ii) Participation of athletes in the management/decision making of the concerned National Sports Federation and the Indian Olympic Association through the Athletes Advisory Council;
- (iii) Duties and responsibilities of the Sports Authority of India and the Government of India, which have been clearly defined;
- (iv) Mechanism for sports dispute settlement and establishment of a Dispute Settlement and Appellate Tribunal.
- (v) Greater autonomy to National Sports Federations and dilution of control of Government over the National Sports Federations.

Conference of State Sports and Youth Affairs Ministers 2011:



4th Conference of State Sports & Youth Affairs Ministers was held on 18th November 2011 in Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi, in which issues concerning sports and youth affairs having interface with the States were discussed. Recognizing the role of sports and games in the health and overall personality development of the students, the Conference unanimously passed a following resolution:

“Games and Sports should be introduced compulsorily as part of curriculum of education in schools at all levels both in Centre and States. Further, one period each day should be allocated for Games and Sports in all Schools. The students' participation should be graded and evaluated at par with other subjects and adequate weightage should be given to participation in Games and Sports. This will encourage sports culture and broad-base Games and Sports”.

'Come & Play Scheme':

For optimum utilization of its 5 stadia which were renovated at substantial cost for CWG 2010, Sports Authority of India (SAI) has introduced 'Come and Play Scheme' in May 2011. The designated areas in the SAI Stadia viz., Jawahar Lal Nehru Stadium, Dr. Karni Singh Shooting Ranges, Dr. SPM Swimming Pool Complex, Major Dhyani Chand Hockey Stadium, Indira Gandhi Indoor Stadium (Gymnastics, Wrestling and Cycling Velodrome) were thrown open in May 2011 for both imparting professional training to established sportspersons and also to beginners with the objective to encourage participation in sports and for optimum utilization of stadia. 'Come and Play Scheme' received a very enthusiastic response and more than 10000 trainees enrolled for using the sports facilities for practice and training in disciplines such as Badminton, Boxing, Basketball, Cricket, Cycling, Football, Hockey, Gymnastics, Judo Shooting, Swimming, Table Tennis, Volleyball, Weightlifting and Wrestling.



After Scheme's successful launch in Delhi, SAI launched 'Come & Play Scheme' in all centres of Sports Authority of India (SAI) spread across the country from 1st October 2011 with the objective of encouraging the youth in the local area to use the sports facilities available at these centres and to impart coaching, primarily to the beginners, to encourage participation in sports. This would result in optimal utilization of the sports facilities. 'Come and Play' Scheme would also lead to talent scouting. Meritorious talent emerging from this Scheme will also form a pool and entry link for induction into regular residential sports promotional schemes of STC and SAG. Talent emerging from this Scheme can also be financed under various other Schemes of the Ministry and SAI.

De-merger of National Institute (NIS), Patiala from Sports Authority of India (SAI) for setting up of National Institute of Coaching Education: The availability of well qualified coaches is a critical area for the promotion of sports excellence, and requires focused attention in the Indian context. There is need for producing quality coaches of international standards within the country and develop a holistic system for imparting coaching. Keeping this objective in view, the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports has decided to de-merge National Institute of Sports (NIS), Patiala from Sports Authority of India (SAI) for forming a new society for creating an institute for coaching of national importance. Governing Body of SAI at its meeting held on 2.11.2011 approved de-merger of NIS, Patiala from SAI. This decision of the Government is aimed at restoring the position of NIS Patiala as a premier national institute for coaching education.

The vision of NIS Patiala as an independent coaching institution would be to emerge as a leading international institution for providing comprehensive education in sports coaching, including options for specialization in specific areas for advanced coaching.

NIS, Patiala, as independent coaching institute, would strive to achieve the following objectives:

- i. to develop and promote a flagship three-year integrated graduate programme in sports coaching which will cover various aspects related to coaching, including physiotherapy, nutrition, sports technology, sports science etc.
- ii. to offer specialized diploma courses in different aspects of sports coaching;
- iii. to strengthen existing M.Sc. course in coaching;
- iv. to undertake R&D activities in deferent areas of sports coaching.
- v. To offer a general one-year diploma course as a vocational option for students passing out of 12th standard, for taking up coaching as a self-employment avenue, including community sports coaching.

Setting up National Institute of Sports Science and Sports Medicine: Sports Science and Sports Medicine are, in the present era of competitive sports, at the core of preparation of teams and athletes for improved performance in international sports. No country, which wishes to achieve a certain standing in the sporting world, can afford to ignore the role and importance of sports science and sports medicine.

The Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports has set up an Expert Group in February 2011 with the following terms of reference:

- (i) To set up a Centre of Excellence for the education and research in Sports Sciences in the national endeavour to improve sporting performances.
- (ii) To be a comprehensive Centre for evaluation, prevention and treatment for sportsperson.
- (iii) To provide a Centre of Faculty exchange, Collaboration and Research among various Sports Universities of the World; and
- (iv) To ensure assessment of sports specific nutritional requirement of athletes and to ensure availability of certified nutritional supplements/herbal nutraceuticals.

The Expert Group recommended:

To upgrade the existing sports science and medicine facilities at SAI Centres on priority to fulfill immediate need of London Olympics 2012, Commonwealth Games 2014 and Asian Games 2014.

To setup the New Institute viz., National Institute of Sports Science and Medicine (NISSM) as Centre of Excellence by providing highly integrated, quality-assured services (testing), the development of leading experts (training) who will subsequently drive innovation and share knowledge (research & cooperation) to positively impact sporting performance.

While examining the need for having a separate Sports Science and Medicine Institute at national level, the Expert Group has taken note of the gaps in the existing set up in SAI in terms of manpower and equipment deficiency and made specific recommendations to fill in those gaps for giving immediate support to elite sports persons. The Expert Group has also stated clearly that there should be no overlap between upgrading of facilities for Sport Sciences and Sport Medicine within SAI and setting up of a National Institute for Sport Sciences and Sport Medicine, as the two would meet two distinct objectives

Role of the new Institute will be:

Treatment and rehabilitation of the Sportspersons.

To provide testing services for the sportspersons.

Performance enhancement through use of sports sciences.

Inter-disciplinary research in the field of Sports Science and Medicine.

Accreditation and certification of physical trainer /Masseurs/nutritionists/physiotherapists/

psychologists through a Quality Assurance Department which will also take care of the accreditation of testing laboratories and training courses.

To provide certification of food supplements to support anti-doping activities

Dissemination of sports science/sports medicine information.

International cooperation and collaboration.

The proposed Institute will also be awarding following academic and certificate courses:

MD, DSM in Sports Medicine

Doctorate Degree in relevant discipline

Integrated Ph.D. programme in relevant discipline

Certificate courses in relevant discipline

The Ministry has examined the report of the Expert Group and is taking necessary steps for setting up of National Institute of Sports Science and Sports Medicine within Jawahar Lal Nehru Stadium Complex at New Delhi and for upgradation of sports science and medicine facilities at SAI's Headquarters at Delhi, 9 Regional centres and 80 STC Centres.

Preparation for London Olympics 2012: Launch of “Operation Excellence for London Olympics” (OPEX) 2012



Indian athletes put up a commendable and impressive performance in the Commonwealth Games 2010 and the Asian Games 2010. Now our athletes have set their eyes on London Olympics 2012 and the country is quite hopeful that they would again make the country proud by their performance at the forthcoming Olympics 2012.

With a view to prepare athletes and teams for London Olympics 2012, the Government has launched Project 'Operation Excellence for London Olympics 2012' (OPEX 2012) under which Core probables have been identified and are also being provided comprehensive and intensive training, both within the country and abroad as well as competition exposure in International Sports competitions. Funds for preparation of athletes for London Olympics are being provided at norms, which are at par with scales for Commonwealth Games 2010, with further upscaling in certain areas, such as lodging, nutrition, scientific support and daily allowance. The budget for OPEX London 2012 is pegged at Rs. 258.39 crore of which Rs. 111.19 crore, have been spent till November 30, 2011. While Rs. 64.10 crore has been spent on foreign exposure of athletes in different disciplines, Rs. 46.09 crore has been spent on their coaching camps and coaches. The Government will spare no efforts in providing all possible help for preparation of our athletes for London Olympics.

Till January 2012, 29 sportspersons (20 men and 9 women) in the disciplines of archery, athletics, boxing, shooting and swimming have qualified for participation in London Olympics 2012. Names of the sportspersons who have qualified for London Olympics 2012 till January 2012 are given in **Annexure-XIII**.

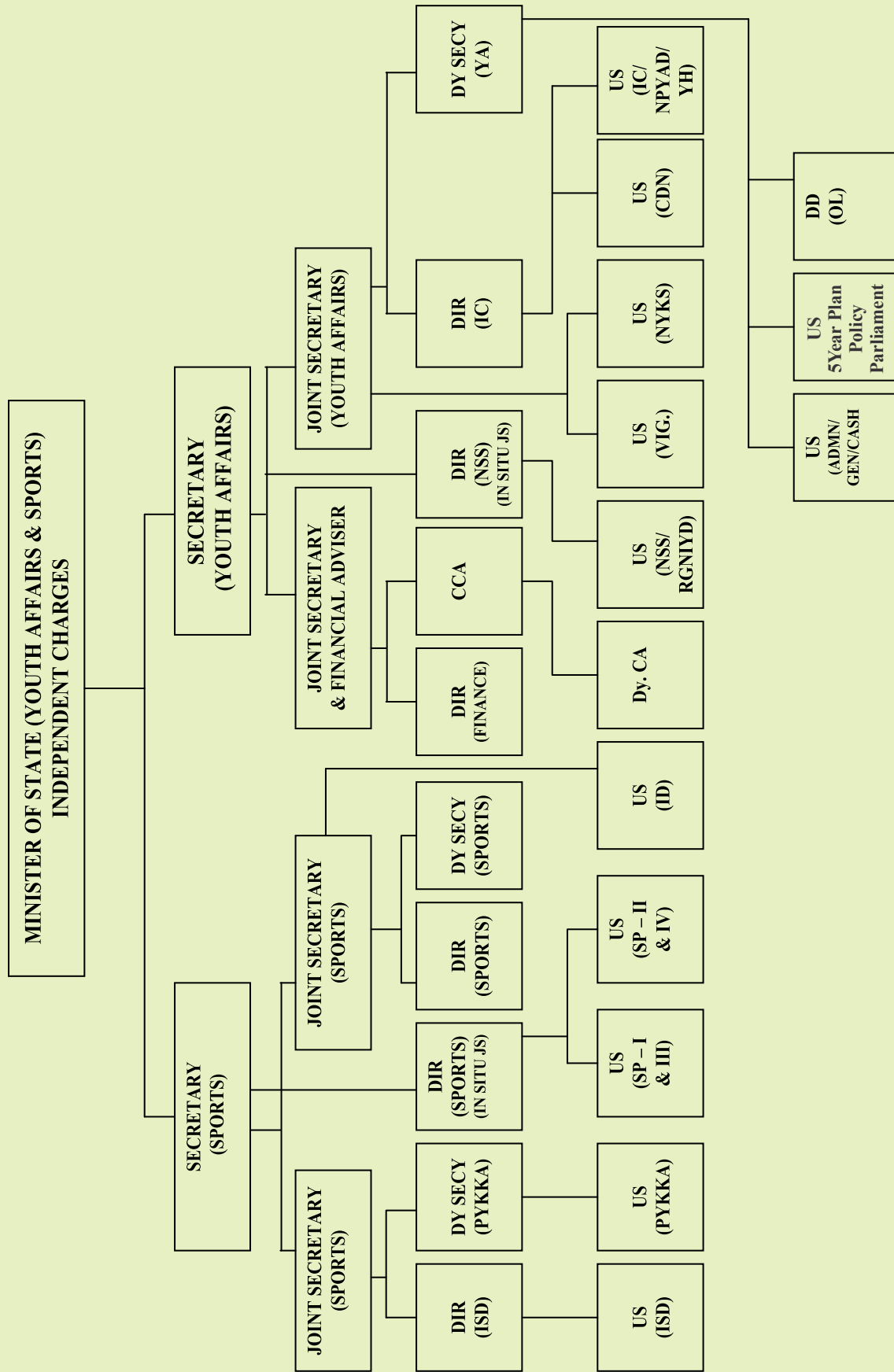
★★★★★

ANNEXURES



ORGANISATIONAL CHART

ANNEX - I



Legends

FA	-	Financial Adviser			
\$	-	(JS & FA is Common for M/o Coal, M/o Mines)	YS	-	Youth Services
CCA	-	Chief Controller of Accounts	US	-	Under Secretary
DCA	-	Dy Controller of Accounts	DD	-	Deputy Director
YA & A	-	Youth Affairs and Administration	OL	-	Official Language
IC	-	International Cooperation	NSS	-	National Service Scheme
NPYAD	-	National Programme for Youth and Adolescent Development	Admn	-	Administration
CDN/Coord	-	Coordination	Parl.	-	Parliament
SP	-	Sports	NYKS	-	Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan
ISD	-	International Sports Division	Gen	-	General
Vig.	-	Vigilance	PG	-	Public Grievances
SAI	-	Sports Authority of India	Dy. Secy.-		Deputy Secretary

FINANCIAL OUTLAY 2012-13

The financial outlays for Budget Estimates 2011-12 and Revised Estimates 2011-12 and Budget Estimates for 2012-13 are reflected in the following Table.

Statement showing Budget Estimates & Revised Estimates 2011-12 and Budget Estimates 2012-13:

(Rs. In Crores)

S. No.	Name of Scheme	Budget Estimates 2011-12		Revised Estimates 2011-12		Budget Estimates 2012-13	
		Plan@	Non-Plan	Plan@	Non-Plan	Plan@	Non-Plan
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Department of Youth Affairs:						
A.	Youth Welfare Scheme						
1	National Service Scheme	90.00	6.87	71.75	6.87	80.00	6.87
2	Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan	105.00	29.50	104.47	29.50	105.00	29.50
3	National Discipline Scheme	00.00	2.67	0.00	2.67	0.00	2.00
4	Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development	11.00	0.90	11.00	0.90	20.00	0.90
5	National Youth Corps (erstwhile National Volunteers Scheme)	58.00	0.00	49.43	0.00	63.50	0.00
6	National Programme for Youth & Adolescent Development	25.00	0.50	23.00	0.00	23.00	0.00
7.	Youth Hostels	5.00	0.00	2.50	0.00	2.00	0.00
8.	Scouting & Guiding	2.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.50	0.00
9.	Exchange of Delegation of Youth at International level	3.35	0.85	12.00	0.85	4.85	0.85
10.	Commonwealth Youth Programme	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00
11.	Contribution to UNV Programme	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10
12.	National / Regional Youth Centre	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL YOUTH WELFARE SCHEMES	300.00	41.39	275.00	40.79	300.00	40.22

@ - including NE Region

S. No.	Name of Scheme	Budget Estimates 2011-12		Revised Estimates 2011-12		Budget Estimates 2012-13	
		Plan@	Non-Plan	Plan@	Non-Plan	Plan@	Non-Plan
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Department of Sports:						
B	Sports and Physical Education@:						
1.	Sports Authority of India	250.90	51.90	250.90	40.17	288.00	44.39
2.	Lakshmbai National University of Physical Education	30.00	9.63	25.00	8.87	30.00	8.87
3.	Incentive for promotion of Sports Activities						
3.1	Awards	4.00	0.00	14.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
3.2	Meritorious pension	2.00	0.00	3.50	0.00	110.00	0.00
4.	Assistance to Promotion of Sports Excellence					0.50	
4.1	Assistance to National Sports Federation	100.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	110.00	0.00
4.2	Scheme relating to Talent Search & Training	10.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
5.	Promotion of Sports among Disabled	5.50	0.00	4.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.	Commonwealth Games, 2010	0.10	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
7.	National Welfare Fund for Sports persons	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.35	0.00	1.00
8.	Arjuna Award	0.00	1.10	0.00	1.10	0.00	1.10
9.	Dhyanchand Award	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.20
10.	Dronacharya Award	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.32
11.	Physical Education Grants to NCC/Public Residential schools	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10
12.	Payment to CPWD for Arbitration Award	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13.	Anti Doping Activities	17.50	0.00	3.50	0.00	4.00	0.00
14.	National Sports Development Funds	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
15.	Panchayat Yuv Krida aur Khel Abhiyan	225.00	0.00	165.20	0.00	235.00	0.00
16.	Urban Sports Infrastructure Scheme (erstwhile Nagar Palika Yuv Krida aur Khel Abhiyan)	50.00	0.00	40.50	0.00	40.00	0.00
17.	National Institute of Sports Science and Sports Medicine	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
18.	National Institute of Coaching Education	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
19.	Scheme of preparation of Teams for International events	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
20.	National Physical Fitness Programme Resource Centre at LNUPE, Gwalior	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
	TOTAL SPORTS AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION	700.00	64.67	609.00	51.01	741.00	55.98

@ - including NE Region

S. No.	Name of Scheme	Budget Estimates 2011-12		Revised Estimates 2011-12		Budget Estimates 2012-13	
		Plan@	Non-Plan	Plan@	Non-Plan	Plan@	Non-Plan
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
C	Other Programmes						
1.	Expenditure on Seminar, Committees Meetings etc.	0.00	0.42	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.28
	Total: Other Programmes	0.00	0.42	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.28
D	Secretariat social Services	0.00	14.52	0.00	13.92	0.00	14.52
	GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C+D):	1000.00	121.00	884.00	106.00	1041.00	111.00

@ - including NE Region

ANNEX - III

A statement showing the status of non-submission of UCs in respect of Grants-in-Aid sanctioned to VOs/NGOs for the last three years from 2008-09 to 2010-11 year-wise under NPYAD Scheme.

2008-09

Gujarat

Sl.No.	Name of the Organisation	Outstanding Amount
1.	Shree Gurudev Khadi Seva Sangh, Village Gandhinagar, PO Gandhinagar, Taluka Gandhinagar, Sector 6, Gujarat 382006.	1,19,000/-
2.	V.N. Patel Gramvikas Trust, 402, Sapna Appartment, Adarsh High School Raod Comer, PO Patan, Gujarat 384265.	2,13,500/-
3.	Naisargik Turst, Palanpur, Village Palanpur, Distt. Banaskantha, Gujarat 385001.	96,500/-
4.	Pujya Mahatma Gandhi Ravat Seva Trust, Village Mandali, PO Mandali, Gujarat, Distt. Mahesana 384130.	1,09,000/-
5.	Sarvajanik Vikas Parishad, Vill. Kalo, Distt. Gandhinagar, Gujarat 382721, Gujarat 382721.	32,500/-
Assam		
6.	Janakalyan Khadi Gramodyog Unnayan Kendra, Alakapur Jarabari, Alikuchi, morigaon, Assam	29,250/-
West Bengal		
7.	Hindustan Park Social Care Foundation, 51-Hindustan Park, Post Box No.16290, Kolkata	32,500/-

2009-10

Maharashtra

Sl. No.	Name of the Organisation	Outstanding Amount
1.	Sahiyadri Gramin Vikas Wa Bahu Uddeshiya Yuvak Kalyan Sanstha, District Nagpur	32,500/-
2.	Pragat Mahila Mandal, Distt. Latur	64,000/-
3.	Jan Seva Education Society, Distt. Latur	64,000/-
West Bengal		
4.	Community for Social Work, Rabindrapalli, 24 Parganas North	64,000/-
5.	Haripur Dr. Ambedkar Janseva Mission, Nabagram, Murshidabad	1,76,875/-
6.	Deepalaya, AK Paul Road, Kolkata	64,000/-
7.	SHOHAN, Shyam Bazar, Distt. Kolkata	65,000/-
8.	Durbachakri Peoples Welfare Association, Distt. Purba Medinipur	64,000/-
9.	Dam Dama Manab Kalyan Ashram (DMKA), Distt. South 24 Parganas	86,500/-
10.	Udairampur Nivedita Mahila Samiti, Distt. South 24 Parganas	65,000/-
Himachal Pradesh		
11.	MDV Jeev Sewa Sansthan, Distt. Solan	1,19,000/-
Assam		
12.	Institute of Management Resource Development, GNB Road, Distt. Nagaon	1,14,000/-
13.	Prahar, Distt. B. M. Road Nagaon	1,46,250/-
14.	Sankalpa, Distt. Sivasagar	64,000/-
15.	Ata Bhowkamari Society Development Association, Distt. Barpeta	86,500/-
Nagaland		
16.	Tribal Farmers Association, Ngwalwa, Distt. Paren	64,000/-

2010-11

Delhi

Sl.No.	Name of the Organisation	Outstanding Amount
17.	National Youth Project, New Delhi	25,00,000/-
18.	Urivi Vikram Charitable Trust, New Delhi	5,00,000/-
Bihar		
19.	Anuragh Narayan College, Boring Road, Distt. Patna	1,50,000/-
Himachal Pradesh		
20.	Atal Bihari Vajpeyee Institute of Mountaineering & Allied Sports, Manali	7,50,000/-

ANNEX - IV

STATEMENT SHOWING IMPORTANT AUDIT OBSERVATIONS MADE AVAILABLE BY THE OFFICE OF C&AG OF DETAILS OF THE PENDING CAG AUDIT PARAS AND ACTION TAKEN THEREON

STATEMENT SHOWING DETAILS OF PENDING C & AG AUDIT PARAS AND CURRENT STATUS THEREON.

Sl.No.	Report No. and Year	Para No. or Chapter No.	Brief subject or summary of observations	Current status of Action Taken Notes
1.	38 of 2010-11	Para 9.1	Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development continued to pay House Rent Allowance and City Compensatory Allowance to its employees at Chennai rates even after the Institute was shifted to Sriperumbdur, an unclassified town which resulted in irregular excess expenditure of Rs.67.11 lakh.	The Institute has been requested for submission of Action Taken Note which is awaited.
2.	6 of 2011-12	Chapter 16 and 17	<i>Enclosed in Annexure as informed by MOF.</i>	Action on the Entire Report No.6 of 2011-12 of C & AG of India is under progress.

Summary of important audit observations printed in the report of the CAG of India Union Government (Civil) No.6 of 2011-12-Audit report on XIX Commonwealth Games (Chapter 16 &17)

Chapter 16

Common Issues in Venue Development

There were delays relating to venue development at all stages- planning delays on account of late preparation/approval of venue briefs, return briefs, and concept design; delays in tendering and contract award; and delays in works execution and handover.

In the absence of in-house design skills, the venue owners/implementing agencies were dependent on external design consultants. There were considerable variations in the performance of these consultants. We noticed that where the role of the foreign partner in the design consultants consortia (with relevant experience in design of sports stadia) was less, there were significant deficiencies in design inputs for execution.

Different implementation agencies followed different processes for award of major construction works. CPWD awarded most of the venue development contracts on item-rate basis, which is the preferred method as per the CPWD manual, since it is best suited to deviations from the original scope of work. Two major works, were, however, awarded on lump sum basis. Large number of extra/substituted items and deviations in these works tended to change the very essence of the contract. PWD, GNCTD awarded most of its works on percentage rates tenders. This method of tendering is acceptable, only when the major portion of work is on account of items included in the Delhi Schedule of Rates (DSR), which was not the case in most of the venue development works.

Deficiencies in the process for award of major works related mainly to pre-qualification and eligibility. The pre-qualification of bidders separately for each venue not only introduced arbitrariness and inconsistencies in eligibility criteria, but also delayed the process of award and execution. Considering the similar nature of works for sports venue, we believe that a common pre-qualification process should have been conducted.

We found several deficiencies in the process of “justification” for awarding works at substantially higher amounts than the cost estimates. There were also numerous instances of deviations (quantity deviations, extra items, and substituted items) from the original scope of work, with adverse implications in terms of increased cost and delays.

We found numerous instances of delays in achieving the milestones listed in the contract, for which adequate penal action was taken, and Extensions of Time (EOTs) not managed properly.

A key element of cost escalation is labour wage escalation. We found several deficiencies in the application of this escalation clause. In our opinion, although such payments are in the nature of compensation, the payments are routinely made as per a specified formula and there is no mechanism to verify that payment is made for labour actually engaged by the contractor/sub-contractor. In order to ensure that the benefit of increased minimum wages reaches the actual beneficiary, we recommend that such payments should be made only on production of proof of unskilled labour, actually engaged, duly authenticated by the Labour Welfare Department.

(Chapter 17)

Venues developed by Central Public Works Department

1. General Issues

CPWD was engaged by the Sports Authority of India (SAI) for upgradation/renovation of five competition venues- Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium, Dr. SP Mukherjee Stadium, Major Dhyan Chand National Stadium, Indira Gandhi Indoor Stadium and Dr. Karni Singh Shooting Range, as well as one training venue- DPS, RK Puram. In addition, CPWD renovated the Kadarapur Shooting Range on behalf of CRPF.

We found that the appointment of Consulting Engineering Services (CES) as the main design consultant for the five main stadia was seriously flawed. CES was favoured at the evaluation stage by award of marks on “concept design” (which were largely outputs of a previous set of consultancy contracts for “condition survey” awarded to CES). Further, the technical qualification of CES on the basis of “concept design” is all the more surprising, since the OC's consultant, EKS was engaged only in November 2006 and thereafter prepared the venue briefs, on the basis of which “concept design” were to be prepared. The performance of CES in almost all the venue consultancy contracts was abysmal.

A centralized Co-ordination Committee, chaired by Chairman, OC and including representatives from venue owners/implementing agencies, was responsible for selection of brands of sports surfaces. We found clear instances of favouritism and bias shown by this Committee (Which was largely guided by the OC) in selecting sport surfaces for athletic tracks, hockey turf and badminton court mats.

A joint tendering mechanism was put in place of selection of agencies for laying the sports surfaces at the venues. We found serious deficiencies in the award of the contract for laying of synthetic athletic track surfaces by CPWD to Shiv Naresh Sports Pvt. Ltd. The restrictive tendering conditions resulted in a situation where the awarded rates were much higher than comparative quoted for similar works. We also found that the area over which the synthetic track was laid included 9,130 sqm outside the main track and area of final warm-up and call rooms at JLN Stadium at a cost of Rs.6.63 crore. We are unable to derive assurance that this additional quality was required for the Games, and confirmed as such by OC. We also found deficiencies in the quality of the main competition track during our field visits in November, 2010.

A joint tendering mechanism was evolved for supply and installation of VVIP/VIP chairs and media chairs for five venues. We found a systematic pattern of calculations and re-calculations for inflation of rates, which ultimately benefited the vendor, Superior Furnitures.

We found excessive “redundancy” in power supply arrangements for the venues, including installation of DG Sets as permanent fixtures, installation of UPS, and hiring of additional DG sets of huge capacity by OC.

2. Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium

In Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium, we found instances of non-adjustment for work not executed, extra payments for work already covered by the scope of the lumpsum contract, and non-levy of compensation for delayed completion of the work of the membrane roof. We found deficiencies in execution of work in the construction of the weightlifting auditorium at JNS, and common areas.

3. Dr. SPM Swimming Pool Complex

The main work of Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee Swimming Pool Complex was awarded on lumpsum contract. We found a number of concessions to the contractor, in deviation from the spirit of the lumpsum contract- large number of extra items, additional payment for work covered in the original contract, as well as substitution of the original galvalume roof with an aluminum roofing system, due to the failure of the contractor. The essence of the lumpsum character of the contract was, thus, defeated. There were also instances of poor quality of work execution.

4. IG Stadium Complex

Work at the Indira Gandhi Stadium Complex involved upgration/construction of venues for cycling, gymnastics and wresting. We found that a firm, otherwise ineligible for the composite work of the indoor cycling velodrome, was irregularly qualified. Strangely, competition for laying the permanent timber track for the velodrome was limited to Indian furniture contractors (in association with an international track design and construction expert), with no attempt to float international tenders. This was compounded by dilution of eligibility criteria. There were deficiencies in the bidding process for the wrestling stadium, ultimately resulting in a single financial bid, which raises concerns on the competitiveness of the bidding process. Numerous irregularities/relaxations in the tendering process for different works relating to gymnastics stadium, hostel/media centre and roads, boundary wall etc. to favour a particular bidder, Swadeshi Construction Co. was also observed.

5. Major Dhyan Chand Stadium

In the case of the Major Dhyan Chand Stadium, audit revealed dilution of pre-qualification criteria benefiting a particular contractor. Estimates were lowered substantially from the RFQ to the RFP stage, which may have discouraged larger companies from participating. We also found that the 'justified' rates calculated by the CPWD did not truly reflect the market, as there was evidence of much lower rates for components of the main work outsourced agencies. Also despite

additional cost for reduced time period for completion factored into the “justification’ process, the project took 37 months, against the stipulated 18 months. There were inexplicable delays, with re-tendering twice along with dilution of bid criteria, in award of the work of the PA system to a firm, which was found ineligible in the first and second rounds of tendering.

6. Other Venues developed by CPWD

The originally envisaged renovation/upgradation of Dr. Karni Singh Shooting Range was changed to reconstruction of ranges, creating a squeeze of time at the execution stage. There were deficiencies in the quality of work executed, which persisted even after the Games. We also found certain deficiencies in the execution of works at the Kadarpur Shooting Range. The training facilities to be constructed at the CRPF campus, Jharoda Kalan for police sportspersons for participations for participation in CWG-2010, had not been completed.

LIST OF CONSTRUCTED YOUTH HOSTELS

(As on 01.02.2012)

S. No.	Name of State/UT	No. Of Youth Hostel Constructed	Location of Youth Hostel (s)
1.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1	Port Blair
2.	Andhra Pradesh	7	Nagarjunasagar, Secunderabad, Tirupathi, Vijayawada, Visakhapatnam, Vizianagaram, Warangal
4.	Assam	2	Guwahati, Tezpur
5.	Bihar	1	Patna
6.	Goa	2	Panaji, Pdam Mapusa
7.	Gujarat	1	Gandhinagar
8.	Haryana	7	Bhiwani, Gurgaon, Kurukshetra, Panchkula, Rewari, Sirsa, Yamuna Nagar
9.	Himachal Pradesh	1	Dalhousie
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	2	Patintop (Udhampur), Srinagar
11.	Karnataka	4	Hassan, Mysore, Sogalu, Tirthameshwar
12.	Kerala	3	Calicut (Kozhikode), Kochi (Ernakulam), Thiruvananthapuram
13.	Madhya Pradesh	3	Bhopal, Jabalpur, Khajuraho.
14.	Maharashtra	1	Aurangabad
15.	Manipur	1	Imphal
16.	Meghalaya	1	Shillong
17.	Mizoram	1	Aizwal
18.	Nagaland	1	Dimapur
19.	Orissa	4	Gopalpur-on-Sea, Joshipur, Koraput, Puri
20.	Pondicherry	1	Pondicherry
21.	Punjab	6	Amritsar, Jalandhar, Patiala, Ropar, Sangrur, Tarn Taran
22.	Rajasthan	4	Ajmer, Jaipur, Jodhpur, Udaipur.
23.	Sikkim	1	Gangtok
24.	Tamil Nadu	5	Chennai, Madurai, Ooty, Thanjavaur, Trichy
25.	Tripura	1	Agartala
26.	Uttar Pradesh	2	Agra, Lucknow
27.	Uttaranchal	4	Badrinath, Mussoorie, Nainital, Uttarkashi,
28.	West Bengal	1	Darjeeling
	Total:	68	

ANNEX - VI

LIST OF YOUTH HOSTELS WHICH ARE TRANSFERRED TO NEHRU YUVA KENDRA SANGATHAN (NYKS)/NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME (NSS)/RESPECTIVE STATE GOVERNMENTS

(As on 01.02.2012)

S. No.	Name of State/UT	No. of Youth Hostel Constructed	Location of Youth Hostel (s)
1.	Arunachal Pradesh	1	Naharlagun
2.	Assam	2	Golghat, Naugaon
3.	Himachal Pradesh	1	Bilaspur.
4.	Jammu & Kashmir	1	Nagrota
5.	Maharashtra	1	Buldana
6.	Manipur	1	Ukhrul.
7.	Meghalaya	1	Tura.
8.	Nagaland	1	Mokokchung
9.	Sikkim	1	Namchi
10.	West Bengal	2	Churulia, Burdwan.
	Total:	12	

**LIST OF YOUTH HOSTELS WHICH ARE UNDER
CONSTRUCTION**

(As on 01.02.2012)

S. No.	Name of State/UT	No. of Youth Hostels being Constructed	Location of Youth Hostel (s)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1	Kadapa
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	1	Roing
3.	Manipur	2	Thoubal, Churachandpur
	Total:	4	

LIST OF NATIONAL YOUTH AWARD WINNERS 2010-11
(INDIVIDUAL)

Sl.No.	NAME & ADDRESS
ANDHRA PRADESH	
1.	Shri Edunuri Shankar H.NO.8-5-378, Sanjay Nager Godavarikhani-505209 Mdl: Ramagundam, Distt. Karimnagar Andhra Pradesh Mob:--9494721023, 09059941130
2.	Smt. A. Venkata Laxmi D/N 5-122/G.1, Near P.G. Centre, A.D.B. Road, Achaepeta Juneta Kakinada Road, East Godavari, AP Mobile No. 09949109889
3.	Shri K.H. Bhagawan Das Goutham 6-3-161/1, Prem Nagar, Khairatabad Hyderabad-500004, A.P. Mobile No.09848044052
ASSAM	
4.	Shri Bidyut Saikia Naba Prabhat (Orphanage & Oldage Home) Vill. & PO: Ketekibari, Distt. Sonitpur (Assam)-784145 Mobile No.09401490317
5.	Shri Dibyajyoti Das Gorchuk, Kalia Thakur Path PO & PA: Gorchuk, Distt. Kamrup Metro Guwahati 781035(Assam) Mobile No.09864800885, 09706523283

DELHI	
6.	Shri Bunt Solanki, G-Block, Basti Vikas Kendra, Mangol Puri-110083. Mobile No.9717237993, 8585924134
GOA	
7.	Ms. Kajal Chittaranjan Kerkar Aditya Apartments, Khadpabandh Ponda, Goa-403401. Mobile No.09420686397
GUJARAT	
8.	Ms. Rakhi Dineshchandra Pandya, Ashutosh , 85 Bileshwar Nagar, B/H Vaishali Cinema, Rameshwar Nagar Road, New Anjar (Kutch) Gujarat-370110. 02836 241024, Mobile No.09428076024
HARYANA	
9.	Shri Muslim, S/O Sh. Jabardin, Vill. Garhi Bharal, P.O. Barsat, The. Gharaunda, Distt. Karnal. Mobile No. 09466027786, 0991610398
10.	Smt. Seema Rani Village: Beechparhi, New Parkash Nagar, Old Police Post, Tehsil Camp, Panipat. Mobile No.09896004976, 09255128697
11.	Shri Subhash Dhigana VPO:Dhigana, Tehsil:Julana, Distt. Jind(Haryana) Mobile No.09466986245, 9813184245
J & K	
12.	Shri Vijay Kumar H.No.137, Ward No.9, Salehar Tehsil R.S. Pura Distt. Jammu, J&K-181111. Mobile No.09419216967, 09858273475, Phone No.01923247140
13.	Shri Raja Abdul Waheed R/o Balpora, PO:Balpora Tehsil & District-Shopian (J & K) Mobile No.09596117269

KARNATAKA	
14.	Shri Y. Chinnappa, Muthanallur Vill & Post Sarjapura Hobli, Anekal Taluk Banglore-560099 Mobile No.094496448619
KERALA	
15.	Shri Baburajan. N Nellyat House, Mankada Pallipuram P.O., Mankada , Via Malappuram Distt.-679324 Mobile No.09846436848
MADHYA PRADESH	
16.	Ms. Santoshi Tiwari Villag: Semli Khurd, Post: Bijori, Distt. Sehore, Madhya Pradesh-466001 Mobile No.09826912957
MAHARASHTRA	
17.	Shri Amit Ganpatrao Gorkhe, Plot No.GP-193, G Block, MIDC, Near Thermax Chowk, Sambhaji Nagar, Chinchwad, Puna-411019. 020-27370790, Mobile No.09822254678, 09822779980
18.	Smt. Nisha Vithoba Jadhav, House No. 381, Taluka & Distt. Ratnagiri, Maharashtra, Mobile No.09923590990
ORISSA	
19.	Ms. Jyosna Mayee Swain Pubagada, PO-Raghuagorada, Distt. Khordha, Via-Balipatna-752102 Mob.09439918725
RAJASTHAN	
20.	Shri Giriraj Kumar Rager Behind Old Block School, Dhanwara, Post: Jhalawad, Distt: Jhalawad, Rajasthan 326001 Mobile No.0982984320
21.	Shri Ram Dayal Sain Opposite Boochra Hospital, Vil & P ost - Bassi, Distt: Jaipur (Rajasthan) 303301 Mobile No.09928181808, 09314412181

UTTARAKHAND	
22.	Shri Pradeep Mahara Contact & Permanent Address:- Vill., Tehsil & Post; Berinag, Distt. Pithoragarh, Uttarakhand-262531. Phone No.05964-244646, Mobile No.09410479520, 09639109500
PUDUCHERRY	
23.	Shri M. Sadhish S/O N. Murugesan 5, Throwpathi Amman Koil Street, Pooranankuppam, Pudukkottai-605007, No.09655219436
WEST BENGAL	
24.	Ms. Rupali Biswas Brahmanpara, Ichapur, PO-Nawabgunj, PS-Noapara, Distt. 24 Parganas. Phone No.033-25619356, Mobile No.09830491688
25.	Shri Rishabh Jain Flat 7A/3, Mousumi Apartments 15B, B.C. Road, Kolkata-700019(WB) Mobile No.09874615302
MANIPUR	
26.	Shri Nepram Rajendra Singh Sagolband Nepra Manjor Leikai Imphal West ,Imphal -795001, Manipur Mobile No.09863640100
MEGHALAYA	
27.	Ms. Scaletty Lawriniang C/O S Sawkmie Nongmensong Langkerding Shillong-II Mobile No.09856089229
TRIPURA	
28.	Shri Joydeep Datta Village & PO- Golaghati, Block-Bishalgarh R.D. Block, PS-Takarjala, Distt. West Tripura-799102 Mobile No.09862187424

(VOLUNTARY ORGANIZATION)

ANDHRA PRADESH	
1	Action in Rural Technology and Service (ARTS) Peddapeta, Burja Mandal Srikakulam District-532455 Andhra Pradesh. Phone No.0894-259046 Mobile No.09440630945 (Mr. Nuka Sanyasi Rao, Secy)
RAJASTHAN	
2.	Navachar Sansthan Near Railway Station, Sudhir Puram, Kapsan Distt. Chittor Garh-312202(Rajasthan) Mobile No.09413315713 (Mr. Arun Kumawat)

ANNEX - IX

Statement indicating the grants released to National Sports Federations from the Scheme of Assistance to NSFs during last four years (including grants released from the Scheme of Preparation of Teams for CWG 2010 during 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11)

(Rs. in lakhs)

S. No.	Name of the Federation	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12 upto Dec. 2012
1	Athletics Federation of India, New Delhi	659.40	309.94	308.30	494.38
2	Archery Association of India, New Delhi	96.10	360.31	42.10	253.50
3	All India Chess Federation, Chennai	221.40	163.00	180.05	162.13
4	National Rifle Association of India, New Delhi	421.07	658.45	509.53	57.78
5	All India Tennis Association, New Delhi	137.62	263.81	256.64	11.29
6	Judo Federation of India, N. Delhi	62.55	49.66	62.33	110.37
7	Rowing Federation of India, Secunderabad	57.05	88.79	64.71	70.34
8	Table Tennis Federation of India, New Delhi	179.80	375.51	356.36	283.71
9	Swimming Federation of India, Ahmadabad	15.10	125.07	35.36	107.36
10	Squash Racket Federation of India, Chennai	57.49	168.25	146.54	68.40
11	Indian Amateur Boxing Federation, New Delhi	185.47	174.30	165.89	309.75
12	Organizations relating to the discipline of Hockey (Men) & (Women)	346.42	762.82	435.76	423.05
13	Indian Weightlifting Federation, New Delhi	26.17	101.13	116.53	226.50
14	Badminton Association of India,	265.79	435.48	150.71	199.48
15	Equestrian Federation of India, New Delhi	86.26	5.05	0.00	0.00
16	All India Football Federation, Delhi	52.58	41.90	610.51	174.99
17	Indian Golf Union, New Delhi	18.24	16.43	41.69	23.53
18	Wrestling Federation of India, I.G. Stadium Delhi	316.78	470.00	153.98	573.51
19	Yachting Association of India, New Delhi	36.71	147.85	85.95	5.40

S. No.	Name of the Federation	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
20	Indian Amateur Kabaddi Federation, Jaipur	32.08	11.77	10.00	121.00
21	Volleyball Federation of India, Chennai	63.51	73.91	150.53	84.68
22	Gymnastics Federation of India, Jodhpur	18.54	87.80	18.43	130.42
23	Amateur Handball Federation of India, J & K	72.38	13.55	46.44	78.70
24	Basketball Federation of India, N Delhi	44.52	61.60	24.24	227.89
25	Fencing Association of India, Patiala	24.75	30.56	174.06	36.06
26	Indian Kayaking & Canoeing Association, New Delhi	30.51	26.21	0.00	185.72
27	All India Sports Council of the Deaf, New Delhi	42.38	23.98	47.65	75.82
28	Paralympic Committee of India, Bangalore	40.10	142.83	221.39	13.38
29	Special Olympic Bharat, New Delhi	53.30	3.81	12.00	285.89
30	All India Carrom Federation, New Delhi	19.09	13.58	23.77	10.96
31	All India Karate-Do-Federation, Chennai	0.00	0.00	10.18	0.00
32	Amateur Baseball Federation of India, , Delhi	11.00	12.49	14.75	12.75
33	Atya Patya Federation of India, Nagpur.	16.50	5.92	12.00	10.50
34	Ball Badminton Federation of India,	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
35	Cycle Polo Federation of India, New Delhi	15.90	9.34	7.76	12.00
36	Indian Body Building Federation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
37	Indian Polo Association, N. Delhi	4.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
38	Indian Power lifting Federation, Jameshpur	16.00	11.50	0.00	0.00
39	Kho-kho Federation of India, Kolkata	0.00	4.50	7.50	16.50
40	Korfball Federation of India, New Delhi.	12.72	13.31	5.50	2.50
41	Netball Federation of India, Delhi	18.78	65.00	0.00	0.00
42	Roller Skating Federation of India, Kolkata	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
43	Sepak Takraw Federation of India, Nagpur.	12.00	8.00	12.00	12.00

S. No.	Name of the Federation	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
44	Shooting Ball Federation of India, New Delhi	9.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
45	Softball Federation of India, Indore	0.00	12.25	13.75	11.75
46	Taekwondo Federation of India, Bangalore	0.00	11.89	55.10	76.14
47	Tenni-Koit Federation of India, Bangalore	16.50	9.00	19.75	15.25
48	Tennis Ball Cricket Federation of India, Gorakhpur.	16.00	5.00	9.00	8.50
49	Tug of War Federation of India, New Delhi	6.00	9.75	16.00	11.25
50	Wushu Association of India, New Delhi	31.24	30.91	0.00	90.56
51	Throwball Fedn. Of India, Bangalore	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
52	Billiards & Snooker Federation of India, Kolkatta	37.02	38.87	50.11	50.20
53	Indian Rugby Football Union, Mumbai	0.00	2.02	1.41	0.00
54	Winter Games Federation of India, New Delhi	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
55	Cycling Federation of India, Delhi	0.00	49.78	82.34	0.00
57	Malkhamb Federation of India	9.00	0.16	11.50	0.00
58	Amateur Soft Tennis Federation of India, Ahemdabad	6.86	10.75	14.75	11.75
59	Bridge Federation of India	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
60	Ice Hockey (NSPO), New Delhi	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
61	School Games Federation of India, Bhopal	13.36	43.54	5.20	0.00
62	Indian Olympic Association, New Delhi	238.96	204.00	1324.60	39.54
63	Sports Authority of India, J.N. Stadium, N. Delhi	1000.00	2000.00	3700.16	322.00
64	Association of Indian Universities (NSPO)	0.00	158.45	381.00	160.89
65	Tenpin Federation of India	0.00	0.00	55.10	0.00
66.	Bowling Federation of India	1.82	56.86	64.27	0.00

ANNEX - X

STATEMENT SHOWING FOREIGN COACHES APPOINTED DURING 2011-2012

Sr. No.	Discipline	Name	Country
1.	Athletics (Sprint)	Mr. Dmytro Vanyaikin	Ukraine
2.	Athletics (Sprints & Hurdles	Mr. Anatolii Varda	Ukraine
3.	Athletics (High Jump)	Mr. Ievgen Nikitin	Ukraine
4.	Athletics (Walking)	Mr. Artsybashev Alexander	Russia
5.	Athletics (Long & Triple Jump)	Mr. Evgeney Shivilli	Italy
6.	Boxing	Mr. B.J.I. Fernandez	Cuba
7.	Basketball (Men)	Mr. Kenneth Wayne Natt	USA
8.	Basketball (Women)	Mr. Peter Gaudet	USA
9.	Badminton	Mr. Edwin Iriawan	Indonesia
10.	Badminton	Mr. Rizqi Budi Raharjo	Indonesia
11.	Judo (Women)	Mr. Csak Jozsef	Hungary
12.	Hockey (Men)	Mr. Micheal Jack Nobbs	Australia
13.	Shooting (Rifle events)	Mr. Lapidus Stanislav	Kazakhstan
14.	Shooting (Trap events)	Mr. Marcello Dradi	Italy
15.	Squash	Mr. Singaraveloo Subramaniam	Malaysia
16.	Taekwando	Mr. Sangkeun Jun	South Korea
17.	Table Tennis	Mr. Leszek Kucharski	Poland
18.	Yachting	Mr. Peter David Conway	England
19.	Wrestling (Free Style)	Mr. Vladimir Mestrivishvili	Georgia
20.	Wrestling ((Greco Roman)	Mr. Emzar Makharadze	Georgia
21.	Wrestling	Mr. Roin Debornidze	Goergia
	(for Female Wrestlers)		

**DETAILS OF ASSISTANCE PROVIDED FROM NATIONAL SPORTS
DEVELOPMENT FUND (NSDF)**

Sl. No.	Name of the sportsperson assisted from NSDF	Purpose for which assistance provided	Amount (in Rs)
2001-2002			
1.	Shri Abhinav Bindra, Shooter	Training abroad	10,00,000
		Total	10,00,000
2002-2003			
1.	Shri Abhinav Bindra, Shooter	Training abroad	5,00,000
2.	Shri Anil Kumar, Athlete	- do -	5,00,000
3.	Ms. Bobby Aloysius, Athlete	- do -	7,50,000
		Total	7,50,000
2003-2004			
1.	Ms. Anju Bobby George, Athlete	Training abroad	14,91,505
2.	Lt. Col. Rajyavardhan Rathore, Shooter	- do -	78,23,496
3.	Shri Abhinav Bindra, Shooter	- do -	1,90,000
4.	Ms. Bobby Aloysius, Athlete	- do -	18,67,531
5.	Shri Anil Kumar, Athlete	- do	8,37,794
		Total	1,22,10,326
2004-2005			
1.	Shri Mansher Singh, Shooter	Training abroad	13,28,108
2.	Shri Manavjit Singh Sandhu, Shooter	- do -	7,99,390
3.	Shri Anwer Sultan, Shooter	- do -	5,17,573
4.	Shri Gagan Narang, Shooter	- do -	5,90,549
5.	Ms. Suma Shirur, Shooter	- do -	2,73,213
6.	Shri Abhinav Bindra, Shooter	- do -	13,42,506
7.	Ms. Bobby Aloysius, Athlete	- do -	7,94,071
8.	Lt.Col. Rajyavardhan Rathore, Shooter	- do -	5,89,932
		Total	62,35,342

2005-2006			
1.	Shri Gagan Narang, Shooter	Training abroad	1,92,422
2.	Lt. Col. Rajyavardhan Singh Rathore, Shooter	- do -	32,94,077
3.	Shri Anwer Sultan, Shooter	- do -	1,27,301
4.	Shi Manavjit Singh Sandhu, Shooter	- do -	1,28,032
5.	Ms. Anju Bobby George, Athlete	- do -	71,154
6.	Shri Mansher Singh, Shooter	- do -	1,00,662
7.	Shri Moraad Ali Khan, Shooter	- do -	9,00,000
8.	Rural Development Foundation	For purchase of Archery equipment	6,03,493
		Total	54,17,141
2006-07			
1.	Shri Manavjit Singh Sandhu, Shooter	Training abroad	21,62,425
2.	Shri Mansher Singh, Shooter	- do -	8,35,041
3.	Shri Ronjan Sodhi, Shooter	- do -	13,18,013
4.	Shri Anwer Sultan, Shooter	- do -	8,32,471
5.	Shri Abhinav Bindra, Shooter	- do -	37,02,661
6.	Shri Parimanjan Negi, Chess Player	- do -	7,59,463
		Total	96,10,074
2007-08			
1.	Shri Manavjit Singh Sandhu, Shooter	Training abroad	18,73,932
2.	Shri Mansher Singh, Shooter	-do-	16,32,578
3.	Shri Anwer Sultan, Shooter	-do-	4,32,887
4.	Ms. Suma Shirur, Shooter	-do-	5,86,124
5.	Shri Vikram Bhatnagar, Shooter	-do-	8,78,154
6.	Lt. Col. R.V. Rathore, Shooter	-do-	6,87,124
7.	Shri Parimarjan Negi, Chess Player	-do-	13,91,176
8.	Shri Ronjan Sodhi, Shooter	-do-	14,32,028
9.	Sports Authority of India	For construction of strong Room.	37,50,000 (<u>refunded since the project scrapped</u>)

10.	<u>Sports Authority of India</u>	Expenses in connection with the visit of Cuba delegation	3,08,774
11	Association of Indian Universities	Participation of Indian Universities contingent in the world Universities Games in Bangkok.	<u>30,68,993</u>
12.	NICSI	Development of Sports Software.	4,00,000
13.	Shri Virbhawal Khade, Swimming	For Training	3,20,590
14.	Shri Zoraver Singh Sandhu	For Training	3,94,890
15	Shri Abhinav Bindra	For Training	6,01,248
		Total	1,77,58,498
2008-09			
1-5	Ms. Avneet Kaur Ms. Anjali Bhagwat Sh. Gagan Narang Sh. Sanjeev Rajput Sh. Sumresh Jung (plus accompanying coaches)	For training	57,95,494
6.	Suma Shirur	-do-	2,90,027
7.	Sh. Anwar Sultan	-do-	1,43,165
8.	Sh. Vikram Bhatnagar	-do-	1,09,002
9.	Sh. Zoravar Singh	-do-	6,00,928
10.	Ms. Tania Sachdev	-do-	4,63,599
11.	Sh. Manavjit Singh Sandhu	-do-	43,75,418
12.	Sh. Mansher Singh	-do-	48,40,220
13.	Sh. Ronjan Sodhi	-do-	43,36,584
14.	Sh. Abhinav Bindra	-do-	9,81,229
15.	Sh. Parimarjan Negi	-do-	10,93,237
16.	Sh. Virbhawal Khade	-do-	10,30,656

17.	Sandeep Sejwal	-do-	3,44,045
18.	Shri Anup Sridhar	-do-	5,16,195
19.	Shri Naresh Kumar Sharma	-do-	28,12,904
20.	Rowing Federation of India	-do-	12,78,081
21.	Judo federation of India	-do-	4,45,744
22.	All India Tennis Association	-do-	29,14,560
23.	Indian Amateure Boxing Federation	-do-	11,64,158
24.	Expenses on domestic air travel of athletes to partipate in training	Expenses on domestic air travel	1,03,888
25.	Felicitation of nine members of Indian Football team in Melbourne Olympics 1956	Felicitation	16,31,691
26.	National Informatics Centre	For maintenance of sports software	1,50,000
		Total	3,54,20,825
2009-10			
1.	Sh. Anil Kumar	For training	6,40,977
2.	Sh. Parimarjan Negi	-do-	16,85,418
3.	Ms Tania Sachdev	-do-	6,73,869
4.	Sh. Abhinav Bindra	-do-	90,54,728
5.	Ms Anjali Bhagwat	-do-	90,177
6.	Ms Avneet Kaur	-do-	1,26,277
7.	Sh. Gagan Narang	-do-	1,16,973
8.	Sh. Sanjeev Rajput	-do-	1,17,511
9.	Sh. Sumresh Jung	-do-	64,801
10.	Sh. Manavjit Singh Sandhu	-do-	54,19,244
11.	Sh. Mansher Singh	-do-	34,50,038
12.	Sh. Ronjan Sodhi	-do-	47,20,986
13.	Sh. Naresh Kumar Sharma	-do-	16,36,489
14.	Sh. Shiva Keshavan	-do-	16,24,008
15.	Sh. Jamyang Namgial	-do-	8,69,322
16.	Sh. Tashi Lundup	-do-	7,56,805
17.	Sh. Anup Sridhar	-do-	73,808

18.	Dibrugarh University	Creation of Sports facilities in 10 affiliated colleges	1,36,00,000
19.	National Playing Fields Association of India (NPF AI)	As seed money to further the objectives of NPF AI	50,00,000
20.	Atal Bihari Vajpayee Institute of Mountaineering and Allied Sports, Manali (HP)	Procurement of skiing Equipments for taining/competition in Alpine/Grass skiing	75,00,000
21.	District Sports Council, Kurukshetra	For construction of Hostel for women hockey players	37,50,000
22.	Deputy Commissioner, Leh	To conduct a Polo tournament at Nubra Valley, Ladakh	75,000
23.	Rowing Federation of India	As part of preparation of players for Olympics	75,101
24.	Judo Federation of India	As part of preparation of players for Olympics	12,690
25.	National Informatics Centre	For maintenance of sports software	2,07,250
26.	National Women Hockey Players	Payment as incentive	90,20,000
		Total	7,03,61,472
2010-11			
1.	Sh. Parimarjan Negi	For training	5,05,208
2.	Sh. Abhinav Bindra	-do-	63,79,820
3.	Sh. Manavjit Singh Sandhu	-do-	61,48,666
4.	Sh. Mansher Singh	-do-	39,73,507
5.	Sh. Ronjan Sodhi	-do-	59,78,644
6.	Sh. Somdev Devvarman	-do-	6,19,005

7.	Leander Paes	-do-	22,08,675
8.	Baljit Singh	Medical Treatment for his eye injury	33,08,301
9.	Dibrugarh University	Sports Infrastructure	45,40,000
10.	Wrestling Federation of India	As part of preparation of players for Olympics	2,91,133
11.	Childlink India Foundation (Magic Bus)	Venue charges for Maidan Summit 2010 on Sports for Development national meet	1,16,400
12.	Tangkhul Naga Society	To conduct 4 th North East Tamchon Football tournament in New Delhi	3,00,000
13.	District Youth Services and Sports (Lahul & Spiti)	Construction of Ice Skating Rink at Kaza (Spiti)	3,11,090
14.	NS NIS, Patiala (Through Sports Authority of India)	For development of Hockey arena	96,82,000
15.	National Playing Fields Association of India	For development of 78 playfields in NDMC area	1,92,00,000
16.	International Paralympic Committee	5 athletes to participate in Paralympic competition in New Zealand	14,07,815
		Total	6,49,70,264

2011 - 12 (Upto 31.11.12)			
1.	Anil Kumar, Athlete	For Training	2,26,948
2.	Anup Sridhar, Badminton Player	-do-	38,515
3.	Parimarjan Negi, Chess Player	-do-	10,09,512
4.	Tania Sachdev, Chess Player	-do-	3,168
5.	Abhinav Bindra, Shooter	-do-	13,12,355
6.	Manavjit Singh Sandhu, Shooter	-do-	39,11,162
7.	Mansher Singh, Shooter	-do-	10,93,433
8.	Ronjan Sodhi, Shooter	-do-	41,00,817
9.	Somdev Devvarman, Tennis Player	-do-	18,49,448
10.	Om Prakash Singh Karhana, Athlete	-do-	30,12,089
11.	Krishna Poonia, Athlete	-do-	25,57,758
12.	Vikas Gowda, Athlete	For Training	25,82,165
13.	Mahesh Bhupathi, Tennis Player	-do-	15,65,324
14.	Sania Mirza, Tennis Player	-do-	6,09,836
15.	Rohan Bopanna, Tennis Player	-do-	6,11,836
16.	Yuki Bhambri, Tennis Player	-do-	4,25,293
17.	Mayookha Johny, Athlete	-do-	12,88,577
18.	4 Athletes (Preeja Sreedharan, Kavita Raut, O.P. Jaisha, Sudha Singh)	-do-	18,90,382
19.	9 Gymnasts (4 Men & 5 Women)	-do-	89,91,000
20.	Usha School of Athletics (Through Sports Authority of India)	To construct Athletic Track	4,92,00,000
21.	Indian Amateur Boxing Federation	Air fare and other expenses for participation of Indian Boxing Team in competitions in Indonesia and Kazakhstan	23,39,976

22.	Rural Development Foundation	Purchase of Archery equipments	31,302
23.	Atal Bihari Vajpayee Institute of Mountaineering and Allied Sports, Manali	Purchase of Skiing sets of different categories for training/competition purpose	24,99,646
24.	Tangkhul Naga Society	To conduct North East Tamchon Football tournament in New Delhi	5,00,000
25.	J & K Olympic Association	For organizing of Olympic Day Run in Srinagar, J & K	3,91,390
26.	Udbhav Sanskrit Evam Krida Sansthan	For organizing Kailashvasi Shrimant Madhavrao Scindia Memorial Udbhav Marathon	2,00,000
27.	Durand Football Tournament Society	To organize 104 th edition of Durand Football Tournament	18,75,000
		Total	9,41,16,932

**CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL SPORTS DEVELOPMENT
FUND FROM DIFFERENT ORGANISATIONS**

Year	Name of the source through which the funds have been raised (name of donor)	Amount donated (in Rs)	Matching govt contribution. (in Rs)
1998-99	-	-	2,00,00,000 (seed money)
Total (1998-99)		-	
1999-2000	Rural Electrification Power Corporation Ltd.	5,00,000	11,60,000
	Oriental Bank of Commerce	5,00,000	-
	M/S Balmer Lawrie & Co Ltd	1,00,000	
	Punjab National Bank	50,000	
	National Mineral Development Corporation	10,000	
Total (1999-2000)		11,60,000	
2000-01	Naptha Jhakri Power Corporation Ltd	2,00,000	1,25,00,000
	Power Finance Corporation	2,00,000	
	Contribution by Shri Kapil Dev few years ago but lying unutilized in the national welfare fund for sportspersons with interest transferred to nsdf with the consent of Shri Kapil Dev.	1,21,00,000	
Total (2000-2001)		1,25,00,000	
2001-02	HUDCO	25,00,000	25,00,000
Total (2001-2002)		25,00,000	
2002-03	-	-	
Total (2002-2003)		-	
2003-04	Punjab National Bank	5,00,000	19,46,050
	Export Import Bank of India	5,00,000	
	Bank of India	50,000	

	Chennai Petroleum Corporation Ltd.	1,00,000	
	North Eastern Electric Power Corporation of India	20,000	
	State Bank Of Mysore	25,000	
	National Mineral Development Corporation	25,000	
	Union Bank of India	1,00,000	
	State Bank of India	5,00,000	
	Central Bank of India	1,25,000	
	Shri K S Rana	300	
	Shri K P Kanhaiya	250	
	Shri S K Gupta	500	
Total (2003-2004)		19,46,050	
2004-05	Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd	5,00,000	19,83,599
	Videocon International Ltd	1,20,000	
	State Bank of Bikaner & Jaipur	20,000	
	Oriental Bank Of Commerce	3,00,000	
	Puzzolan Machinery Fabricators	4,00,000	
	Funds collected through flag distribution on national sports day	6,43,649	
Total (2004-2005)		19,83,649	
2005-06	Jindal Steel And Power Ltd	25,00,000	28,79,027
	Funds collected through flag distribution on national sports day	3,78,352	
Total (2005-2006)		28,78,352	
2006-07	Funds collected through flag distribution on national sports day	84,219	
Total (2006-2007)		84,219	
2007-08	Steel Authority of India Limited	1,00,00,000	5,00,00,000
	Board of Control for Cricket in India	15,00,00,000	
Total (2007-2008)		16,00,00,000	

2008-09	Board of Control for Cricket in India	35,00,00,000	10,25,00,000
Total (2008-2009)		35,00,00,000	
2009-10	RAI Foundation	10,00,000	8,12,00,000
	State Government of Madhya Pradesh	1,00,00,000	
	State Government of Haryana	1,00,00,000	
Total (2009-2010)		2,10,00,000	
2010-11	-	-	20,00,00,000
Total (2010-11)		-	
2011-12	State Government of Maharashtra	1,00,00,000	
	Jaypee Sports International Limited	10,00,00,000	
Total (2011-12)		11,00,00,000	
Grand Total		66,40,52,270	47,66,68,676

ANNEX – XIII

**LIST OF PLAYERS QUALIFIED FOR LONDON OLYMPICS, 2012
(till January 2012)**

S.No.	NAME OF THE PLAYER	NAME OF THE DISCIPLINE
1.	Ms. Laishram Bombayla Devi	Archery
2.	Ms. Deepika Kumari	
3.	Ms. Chekrovolu Swuro	
4.	Mr. Jayanta Talukdar	Archery
5.	Mr. Vikas Gowda	Athletics
6.	Mr. Gurmeet Singh	Athletics
7.	Mr. Babu Bhai Panucha	Athletics
8.	Mr. Om Prakash Singh Karhana	Athletics
9.	Ms. Mayookha Johny	Athletics
10.	Ms. Tintu Luka	Athletics
11.	Ms. Krishna Poonia	Athletics
12.	Mr. Ram Singh Yadav	Athletics
13.	Mr. Manoj Kumar	Boxing
14.	Mr. Devendro Singh	Boxing
15.	Mr. Jai Bhagwan	Boxing
16.	Mr. Vikas Krishan	Boxing
17.	Mr. Gagan Narang	Shooting
18.	Mr. Abhinav Bindra	Shooting
19.	Mr. Hariom Singh	Shooting
20.	Mr. Ronjan Sodhi	Shooting
21.	Mr. Vijay Kumar	Shooting
22.	Mr. Sanjeev Rajput	Shooting
23.	Ms. Anuraj Singh	Shooting
24.	Ms. Rahi Sarnobat	Shooting
25.	Ms. Shagun Choudhary	Shooting
26.	Mr. Manavjit Singh Sandhu	Shooting
27.	Mr. Imran Hassan	Shooting
28.	Mr. Virdhawal Khare	Swimming
29.	Mr. Sandeep Sejwal	Swimming



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NEW DELHI**